LUNATIC ASYLUMS—IRELAND.

THE

FIFTEENTH REPORT

ON THE

DISTRICT, CRIMINAL, AND PRIVATE LUNATIC ASYLUMS IN IRELAND:

WITH APPENDICES.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

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FIFTEENTH REPORT

ON THE

DISTRICT, CRIMINAL,

AND

PRIVATE LUNATIC ASYLUMS

IN IRELAND.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY JOHN, EARL OF KIMBERLEY,

LORD LIEUTENANT-GENERAL AND GENERAL GOVERNOR OF IRELAND.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,

WE have the honour to state for your Excellency's information that the general condition of the lunatic department of the public service in this country is most satisfactory. At the date of our last Annual Report the insane of all denominations, whether located in public or private institutions, amounted to 8,272. The number has increased considerably within the past year, as on the 31st December last there were 8,845 registered lunatics, placed as follows:— Total number of insane.

In Public Asylums,	4,835
In Private do.,	583
In Gaols,	505
In Poorhouses,	2,733
In Lucan, supported by Government,	64
In Central Asylum for Criminal Lunatics,	125

Of this aggregate 4,403 were males, and 4,442 were females.

Independent, however, of the above, very many are to be found throughout the provinces, more or less mentally affected, without suitable accommodation, and whose applications for admission into curative establishments cannot be complied with from want of room in them.

The provision now completed at Castlebar for 250 lunatics belonging to the county of Mayo, and for 300 at Letterkenny, chargeable to the county of Donegal, will not only meet the wants of each of these counties themselves, but by the abstraction of their patients from the asylums previously in common to them with Roscommon and Galway in the one case, and Londonderry in the other, will afford increased accommodation to the last-named counties.

In the course of the present year two other new asylums will

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Accommodation.

be opened, namely, one at Enniscorthy, for the county of Wexford, to accommodate 300 inmates, and one at Ennis, for the county of Clare, capable of receiving a similar number; by these means the districts with which they had been formerly connected, viz., Clare with Limerick, and Wexford with Kildare and Carlow, will be much diminished in area, so that the primitive asylums, henceforth restricted to a smaller population, will be sensibly relieved from their present overcrowded state.

In addition to the asylums just named, two more, for 300 patients each, are in process of construction—one at Monaghan, for the counties of Monaghan and Cavan, to be separated from Armagh, and the other at Downpatrick, for the county Down, to be separated from the Belfast district. We see, however, no prospect of these institutions being fully completed for occupation before the lapse of sixteen or eighteen months from the present time.

With the structures now erected, those in process of building, a suitable provision for the Richmond district—say, by an increase of 300 beds, and additions to, or modifications of, the Omagh, Carlow, Cork, Mullingar, and Armagh Asylums, we think that the insane poor of Ireland, with an aggregate accommodation in district asylums for 7,200 lunatics, supported by public taxation, would be as well, if not better, accommodated, in proportion to the general population, as the same class in any portion of the Empire.

Statistics.

On the 31st December, 1864, there were 4,729 insane persons maintained in district asylums: during the ensuing year, 1,291 were admitted; thus there were on the whole 6,020 under treatment. Of that number 596 were discharged cured, and 123 improved. The improved, who constituted nearly one-sixth of the discharged, were for the most part composed of persons taken home at the request of their friends; and of whom it may be said generally, that while some progress to recovery others relapse, and ultimately, upon application, are again received, as shown by the tables of re-admissions from one year to another, and which exhibit for the past twelve months 251 individuals, who at some previous period of their lives had been inmates of asylums.

Adverting to the results of treatment during the past year, it will be found that they vary but little from those already presented by us in our annual reports. The amount of cures, though small in proportion to the per-centage of inmates, is still fully equal to what obtains, under similar circumstances, in any other country. For the same difficulties, and the same drawbacks to successful treatment, *quoad* effecting absolute recovery, exist in all—the institutions themselves, in the course of time, becoming congested with chronic, or hopeless cases; so that, unless in those asylums in which ample provision had been made in the first instance to meet all legitimate demands, cases urgent for many reasons, but most of all from their curability if treated at once,

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are denied admission because there is not room for them, and thus are liable to lapse into a protracted or perhaps hopeless state of disease.

As it is, no less than 3,623 of the total in asylums are returned under the head of probably incurable, and the prospects of remedial treatment, as they regard restoration to sanity, are thus far limited; for while the cures, calculated on the admissions alone, reach 46·16 per cent., under existing circumstances, and calculated on the aggregate, they scarcely reach a third of that per-centage. Incurables.

This reference, brief as it is, to the curative action of asylums, will not, we trust, fail to bring under your Excellency's cognizance two facts—first, the necessity of an adequate provision to meet the remedial wants of the insane poor promptly, and when such provision is of paramount importance; secondly, the necessity that regularly constituted asylums, so expensive in their construction and maintenance, should be restricted to those whose maladies give reasonable hope of recovery, or who, from the prominent symptoms under which they labour, require constant supervision, both for their own protection and that of others. In short, that the accommodation provided in district asylums for the insane poor should not only be sufficient in extent, but that those institutions should have, as much as possible, the character of hospitals for the curative treatment of the insane, rather than of simple receptacles for their safe keeping.

As in England, so in this country, there must eventually be an intermediate place for a portion of the chronic or incurably insane, otherwise the building of asylums should go on *ad infinitum*, at a vast expenditure both for erection and maintenance. We think the difficulty admits of an economic and easy solution, as already defined by us—14 Report, pp. 16, 17—when referring to the condition of the insane in union workhouses:— Asylums for chronic cases.

"To obviate the disadvantages of this indifferent supervision, and establish a more regular system, whereby better accommodation being provided, the erection of auxiliary buildings to asylums might be avoided, it becomes a question whether now in the untenanted state of some workhouses, one in each small county, and two in the very large ones, such as Cork and Galway, might not, in open healthful localities, where there is land attached to them, have a portion of them fitted up in a plain way for epileptics, idiots, and the demented, chargeable of course to the unions at large from which they had been removed. We have already suggested a proposition somewhat similar to the present, and revert to it again from a more mature experience of the subject, and a desire to ameliorate the condition of every section of the insane in the speediest and most economic mode. Neither do we think that in our recommendation we wander from the principle of having special asylum provision, although much more expensive in its preparation and working, for the many who absolutely need it.

"If, for illustration sake, we take the county Kilkenny, having a population of 147,000 inhabitants, and an asylum for 170 patients,

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with its five unions, containing between them forty hopelessly demented and epileptic inmates, or an average of eight in each workhouse; our proposition would be, to place them all in one workhouse in the open country, such as that at Callan, having airy exercise grounds; to employ paid attendants, and that each patient should be charged to his own union at large. Thus an organization is at once founded at an extra cost to the county of certainly less than £300 a year, and, at the same time, a saving in the expense of treatment, enlargement, and of an additional staff at the asylum effected. In this manner, for all practical purposes, at a minimum cost to the ratepayers of the district, we derive material benefits, and do away with the opposition advanced by Poor Law Guardians against the admission of idiots and imbeciles into their respective workhouses from hospitals which should be mainly devoted to the treatment of lunacy, but which, when overcrowded with patients utterly fatuous, possessing a mere animal existence, no longer sustain the main object of their erection."

Management of Asylums.

The domestic management of district asylums in Ireland continues to be so regularly and formally reported to our office, and so frequent is our inspection of them, that we are fully acquainted with the working of these institutions; and as all fiscal business is primarily transacted under our supervision, we feel ourselves in a position to report on matters as they actually exist; and can state with satisfaction that the District Lunatic Asylums are conducted with a due regard to the object of their erection, and that the spirit of kindness and consideration for their inmates, prevalent with the medical and other officers, is shown also by the subordinate attendants.

Attendants.

No charge or imputation of harshness can be made without our cognizance, and no dismissal without a previous intimation, except it be for an indictable offence or insubordination; and on looking over the records we find that but four servants were dismissed in the course of the past year. With one exception—that of striking a patient—these were for light offences. In two instances the parties appealed, and after a local investigation by the Inspectors, the dismissals were upheld.

We may here observe that the difficulty of obtaining a good class of attendants, and of keeping them when obtained, and properly instructed in their duties, is on the increase, owing to emigration and the low rate of wages given in many of the asylums, in some of which the assistant male attendants are paid only from £7 to £10, and the females from £4 to £6 per annum. In others the wages are much more liberal, as at Ballinasloe, Belfast, Clonmel, and the Richmond.

As so much depends upon the judgment, good temper, and good feeling of the immediate attendants on insane persons, it is to be regretted that a more uniform and liberal scale is not adopted to requite them for their services and to insure a continuance of them.

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In a pecuniary point of view asylums vary much as to the current expense of maintenance, the highest outlay being latterly at the Richmond, the lowest at the Cork Asylum. Various causes combine to effect this difference of cost. **Cost of maintenance.**

In the former asylum things are conducted on a more liberal scale. The dietary, for example, is better. There are schools, too, in which a regular system of training and education is carried out.

Much of the bedding and furniture having been worn out, their removal and replacement became imperative, the whole expense being chargeable to the current account. The pensions for retired officers in the Richmond Asylum are much more numerous, of course influenced by its age and extent; and all these items tend to keep the rate of maintenance considerably higher. Taking one asylum with another, however, the average for the seventeen now in operation is but £20 7*s.* 6*d.* per head per annum, or one shilling less than in 1864.

This average, if based on the same items of expenditure, will probably be 30 per cent. less than in England, where, no doubt, there is more appearance of comfort and more social enjoyment in similar institutions, and with which the inmates had been familiar to a much greater extent in their own homes than are the insane of the corresponding class in this country; for it would be idle to deny the difference which exists in domestic habits and surroundings between the humbler classes in the two countries.

In fact, in Irish asylums, by this very difference a double duty is imposed—that of treating the patient for his malady, and not unfrequently also of teaching him for the first time to observe habits of neatness and order. Nevertheless, the interiors of our asylums are almost invariably kept in the most creditable condition.

In one or two institutions now overcrowded, there has not been up to the present an opportunity to make those improvements which must follow on the removal of patients from them to asylums now ready, or in course of construction.

The mortality in Irish asylums has been at all times small, as will appear from the Appendices, averaging not more than eight per cent. per annum for the last seven years. This rate of mortality is about double that which obtains in the ordinary classes of society at large; but when the incidental bodily ailments, to which all are alike exposed, superadded to a specific malady of a cerebral character, are taken into account, it cannot be considered excessive. **Mortality.**

One circumstance is quite certain, and must be a source of satisfaction to every benevolent mind, that now-a-days, owing to the studied care and humanity with which the insane are treated by those in charge of them and an efficient attention to their wants, the deaths in asylums are scarcely one-third so great as

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they were at no very remote period, while the creature comforts of the patients are in every respect increased to an extent far beyond that which previously obtained, and immeasurably so beyond the condition in which they existed before insanity made them inmates of a lunatic asylum.

Among the deaths it is worthy of remark that only three were accidental, or from violence—a highly satisfactory result, considering the absence of bodily restraint, and the freedom of action enjoyed by the patients at all times.

Additions and alterations. During the past year no great structural additions or alterations have been undertaken in any of the seventeen district asylums in actual operation. The works which were being carried on in them, as referred to by us in preceding reports, have been terminated.

Cork. Looking, however, to future requirements, it will be necessary to enlarge and improve the infirmary at the Cork Asylum, which at present is too restricted in dimensions and ill ventilated—points to which we have directed the attention of the local Board; as also to the necessity of laying down the grounds in front of the buildings in a more tasteful and becoming manner.

Carlow. The Carlow Asylum, on the removal of the Wexford patients from it to their own separate county institution at Enniscorthy, must undergo changes and repairs, which, from its present overcrowded state, cannot be undertaken; similarly at the Limerick Asylum, where a regular infirmary will have to be established on the removal of the Clare lunatics to that at Ennis.

Omagh. A question is now under the consideration of the Omagh Board on the subject of increased accommodation for the insane poor of Tyrone and Fermanagh—if, as we think to be the more advisable course, a new institution be erected at Enniskillen for the latter county, the Omagh Asylum will belong solely to Tyrone. Should the two counties continue united new buildings must be erected, and the farm materially increased by the take or purchase of about twenty acres of the adjoining lands.

Mullingar. The Mullingar Asylum, which belongs to the three counties of Meath, Westmeath, and Longford, is clearly inadequate to meet the wants of the district; so that if these counties continue united, additions, including a suitable infirmary, will be absolutely necessary, and with them an enlargement of the farm by at least fifteen acres.

Belfast. At Belfast the Governors are most desirous of purchasing five acres of land which lie between the present farm and the town, so as to prevent their being built on, which in their opinion would be a source of much annoyance and inconvenience. We cordially concur in their views; but the large sum asked for the ground has been keeping the matter in abeyance. We trust, however, that the purchase will be eventually effected.

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Towards the close of the year, we regret to say that at the Belfast Asylum we had to investigate upon oath into a painful and novel sort of occurrence. A convalescent female was confined of a child, the result of an interview she had with a visitor, a friend of hers, who was supposed to have been a very near relative. In consequence of this supposition the attendants in charge had no suspicion of any impropriety, and were thrown off their guard. **Investigation.**

The inquiry, so far, removed all culpability from the officers and servants; and in accordance with your Excellency's desire we addressed a circular to the resident medical superintendents of district asylums, as well as to the proprietors of private licensed houses, directing that no visitors, unless the nearest relatives, be left alone with patients of the opposite sex.

As hitherto, a majority of the Board is persistent in its opposition to admit Chaplains into the asylum—a determination which we cannot but deplore, it being inconsistent with the spirit of public opinion, and contrary to the recognized principle in England and elsewhere, where due religious observances are regularly afforded to the afflicted insane, who, whether practically, or even in imagination, derive consolation from them. **Chaplains.**

We are quite aware that the objections of the Board are based on the religious discord which unfortunately has been so rife in the town of Belfast, and that, in its estimation, if the opportunity offered, or the customary practice was adopted, like results would ensue in the asylum; which at best is only an assumption, as we conceive that what applies to an open and free community, in full possession of social rights and privileges, has no weight or application when sought to be brought to bear upon a public institution constituted as an asylum, fenced in as it is with all the safeguards which an efficient staff and perfect discipline insure.

To carry out the principle enunciated by the Board, and justify it, if consistency be one of its elements, churches and chapels all through the town should be closed, and the inhabitants precluded from public worship—a proposition not more anomalous upon a large scale than a small. The only reason which, with a colour of argument, can be adduced to support the opinion of the Board, is the supposed futility of providing religious exercises for the insane—an assumption, even if correct, more than counterbalanced, in as much as the tranquillizing and soothing influences which such, judiciously employed, are calculated to infuse into the disordered mind, cannot be contradicted.

Hitherto an unsatisfactory system, or rather no system, existed on the important point of remuneration to the staff of asylums. At first the principal officers or "managers" were non-professional men; subsequently, as the asylum system progressed, they were **Salaries of Officers.**

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selected from the medical profession, but without a proportionate increase of salary for their services.

We think, both as regards the superior officers of asylums and the public at large, in fixing the payment there should be as little as possible in the shape of allowances, which, although nominally defined, practically and in actual value are not so. In other words, we think the emoluments of officers should be pecuniary as much as possible.

Promotion. We would also be glad to see the system of promotion which exists in other departments of the public service generally adopted in this—that is, of transferring officers of standing and experience to better appointments as they may from time to time become vacant. The adoption of such a course must be of great practical utility in the case of new asylums, where the knowledge and previous experience of an officer already in the service would be of the greatest advantage in organizing the institution, and superintending the arrangements for its opening. An untried person, however intelligent and educated, must necessarily be in a great measure ignorant of all those details of management with which the other is perfectly familiar; while in an old asylum, or one in full working order, he would fall into the regular duties without any difficulty.

During the past year the average attendance of Governors at Boards has been full and regular, and all necessary business duly performed. The gentlemen who constitute these Boards being selected in most instances from the leading gentry of the districts, the welfare of the insane is not measured out in an ungenerous manner, and their wants are approached with a liberality not congenial to that for ordinary poor law requirements.

Workhouses. At the same time, we feel bound to observe that in most of the union workhouses we visit, there is a free disposition on the part of the Guardians, when applied to, to improve the quality of the food given to the imbecile and epileptic classes therein; the medical officers also having full power to order any dietary they may think fit in special cases; but with few exceptions have we succeeded in securing paid attendants to look after the insane in poorhouses. They are to be found only in those, where, from the number of the mentally affected inmates, they could not possibly be dispensed with—such as the North and South Dublin Unions, Belfast, Limerick, &c.

Paid attendants.

As in gaols, so also in poorhouses, there has long existed a strong objection, generally speaking, on the part of Boards of Guardians to harbour epileptic paupers or others afflicted with derangement of mind, no matter how tranquil or incurable they may be. Still this objection gradually diminishes, and would, no doubt, wear itself out altogether if Guardians would only bear in mind that, with a little extra cost and attendance, they could comfortably

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maintain the hopelessly demented and idiotic at one-half the expense incurred for their support in regular asylums.

No doubt it would be a hardship to remove from the comparative comforts of an asylum a patient who had intellect or feeling enough to recognise the difference of circumstance; but where such feeling or intellect did not exist, and suitable care could otherwise be taken of the individual, it would be still harder to refuse the chances of recovery to a fitting case from want of a vacancy in an institution for the cure of his disease.

The falling-off of the population of this country, from emigration and other causes, must have materially affected the extent of insanity within its bounds; for although the decrepid and mentally affected are for the most part left at home, they gradually die off in poorhouses—the only receptacle open to them. The reverse naturally obtains in England, where each decennial period shows a large increase to its inhabitants, and with it an apparent spread of insanity, and the greater necessity for additional lunatic accommodation.

Idiotcy.

Analyzing the various phases under which a disordered or deficient state of the mental faculties presents itself in union workhouses, the small amount of congenital idiotcy, or helpless imbecility, has appeared to us extraordinary. Many are to be found there utterly demented, or destitute of all reasoning power, the result of cerebral disease, or of a protracted series of epileptic attacks; but idiotcy, in the true acceptation of the term, is rare in Ireland; neither from the inquiries we have made is there reason to think that there is much of it in the poorer classes throughout the country. Certain it is, that in all the union workhouses and asylums in Ireland, there are only 1,175 simple idiots reported to us by the medical attendants of these establishments.

The word imbecile is so vague that it can only be regarded as a relative term to express the existence of a minor amount of intellectual capacity, which may range in various degrees between the average possessed by communities of individuals generally, and the lowest minimum or fraction which sinks the unfortunate subject to the level of the utterly hopeless state of idiotcy. The latter form, as has been already stated, is rarely manifested, as the result of our experience and observation proves that, in five cases out of six, the prevalent character of imbecility does not interfere with the exercise of social rights, the enjoyment of personal liberty, and the fulfilment of social obligations and responsibilities.

From all this it will be abundantly manifest how unsettled and indefinite is this favourite term which is so often upon the lips of intelligent persons, intended by them to describe a condition of mind which in all likelihood belongs to a different class, so multiform and shifting are its phases.

This furnishes another proof of the difficulty of setting up an unalterable standard wherewith to measure the intensity and

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degree of mental capacity possessed by every class and variety of human beings—it appearing to us as reconcilable with common sense and experience that the human intellect is arranged upon a sliding scale, imperfect at the best, in the healthiest subject and under the most favourable circumstances, from the most powerful and vigorous exhibition downwards, in all its degrees and modifications, to that point which secures the subject a sad immunity from all moral obligation.

Causes of insanity.

We have already stated that at the close of the year 1865 there were 4,835 patients in public asylums; reverting to all our previous reports, the information which we have gathered for their compilation is fully corroborated by the results of our experience for the past year as to the influence of certain specific causes in the development of insane manifestations; among the most prominent—indeed the most prominent of which are hereditary predisposition, dissipation, and irregularity of life, for out of the total number of cases in which causes have been assigned in the list before us, no less than 891 are referable to them as excitants.

Again, we still find moral causes more prevalent amongst females —physical with men—and that the former sex exceeds in the amount of recoveries. Thus, to no inconsiderable degree, a fixity of symptoms and results would seem to characterize mental as well as bodily affections.

In like manner the immediate causes of death can be grouped in parcels, and which are found to be similar in their preponderance. Of the 400 deaths in asylums last year, 98 were from general paralysis, as it is termed, of the insane, and which by a strange but indefinite action shows itself through the tongue, the organ of mental communication in its healthy state.

With the exception of the case referred to as having occurred at Belfast, we have had, during the past year, no cause to institute, either at the desire of a Board or from our own official authority, any particular inquiry bearing on the management of district asylums, at least none that merits observation in the present report. Minor matters had to be examined into and adjusted on the spot, such as complaints for breaches of discipline and the like, and occasionally personal misunderstandings among subordinates, in which, as a rule, the question resolved itself into which party was more in the wrong.

In establishments of so peculiar a character, containing among them from year's end to year's end over six thousand inmates, and which, from their nature, are little under public observation, it is a source of satisfaction to us to be able from personal knowledge to state, that a highly moral tone pervades their general management, and that kindness towards the patients is not only inculcated but practised.

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The following is a statement of the admissione, discharges, deaths, and eecapes for the year:— Admissions and discharges, &c.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
In District Lunatic Asylums on 31st December, 1864,	2,465	2,264	4,729
Admitted during the year ending 31st December, 1865,	664	627	1,291
Total under treatment during the year 1865,	3,129	2,891	6,020

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Discharged recovered during year 1865,	293	303	596
Discharged improved,	59	64	123
„ unimproved,	41	20	61
Escaped,	3	2	5
Died,	204	196	400

Total Discharges, Deaths, and Escapes,	600	585	1,185
Remaining in District Asylums on 31st December, 1865,	2,529	2,306	4,835

The recoveries, if taken alone and without reference to attendant circumstances, do not afford that practical illustration of the utility of institutions for the insane which might at first sight be expected—they give but a relative indication of it; for when asylums are crowded with chronic and for the most part hopeless cases, but which still need constant supervision, it follows that the cures must necessarily be restricted; and such it may be said obtains in almost all theee institutions in the three kingdoms. Recoveries.

Thus, if the recoveries be takeu on the daily average under treatment they will reach only 12·45 per cent., whereas calculated on the actual admissions during the year they would, on the other hand, amount to 46·16. This state of things is referable to the original want of adequate accommodation to meet each urgent case in an early stage of the disease.

With regard to the mortality in asylums during the year, the number of deaths, as shown above, was 400 on a gross total under treatment of 6,020, the deaths in the preceding twelve months having been 410 on 5,914. It is thus somewhat lower for the year 1865, being 8·35 on the daily average number of patients, which may be regarded as a favourable result. Mortality.

Unfortuuately two casee of suicide and one accidental death occurred during the year. The first was at Belfast. The patient had not previously manifested any suicidal tendency whatever, and latterly had been so much improved, mentally, that it was proposed to call upon his friends in a short time to remove him. He committed the act when getting up after the night, and in the attendant's room (in which he slept, owing to the crowded etate of the house, and the fact of his being so generally well conducted and eo apparently convalescent), having, whilst the attendant was calling up the other patients in the corridor, sprung open a drawer in which he knew razors were kept, and in an instant completed the fatal act; the carotid artery having been divided. A coroner's Suicide.

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inquest was duly held on the body, and a verdict in conformity with the above particulars returned, and without attributing any culpable neglect of duty to the attendant in charge.

The second case occurred at Limerick, a female patient having effected her escape in the night, or very early in the morning, and drowned herself in the canal. This woman had at all times evinced a desire to commit suicide by drowning, and had even expressed a wish to end her existence in a particular part of a river near her own home.

An inquest was held on the body, and the facts elicited, when it appeared that she had possessed herself of a key belonging to one of the nurses, by means of which she succeeded in effecting her escape. Subsequently we ourselves investigated the occurrence; and as it transpired that culpable neglect had occurred on the part of the nurse as regarded the safe custody of the keys, we reported to that effect, and she was accordingly dismissed.

At Omagh a case of accidental drowning occurred, in a river which borders the asylum grounds. An inquest was held, and a verdict returned in accordance with the facts.

Of the causes of death in the majority of the other cases, the principal were consumption and cerebral disease, both amounting together to 218.

Escapes.

ESCAPES.—Under this category, out of 6,020, the total number who were in public asylums, five only eluded the watchfulness of the attendants, and were not ultimately re-taken. This circumstance speaks favourably of the care and vigilance exercised by those in charge of their inmates; the more so, too, when it is recollected that all prison-like barriers have been dispensed with, and that the greatest possible amount of freedom is allowed within the grounds. Indeed it is no uncommon occurrence to meet parties of the inmates of an asylum on the high road, in public parks or places of amusing resort, accompanied only by their ordinary attendants, and who thus in the midst of their delusions, forgetful for the moment of their real or fancied troubles, are made to enjoy an existence which the restraints of a too stringent confinement or stern discipline would only tend to embitter.

Believing that the best curative for mental affection—certainly the best mode to allay excitement—consists in treating the insane as much as possible like ordinary members of society, our desire has been to divest asylums, as far as consistent with their objects and uses, of the character of places of forced detention.

Employment.

The daily average number of patients employed was 2,632, and the particulars of their occupations are given in detail in the Appendix. Two hundred and forty-two acres of tillage were cultivated by their labour, producing crops of the value of £5,065 14*s.* 8*d.*, and which realized a net profit of £2,400 8*s.* 4*d.* for the benefit of the institutions for the year. This result is very satisfactory, when it is considered that the amount of labour required from the patients individually is necessarily small, and

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intended as a curative means, to occupy their time and engage their thoughts, the profitable element being incidental and entirely a secondary consideration.

The system of contracting for supplies in district asylums, referred to in our Fourteenth Report, as having been established since 1863, on the plan proposed by us, continues to work very satisfactorily, and is in general well carried out. The articles supplied, and which we make it a practice to examine on each visitation, have, on the whole, been of fair quality, and according to contract; while, as will be seen from the table given in the Appendix, the prices were moderate. Occasional faults have been found, when the articles were at once sent back and others of better quality substituted, either by the contractors themselves or at their expense. Contracts.

In our reports we have frequently pointed out the anomalous, not to say wretched, position in which insane persons of limited means are placed with regard to asylum accommodation, unable on the one hand to meet the expenses of a private lunatic asylum kept for profit, and on the other excluded, unless in certain cases, from the benefits provided by public taxation for the insane poor in district asylums. Intermediate Asylums.

Not that absolute poverty is regarded by us, or acted upon, as the test of fitness for admission, but a line must be drawn somewhere, and it happens, unfortunately for them, that a great many persons who cannot afford to go into private licensed houses, are yet placed by comparative means above the grade of fitness for public institutions.

We have reason to think that a considerable number of this class are either retained at home by their friends wanting the necessary requirements and comforts of their helpless condition, without proper, or even any, medical or moral care or treatment, and consequently deprived, we may say, of all chance whatever of recovery: or else they are placed out, under cover of the name of "lodgers," with people of very humble position, to whom the small sum received for their support is a thing of consequence, and where their condition is perhaps worse than at home.

The following passage which occurs in our Fonrteenth Report so fully expresses all we would say with reference to this class of the insaue, that we reproduce it in the hope that it may lead to something being done to supply so manifest a want:—

"Legally speaking, a public district hospital for the insane should not admit any individuals having means of their own; the cases admitted, however, from whom money is taken are very exceptional indeed, and then only under peculiar circumstances, when refusal would seem almost an act of harshness. This brings us to the consideration of how far there exists a necessity for the establishment of what are called intermediate asylums, or asylums for a class of the community above the ordinary grade of the 'insane poor' who are unable to meet the charges of regular

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private asylums, through which the proprietors derive emolument and income. We are satisfied that two or three such establishments in Ireland, if properly conducted, would prove highly useful; but we do not think, as proposed by some influential and humane gentlemen, that it would be advisable for Government to identify itself with or take part in their construction. It appears to us to be altogether a question of local importance, and calculated for the benefit of a class only; at the same time we are convinced, that self-supporting establishments of the kind, say for an aggregate of from three to four hundred patients, which would be the maximum, must confer a great boon on society at large in this country, and as a humane speculation be unattended with pecuniary loss."

A resolution was submitted to Government by the Governors of the Belfast Asylum, expressing their strong sense of the necessity which exists for making some such provision, but it was felt that no direct action could be taken to carry out the views of the Board in the manner proposed.

POORHOUSES.

Insane in Poorhouses.

The mentally affected classes of all denominations in union workhouses exceeded in number during the past year those confined in them in the one preceding it—the numbers being respectively, in 1864, 2,563; and in 1865, 2,733, or 170 in excess for the latter year; a result which may be explained, as already noted by us, by the fact that during a wide extended emigration the imbecile and debilitated, left without their previous means of domestic support, are forced to seek shelter in poorhouses, while their stronger and better to do friends are disembarrassed of their charge.

Returns.

In seeking, through the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor, returns from the various union workhouses in Ireland on the present occasion, we adopted a somewhat different form from that previously employed. Heretofore we obtained our returns under the general headings of lunatics, idiots, and epileptics. We give them now not only under these heads, but classified, so far as the affections are uncomplicated, and also within certain periods of life.

Idiots.

Thus, there are the simply idiotic, 1,175 in all, including those in the lowest scale of mental imbecility; of the aggregate of whom, 84 are under 14 years of age, 471 under 30, and 620 over 30 years. Next of the epileptic idiots there are 484, 25 being under 14 years of age, 221 between 14 and 30, and 238 over 30, indicating that epilepsy is a disease of mature years.

Lunatics.

The lunatic classes, as distinguished from the idiotic, amount to 1,074: the great majority of them are advanced in life, and have been long sojourners in their respective unions. Occasionally, however, some of them are subject to sudden and violent outbreaks of lunacy, when they are sent to the asylum of the district, or, as not unfrequently happens, committed to gaol as dangerous.

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In many unions, in fact, when a lunatic becomes violent, he is immediately committed to custody, under the Acts 1st and 8th and 9th Vic., notwithstanding the circular issued at our request by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland in 1864, to the effect that in no case should committal to gaol be resorted to unless as a last resource, and when there is no room in the asylum. We regret to find that that circular has not been observed in several instances with sufficient regularity. Committal to Gaol.

In the discharge of our inspectional duties, we visit the various workhouses in the kingdom from time to time, and as in some of the larger ones there are to be found from 60 to 140 of these afflicted classes, they are inspected by us twice or oftener in the year. From a long experience, we are by no means prepared to say that the condition of their insane inmates is so satisfactory as could be desired, still it has been latterly much ameliorated as a general rule, and in some unions to a marked degree.

The deficiency we most notice is want of space for outdoor employment and exercise, and insufficient day-room accommodation, with regular paid attendants. The dietary is for the most part good and liberal, while, taking their general condition into account, the creature comforts of the classes in question are not overlooked.

GAOLS.

The number of persons committed to and confined in gaols as lunatics, amounted on the 31st December, 1864, to 441, and at the same date in 1865 to 505; during the intervening period the committals under the Act by local Magistrates, including criminal lunatics, were 801. Thus in the past twelve months there were, on the whole, no less than 1,242 lunatics in prison, though not all at the same time, for of the total 395 were removed to asylums by warrant of your Excellency; 290 were discharged by order of the committing Magistrates as actually recovered, or having ceased to be dangerous; 37 died, constituting a mortality on the average number under confinement of 6 per cent. There remained thus in gaol, on the 1st of January of the present year, 495 lunatics. Statistics.

The county and borough prisons of this kingdom are 39 in number; so that if the aggregate of the insane was equally divided between them, there would be about 13 in each; but a very different state of things exists as in very many of them there are no lunatics, in some two or three only, and those simply awaiting removal to asylum, while in others they are so numerous as to approach nearly to the amount of ordinary prisoners.

The eight gaols most incumbered with the class in question are those of the county and city of Dublin, and the counties of Donegal, Down, Monaghan, Mayo, and Wexford, which contain between them 315 lunatics, or within a fraction of 40 each. These inmates, Numbers in Gaol.

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as often stated by us, interfere materially with prison discipline, besides being circumstanced in a most unfavourable way for themselves, from a want of those general curative appliances, occupations, and means of treatment so necessary for their well being.

They are, however, under supervision, protected from injuring themselves or others, and therefore much better located than if they were left at large, ill fed, ill clad, and neglected, so that, notwithstanding the great disadvantages, abstractedly considered, which are attendant on the committal of lunatics to gaols, palpable good is derived therefrom; and it must be added that recoveries are far from being unfrequent, the speedy isolation and control of the mentally affected being productive of the most beneficial results.

The system, if it has much to be complained of in itself, is not devoid of practical utility; in saying so much, however, we do not mean to uphold it, except so far as it is, under existing circumstances, an absolute necessity; however, it is now gradually but distinctly on the decline.

Relief of Gaols.

The asylums just completed at Letterkenny and Castlebar will at once clear the gaols of those districts of 120 lunatics; and on the completion of the buildings already referred to at Enniscorthy, Monaghan, Down, and Ennis, we anticipate that, with the exception of the Richmond or Metropolitan district, the prisons in Ireland will virtually cease to be as heretofore receptacles for the insane. With regard to the latter-named district, matters remain pretty much in the same position as at the date of our last report; and we feel we cannot do better than quote the opinions we then expressed:—

"With reference, however, to the metropolitan requirements, one of two solutions must be adopted. The district will have to be subdivided, or the Richmond Asylum enlarged. We are inclined to think that the institution, as it stands, barely sufficient for the city and the county of Dublin, does not admit of any judicious structural additions, certainly not without the purchase of about fourteen acres of land lying partially in front and partially to the rere of the male asylum, adjoining which a plain structure might be raised for about 320 chronic cases belonging to the whole existing district. To obviate a continuance of the present truly unsatisfactory state of things, and to obtain if possible an harmonious action between all parties, we should accede to any reasonable proposition. At the same time our opinion remains unchanged as to the superior advantages of having asylums more numerous, consequently more accessible, and of more convenient dimensions."

The Government, no doubt, most anxious to meet the difficulty, would ere this have solved it by the erection of separate institutions, as recommended by us for Wicklow and Louth; but it must be acknowledged there were some legitimate objections raised against our proposition by local authorities, and we are now quite prepared to adopt the alternative of an enlargement of the Richmond; having in view mainly the good of the insane poor who are sufferers by the delay.

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CENTRAL ASYLUM FOR CRIMINAL LUNATICS.

This institution has now, for a series of years, been so fully brought under the notice of your Excellency and your predecessors in office, with the mode and results of its management, that the furnishing of details upon the present occasion would be a simple repetition of former statements. It continues to fulfil the objects of its erection, and while amply sufficient to meet the legitimate wants of the country, is conducted with a due regard to economy; the total cost per head of each patient, notwithstanding the necessity of a larger staff of officers and servants than exists in ordinary establishments for the insane, being only £29 12s. a year.

Within the past twelve months 15 patients were admitted. One only of the total number under confinement received a free discharge, which his condition fully justified; four convicts, whose periods of penal confinement had expired, were removed to the asylums of their native districts. Of the 15 admitted, five were charged with and acquitted of homicide.

Applications were made from time to time for the reception of some others who were acquitted on the plea of insanity, but their offences were either so trivial in themselves, or partook so much of an accidental character, that we had the parties admitted as ordinary patients into their respective local institutions.

The total number under confinement during the year was 135. Of these one was discharged by order of your Excellency, on the understanding that he would emigrate, which he did; but he has since returned, and is at the present time an inmate of the Rathdown Union Workhouse.

Three were removed to the asylums of the districts to which they belonged, in conformity with the 18 Privy Council Rule, and six died, death in each case resulting from natural causes. No escape took place, and but one attempt is recorded, that of a female, who was immediately captured.

The total number remaining in custody on the 31st December, 1865, was 125 persons, of whom 84 were males and 41 females, whose offences are summarized as follow :—

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Homicides,	27	11	38
Assaults on the person,	37	16	53
Attempts to destroy property, and minor offences of all kinds, the parties being dangerously inclined,	20	14	34
Total,	84	41	125

The sanitary condition of this asylum continues to be as heretofore of a highly satisfactory character; we may add, so satisfactory as to place the institution in an exceptional position as regards mortality, which for the past year is but little over 4 per cent. on the average number of patients.

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Discharge of Criminal Lunatics.

Of the 125 remaining at the close of the year, 16 were considered convalescent or sane, and several of them are looking more or less anxiously to be discharged.

With those cases in which minor offences were committed there can be little hesitation in dealing, when a sufficient term of probation is allowed to show that sanity is completely re-established. But in regard to persons acquitted of homicide on the ground of insanity, great difficulty exists, and it would be impossible to lay down any general rule to govern the course of action, where, while the broad fact of death having been caused by the act of the individual cannot be lost sight of, the circumstances under which the act was committed may alter its complexion so entirely as to deprive it of any bad features.

We are aware that in England an acquittal of homicide, on the ground of insanity, is equivalent to a sentence of imprisonment for life; but in this country the Lord Lieutenant has several times extended his clemency to such persons, and in no instance that we are aware of have any evil consequences resulted from the exercise of the prerogative of mercy; on the contrary, homes that were rendered miserable by the insane acts of father, mother, brother, sister or child, have been again blessed with happiness.

A young married woman, for instance, in a paroxysm of puerperal mania, destroys her infant, is tried for murder, acquitted on the ground of insanity, and removed to Dundrum Asylum. She recovers her reason almost immediately, and in addition to all her other sufferings, has continually present the horror of having killed her child, whose life was dearer to her than her own. Her husband's position is equally wretched; he has lost none of his affection, but feels keenly the loss of his wife, and his children feel equally the loss of their mother.

Such cases have occurred in which the discharge of the parties, after the lapse of a considerable time, was ordered by the Lord Lieutenant, and there has been no reason to regret the course. One advantage may be mentioned, namely, that it buoys up with hope those inmates, the gravity of whose offences may preclude all chance of their restoration to liberty, however perfect and permanent their recovery may be.

Employment.

The constant employment of the inmates in remunerative occupations, besides its other advantages, tends greatly to their improvement, as nothing can be worse for sane or insane than idleness. The daily average number constantly employed is 93, or four-fifths of the whole.

Two only of the inmates have been placed under restraint from time to time, and then in its mildest form, to prevent them from inflicting injuries on themselves or others, their propensities being mischievous and occasionally dangerous.

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The total number of patients for which accommodation has, by the enlargement of the asylum been provided, is 155, exclusive of the hospital, which is capable, in case of necessity, of receiving fourteen patients, and of seclusion rooms, of which there are four, two on the male and two on the female side; the object of these latter being to place violent and noisy patients in a position where they cannot disturb the other inmates at night; another advantage of these rooms is that they enable the Physicians to test the mental condition in doubtful cases, particularly of those who, for the purposes of deception, so frequently assume an unwonted excitement. Accommodation.

The attendance of the non-resident officers has been most regular throughout the year; and the ministrations of the Chaplains continue to afford the greatest comfort and consolation to the patients belonging to their respective congregations, while perfect harmony and goodwill prevail amongst them.

In 1863 we applied for increased accommodation, particularly in reference to day-rooms, associated dormitories, a refectory, and Turkish bath. These are now all constructed and fit for general use, while a small detached chapel, exclusively for the Protestant congregation, is being built, the original church having been given up to Catholic worship.

The interior of the house is kept with a due regard to cleanliness and the comfort of the patients, who as a body are well conducted and contented; indeed it could not be otherwise, for every liberty compatible with their safe keeping is extended to them, and the idea that they should be kept under restraint, or that any particular supervision is deemed necessary in their regard, from the fact of their having committed offences, is carefully removed from them.

The farm is altogether cultivated by the male patients; and we may observe that a portion of it in which they labour is unfenced and without the boundary wall. Milk and butter, as well as vegetables sufficient for the institution are produced on the ground, independent of which a sum of £60 was received for cereals sold last autumn. Farm.

The Dundrum Asylum being under our sole control, is constantly visited by us, and we thus can bear testimony to the efficiency of the medical and other officers connected with it, as well as to the becoming conduct of the subordinates, who in regard to those under their care are strictly forbidden to exercise restriction or restraint.

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PRIVATE ASYLUMS.

The number of private asylums in Ireland, licensed under the Act 5 & 6 Vic., c. 123, at the date of our last Report, was 18, exclusive of three asylums of a partly charitable character, and which are on that account exempted from the obligation of being licensed, and from the payment of licensing fees.

No increase occurred since that time, and no new licence has been issued; but a transfer from Bushy Park, Pallaskenry, in the county Limerick, to Cookstown House, Fiddown, in the county of Kilkenny, took place at the beginning of this year, under the same proprietor. The total amount paid for licences, and lodged in the hands of the Paymaster-General, was £216.

Statistics. The following is a summary of admissions, discharges, deaths, &c.:—

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Remaining in Private Asylums on 31st December, 1864,	272	281	553
Admitted during the year ending 31st December, 1865,	92	95	187
Total number under treatment during the year, . .	364	376	740

	Males.	Females.	Total.			
Discharged, . .	53	72	125			
Died, . . .	22	9	31			
Escaped, . .	1	–	1			
				76	81	157
Remaining on 31st December, 1865, ...				292	296	583

This shows an increase of 43 patients, or over 5 per cent. on the previous year. The recoveries amount to 37·48 on the admissions, the deaths to 5·44 on the daily average number of patients—a very low rate of mortality.

On the whole we have reason to be satisfied with the majority of licensed houses, while with others faults are to be found, and which we endeavour to remedy by frequent inspection, and continually urging the proprietors to improvement. Such faults are indigenous and clearly traceable to inherent defect in the system, so that all we can do under the circumstances is to continue our efforts to ameliorate, by constant supervision, the condition of lunatics in private asylums.

In the better class of houses, where large stipends are received from the inmates, and indeed in some others, the arrangements made are for the most part satisfactory. The dietary is good, and the comforts and amusements of the inmates are duly attended to; but in some asylums a different condition of things exists.

It would be greatly to be desired that persons only possessing a sufficient amount of capital should engage in such undertakings; for if the means of the proprietor are limited, and particularly if the payments for his patients are not regularly made, as we regret to state from inquiry is frequently the case, no matter how good his intentions may be, he is not in a position to act with that liberality which he otherwise would exercise.

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Special investigations were in several instances held by us in accordance with your Excellency's directions, and amongst others in the case of a female who stated herself to be the legitimate daughter of a patient in Bushy Park Asylum, and who addressed Government requesting that an opportunity might be given to see her father, for the purpose of being recognized as his child, with the object it is to be presumed of establishing a claim to whatever property he may leave at his death. The patient seemed most unwilling to see or have anything to say to the young woman, but we gave her the opportunity she desired, and having inquired into the facts on the spot, reported to Government accordingly. Investigations.

If any marriage had taken place between her mother and the person whom she claimed to stand towards her in the relation of father, it appeared rather of a clandestine character, the social position of the parties differing widely. On the whole it was a case in which we could not interfere, our department not being the proper tribunal for deciding on such questions.

In another case, a patient who had been admitted into Hartfield and discharged within three days, complained that his liberty had been unduly interfered with, stating that he was not insane, and that he had been severely treated by the attendants.

It appeared to us on inquiry that the party had been in the habit of indulging in intoxicating liquors, and that he was very violent and difficult to manage when brought to the asylum; but so far as we could make out, it did not appear from the evidence that any harshness had been exercised.

The patient was removed, as stated, within three days, and when he came to lodge his complaint with us in person, neither from his appearance, manner, or conversation, could we pronounce him to be perfectly sane. In these and other cases not of a very grave nature, we reported fully to your Excellency at the time; it is therefore unnecessary to make further reference to them here.

As usual, in the Appendices, we give the fullest information on every point connected with the subject of lunatic asylums and their inmates, referring to which for all details connected with the control and domestic management of these various institutions, we have the honor to be your Excellency's obedient servants,

JOHN NUGENT.
GEORGE W. HATCHELL.

DUBLIN CASTLE,
June 25, 1866.

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Appendix A.—Insane Persons in

No. 1.—Return showing the Number of Idiots in Union Workhouses,

Names of Unions.	Simple Idiots, under 14 years of age.			Epileptic Idiots, under 14 years of age.			Total of the two preceding Classes.			Simple Idiots, 14 years and under 30.			Epileptic Idiots, 14 years and under 30.			Total of the two preceding Classes.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
ULSTER.																		
Co. Antrim:																		
Antrim,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	3	3	1	4	5
Ballycastle,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	5	8	2	1	3	5	6	11
Ballymena,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Ballymoney,	2	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	3	–	3	1	–	1	4	–	4
Belfast,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	5	10	6	10	16	11	15	26
Larne,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	7	10	–	1	1	3	8	11
Lisburn,	3	–	3	–	–	–	3	–	3	2	2	4	2	–	2	4	2	6
Co. Armagh:																		
Armagh,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	4	6	3	1	4	5	5	10
Lurgan,	1	–	2	1	–	1	2	–	2	2	2	4	1	3	4	3	5	8
Co. Cavan:																		
Bailieborough,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	1	4	5	1	–	1	2	4	6
Bawnboy,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	1	1	–	2	2
Cavan,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Cootehill,	1	–	1	1	–	1	2	–	2	3	1	4	–	1	1	3	2	5
Co. Donegal:																		
Ballyshannon,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Donegal,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	2	–	1	1	–	3	3
Dunfanaghy,	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Glenties,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Inishowen,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Letterkenny,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	1	–	1	2	1	3
Milford,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	2	–	–	–	2	–	2
Stranorlar,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	2	–	–	–	2	–	2
Co. Down:																		
Banbridge,	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	–	1	6	2	8	2	–	2	8	2	10
Downpatrick,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	1	4	–	–	–	3	1	4
Kilkeel,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Newry,	–	–	–	–	2	2	–	2	2	1	4	5	–	1	1	1	5	6
Newtownards,	1	–	1	–	1	1	1	1	2	8	–	6	2	2	4	8	2	10
Co. Fermanagh:																		
Enniskillen,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	2	–	1	1	–	3	3
Irvinestown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	1	1	–	2	2
Lisnaskea,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Co. Londonderry:																		
Coleraine,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	4	5	–	–	–	1	4	5
Londonderry,	1	–	1	1	–	1	2	–	2	2	2	4	1	1	2	3	3	6
Magherafelt,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	4	1	–	1	1	4	5
Newtownlimavady,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Co. Monaghan:																		
Carrickmacross,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	2	1	2	3	1	4	5
Castleblayney,	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	1	1	–	–	–	1	3	4	1	3	4
Clones,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1
Monaghan,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Co. Tyrone:																		
Castlederg,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Clogher,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	2	–	–	–	2	–	2
Cookstown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Dungannon,	2	1	3	–	–	–	2	1	3	–	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	3
Gortin,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Omagh,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Strabane,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total, Ulster,	11	3	14	5	4	9	16	7	23	54	59	113	28	34	60	80	93	173

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Union Workhouses, Ireland.

Ireland, on the 1st March, 1866, classified under the following heads :—

Simple Idiots, over 30 years.			Epileptic Idiots, over 30 years.			Total of the two preceding Classes.			Total Simple Idiots.			Total Epileptic Idiots.			Gross Total of Simple and Epileptic Idiots.			Names of Unions.
M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	
																		ULSTER.
																		Co. Antrim:
2	2	4	–	–	–	2	2	4	3	3	6	–	3	3	3	6	9	Antrim.
1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	4	5	9	2	1	3	6	6	12	Ballycastle.
2	5	7	–	1	1	2	6	8	2	5	7	–	1	1	2	6	8	Ballymena.
1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	5	–	5	1	–	1	6	–	8	Ballymoney.
4	3	7	14	12	26	18	15	33	9	8	17	20	22	42	29	30	59	Belfast.
2	1	3	1	1	2	3	2	5	5	8	13	1	2	3	6	10	16	Larne.
2	4	6	–	–	–	2	4	6	7	6	13	2	–	2	9	6	15	Lisburn.
																		Co. Armagh:
5	1	6	–	–	–	5	1	6	7	5	12	3	1	4	10	6	16	Armagh.
–	2	2	–	–	–	–	2	2	4	4	8	2	3	5	6	7	13	Lurgan.
																		Co. Cavan:
3	–	3	–	1	1	3	1	4	4	5	9	1	1	2	5	6	11	Bailieborough.
–	1	1	–	3	3	–	4	4	–	2	2	–	4	4	–	6	6	Bawnboy.
6	8	14	2	1	3	8	9	17	6	8	14	2	1	3	8	9	17	Cavan.
–	5	5	–	–	–	–	5	5	4	6	10	1	1	2	5	7	12	Cootehill.
																		Co. Donegal:
–	2	2	–	–	–	–	2	2	–	2	2	–	–	–	–	2	2	Ballyshannon.
1	3	4	–	–	–	1	3	4	1	5	6	–	1	1	1	6	7	Donegal.
–	–	–	1	1	2	1	1	2	–	–	–	2	1	3	2	1	3	Dunfanaghy.
1	3	4	–	–	–	1	3	4	2	3	5	–	–	–	2	3	5	Glenties.
3	2	5	–	–	–	3	2	5	3	2	5	–	–	–	3	2	5	Inishowen.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	1	–	1	2	1	3	Letterkenny.
1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	3	–	3	–	–	–	3	–	3	Milford.
1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	3	–	3	–	–	–	3	–	3	Stranorlar.
																		Co. Down:
3	4	7	1	2	3	4	6	10	9	8	17	4	2	6	13	8	21	Banbridge.
1	6	7	1	1	2	2	7	9	4	7	11	1	1	2	5	8	13	Downpatrick.
1	2	3	–	–	–	1	2	3	1	2	3	–	–	–	1	2	3	Kilkeel.
6	7	13	2	4	6	8	11	19	7	11	18	2	7	9	9	18	27	Newry.
3	11	14	2	4	6	5	15	20	10	11	21	4	7	11	14	18	32	Newtownards.
																		Co. Fermanagh:
2	–	2	–	1	1	2	1	3	2	2	4	–	2	2	2	4	6	Enniskillen.
2	2	4	2	3	5	4	5	9	2	3	5	2	4	6	4	7	11	Irvinestown.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Lisnaskea.
																		Co. Londonderry:
2	6	8	–	–	–	2	6	8	3	10	13	–	–	–	3	10	13	Coleraine.
4	6	10	–	1	1	4	7	11	7	8	15	2	2	4	9	10	19	Londonderry.
–	2	2	1	1	2	1	3	4	–	6	6	2	1	3	2	7	9	Magherafelt.
–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	Newtownlimavady.
																		Co. Monaghan:
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	2	1	2	3	1	4	5	Carrickmacross.
1	2	3	–	–	–	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	4	5	2	6	8	Castleblayney.
3	3	6	1	2	3	4	5	9	3	4	7	1	2	3	4	6	10	Clones.
2	3	5	–	3	3	2	6	8	2	3	5	–	3	3	2	6	8	Monaghan.
																		Co. Tyrone:
–	2	2	–	1	1	–	3	3	–	2	2	–	1	1	–	3	3	Castlederg.
1	5	6	–	–	–	1	5	6	3	5	8	–	–	–	3	5	8	Clogher.
–	6	6	–	2	2	–	8	8	1	6	7	–	2	2	1	8	9	Cookstown.
2	8	8	–	–	–	2	6	8	4	8	12	1	1	2	5	9	14	Dungannon.
3	3	6	–	–	–	3	3	6	4	4	8	–	–	–	4	4	8	Gortin.
4	2	8	2	4	6	8	6	12	4	2	6	2	4	6	6	6	12	Omagh.
3	5	8	–	–	–	3	5	8	3	5	8	–	–	–	3	5	8	Strabane.
78	126	204	30	49	79	108	175	283	148	188	331	61	87	148	204	275	479	Total, Ulster.

[*continued.*

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Insane Persons in Union

No. 1.—Return showing the Number of Idiots in Union Workhouses,

Names of Unions.	Simple Idiots, under 14 years of age.			Epileptic Idiots, under 14 years of age.			Total of the two preceding classes.			Simple Idiots, 14 years and under 30.			Epileptic Idiots, 14 years and under 30.			Total of the two preceding classes.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
MUNSTER.																		
Co. Clare:																		
Ballyvaghan,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Corrofin,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Ennis,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	6	9	1	1	2	4	7	11
Ennistymon,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Killadysert,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2
Kilrush,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	2	–	–	–	2	–	2
Scariff,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1
Tulla,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	2	–	2	3	1	4	5	1	6
Co. Cork:																		
Bandon,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	–	1
Bantry,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	2	1	–	1	1	2	3
Castletown,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Clonakilty,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	–	1
Cork,	2	1	3	–	1	1	2	2	4	2	8	10	3	8	11	5	16	21
Dunmanway,	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Fermoy,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	4	1	5	–	1	1	4	2	6
Kanturk,	1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2	4	3	7	2	–	2	6	3	9
Kinsale	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	1	1	1	1	2
Macroom,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	3	4	–	2	2	1	5	6
Mallow,	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Midleton,	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	1	1	2	2	4	1	1	2	3	3	6
Millstreet,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	1	1	–	1	1	–	2	2
Mitchelstown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Skibbereen,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–	3	–	1	1	3	1	4
Skull,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	1	–	1	1	1	2
Youghal,	1	2	3	–	–	–	1	2	3	1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2
Co. Kerry:																		
Cahersiveen,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	1	2	2	1	3
Dingle,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	1	1	1	1	2
Kenmare,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Killarney,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1
Listowel,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	2	–	2	2	–	4	4
Tralee,	1	2	3	–	–	–	1	2	3	1	3	4	1	3	4	2	6	8
Co. Limerick:																		
Croom,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	2	3	–	3	3	1	5	6
Glin,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Kilmallock,	1	–	1	2	–	2	3	–	3	3	3	6	2	4	6	5	7	12
Limerick,	2	1	3	–	–	–	2	1	3	–	5	5	1	–	1	1	5	6
Newcastle,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	3	2	5	–	–	–	3	2	5
Rathkeale,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	3	3	1	2	3	1	5	6
Co. Tipperary:																		
Borrisokane,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Carrick-on-Suir,	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	–	1	1	8	9	1	4	5	2	12	14
Cashel,	1	–	1	–	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	4	–	–	–	3	1	4
Clogheen,	–	2	2	–	–	–	–	2	2	2	1	3	–	1	1	2	2	4
Clonmel,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	4	7	–	–	–	3	4	7
Nenagh,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	3	4	–	–	–	1	3	4
Roscrea,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	3	4	1	–	1	2	3	5
Thurles,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	2	1	1	2	3	1	4
Tipperary,	–	2	2	–	–	–	–	2	2	1	4	5	–	3	3	1	7	8
Co. Waterford:																		
Dungarvan,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	3	3	6	–	–	–	3	3	6
Kilmacthomas,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	1	1
Lismore,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	1	1
Waterford,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	8	4	12	3	3	6	11	7	18
Total, Munster,	18	14	32	5	3	8	23	17	40	67	82	149	26	47	73	93	129	222

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Workhouses, Ireland—*continued.*

Ireland, on the 1st March, 1866, classified under the following heads:—

Simple Idiots, over 30 years.			Epileptic Idiots, over 30 years.			Total of the two preceding Classes.			Total Simple Idiots.			Total Epileptic Idiots.			Gross Total of Simple and Epileptic Idiots.			Names of Unions.
M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	
																		MUNSTER.
																		Co. Clare:
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Ballyvaghan.
1	1	2	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	1	3	-	-	-	2	1	3	Corrofin.
3	1	4	-	-	-	3	1	4	6	7	13	1	1	2	7	8	15	Ennis.
-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	1	3	-	-	-	2	1	3	Ennistymon.
1	1	2	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	2	4	-	-	-	2	2	4	Killadysert.
5	2	7	1	5	6	6	7	13	7	2	9	1	5	6	8	7	15	Kilrush.
-	1	1	-	3	3	-	4	4	-	2	2	-	3	3	-	5	5	Scariff.
-	4	4	-	3	3	-	7	7	3	4	7	3	4	7	6	8	14	Tulla.
																		Co. Cork:
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	2	-	2	Baudon.
-	3	3	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	5	5	1	-	1	1	5	6	Bantry.
1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	1	3	-	-	-	2	1	3	Castletown.
5	1	6	-	-	-	5	1	6	6	1	7	1	-	1	7	1	8	Clonakilty.
3	2	5	-	7	7	3	9	12	7	11	18	3	16	19	10	27	37	Cork.
1	-	1	-	1	1	1	1	2	1	-	1	1	1	2	2	1	3	Dunmanway.
-	2	2	-	1	1	-	3	3	5	3	8	-	2	2	5	5	10	Fermoy.
-	2	2	2	1	3	2	3	5	5	6	11	4	1	5	9	7	16	Kanturk.
3	-	3	1	2	3	4	2	6	4	-	4	1	3	4	5	3	8	Kinsale.
2	4	6	-	1	1	2	5	7	4	7	11	-	3	3	4	10	14	Macroom.
2	2	4	-	4	4	2	6	8	2	2	4	1	4	5	3	6	9	Mallow.
3	2	5	-	1	1	3	3	6	5	4	9	1	3	4	6	7	13	Midleton.
-	3	3	2	-	2	2	2	4	1	3	4	2	1	3	3	4	7	Millstreet.
-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	1	1	2	Mitchelstown.
-	2	2	-	1	1	-	3	3	3	2	5	-	2	2	3	4	7	Skibbereen.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	2	Skull.
-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	4	6	-	-	-	2	4	6	Youghal.
																		Co. Kerry:
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	1	2	2	1	3	Caherciveen.
-	3	3	1	2	3	1	5	6	1	3	4	1	3	4	2	6	8	Dingle.
-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	1	1	2	Kenmare.
-	2	2	-	-	-	-	3	2	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	3	3	Killarney.
3	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	2	5	-	2	2	3	4	7	Listowel.
-	4	4	1	-	1	1	4	5	2	9	11	2	3	5	4	12	16	Tralee.
																		Co. Limerick:
2	1	3	-	-	-	2	1	3	3	3	6	-	3	3	3	6	9	Croom.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	Glin.
1	3	4	2	2	4	3	5	8	5	6	11	6	6	12	11	12	23	Kilmallock.
12	21	33	5	-	5	17	21	38	14	27	41	6	-	6	20	27	47	Limerick.
2	7	9	-	-	-	2	7	9	6	9	15	-	-	-	6	9	15	Newcastle.
1	3	4	-	1	1	1	4	5	1	7	8	1	3	4	2	10	12	Rathkeale.
																		Co. Tipperary:
1	-	1	-	1	1	1	1	2	1	-	1	-	1	1	1	1	2	Borrisokane.
1	-	1	-	2	2	1	2	3	2	8	10	2	6	8	4	14	18	Carrick-on-Suir.
1	6	7	-	-	-	1	6	7	5	7	12	-	1	1	5	8	13	Cashel.
2	1	3	1	-	1	3	1	4	4	4	8	1	1	2	5	5	10	Clogheen.
4	2	6	-	2	2	4	4	8	7	6	13	-	2	2	7	8	15	Clonmel.
2	2	4	-	-	-	2	2	4	3	5	8	-	-	-	3	5	8	Nenagh.
-	2	2	-	1	1	-	3	3	1	5	6	1	1	2	2	6	8	Roscrea.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	1	1	2	3	1	4	Thurles.
3	4	7	3	1	4	6	5	11	4	10	14	3	4	7	7	14	21	Tipperary.
																		Co. Waterford:
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4	7	-	-	-	3	4	7	Dungarvan.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	Kilmacthomas.
2	4	6	2	4	6	4	8	12	3	4	6	2	5	7	4	9	13	Lismore.
8	10	18	-	3	3	8	13	21	17	14	31	3	6	9	20	20	40	Waterford.
75	111	186	21	49	70	96	160	256	160	207	367	52	99	151	212	306	518	Total, Munster.

[*continued.*]

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Insane Persons in Union

No. 1.—Return showing the Number of Idiots in Union Workhouses,

Names of Unions.	Simple Idiots, under 14 years of age.			Epileptic Idiots, under 14 years of age.			Total of the two preceding classes.			Simple Idiots, 14 years and under 30.			Epileptic Idiots, 14 years and under 30.			Total of the two preceding classes.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
LEINSTER.																		
Co. Carlow:																		
Carlow,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	3	5	8	3	3	6	6	8	14
Co. Dublin:																		
Balrothery,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	3	–	–	–	2	1	3
Dublin, North,	2	3	5	–	1	1	2	4	6	1	4	5	–	1	1	1	5	6
Dublin, South,	–	–	–	2	–	2	2	–	2	14	5	19	5	1	6	19	6	25
Rathdown,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	5	4	9	–	–	–	5	4	9
Co. Kildare:																		
Athy,	2	–	2	–	–	–	2	–	2	–	5	5	2	–	2	2	5	7
Celbridge,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1
Naas,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	4	6	–	–	–	2	4	6
Co. Kilkenny:																		
Callan,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1
Castlecomer,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	–	1
Kilkenny,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	1	6	–	2	2	5	3	8
Thomastown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Urlingford,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
King's Co.:																		
Edenderry,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	1	–	1	1	1	2
Parsonstown,	1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2	5	1	6	1	2	3	6	3	9
Tullamore,	2	–	2	–	–	–	2	–	2	–	1	1	1	5	6	1	6	7
Co. Longford:																		
Ballymahon,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	2	1	3	1	–	1	3	1	4
Granard,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	2	3	1	1	2	2	3	5
Longford,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Co. Louth:																		
Ardee,	3	–	3	–	–	–	3	–	3	2	4	6	1	–	1	3	4	7
Drogheda,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	2	6	3	–	3	7	2	9
Dundalk,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	2	–	2	2	2	2	4
Co. Meath:																		
Dunshaughlin,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	2	–	3	3	–	5	5
Kells,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	1	4	–	1	1	3	2	5
Navan,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	3	–	–	–	2	1	3
Oldcastle,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	2	5	2	3	5	5	5	10
Trim,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	1	1	1	2	3	1	3	4
Queen's Co.:																		
Abbeyleix,	1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2	1	3	4	–	–	–	1	3	4
Donaghmore,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Mountmellick,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	2	–	2	3	–	3
Co. Westmeath:																		
Athlone,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	2	–	2	2	2	2	4
Delvin,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mullingar,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	2	4	–	–	–	2	2	4
Co. Wexford:																		
Enniscorthy,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	5	6	1	3	4	2	8	10
Gorey,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	1	1	1	2	3
New Ross,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	5	9	1	1	2	5	6	11
Wexford,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	2	4	1	–	1	3	2	5
Co. Wicklow:																		
Baltinglass,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	2	2	4	2	2	4
Rathdrum,	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	–	1	4	5	9	–	–	–	4	5	9
Shillelagh,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	–	1
Total, Leinster,	14	8	22	3	1	4	17	9	26	76	73	149	31	35	66	107	108	215

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Workhouses, Ireland—*continued.*

Ireland, on the 1st March, 1866, classified under the following heads:—

Simple Idiots, over 30 years.			Epileptic Idiots over 30 years.			Total of the two preceding Classes.			Total Simple Idiots.			Total Epileptic Idiots.			Gross Total of Simple and Epileptic Idiots.			Names of Unions.
M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	LEINSTER.
																		Co. Carlow:
1	4	5	3	5	8	4	9	13	4	10	14	6	8	14	10	18	28	Carlow.
																		Co. Dublin:
3	2	5	–	–	–	3	2	5	5	3	8	–	–	–	5	3	8	Balrothery.
–	4	4	–	1	1	–	5	5	3	11	14	–	3	3	3	14	17	Dublin, North.
3	6	9	2	1	3	5	7	12	17	11	28	9	2	11	26	13	39	Dublin, South.
7	2	9	–	–	–	7	2	9	12	7	19	–	–	–	12	7	19	Rathdown.
																		Co. Kildare:
3	3	6	–	1	1	3	4	7	5	8	13	2	1	3	7	9	16	Athy.
1	2	3	–	1	1	1	3	4	1	3	4	–	1	1	1	4	5	Celbridge.
2	6	8	1	1	2	3	7	10	4	10	14	1	1	2	5	11	16	Naas.
																		Co. Kilkenny:
1	2	3	–	–	–	1	2	3	1	3	4	–	–	–	1	3	4	Callan.
1	1	2	2	–	2	3	1	4	1	1	2	3	–	3	4	1	5	Castlecomer.
–	3	3	–	1	1	–	4	4	5	4	9	–	3	3	5	7	12	Kilkenny.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Thomastown.
2	1	3	–	–	–	2	1	3	3	1	4	–	–	–	3	1	4	Urlingford.
																		King's Co.:
2	1	3	–	–	–	2	1	3	2	2	4	1	–	1	3	2	5	Edenderry.
2	1	3	–	2	2	2	3	5	8	3	11	1	4	5	9	7	16	Parsonstown.
2	1	3	–	–	–	2	1	3	4	2	6	1	5	6	5	7	12	Tullamore.
																		Co. Longford:
2	2	4	1	1	2	3	3	6	5	3	8	2	1	3	7	4	11	Ballymahon.
2	3	5	–	–	–	2	3	5	3	5	8	1	1	2	4	6	10	Granard.
2	–	2	8	3	11	10	3	13	2	–	2	8	3	11	10	3	13	Longford.
																		Co. Louth:
1	1	2	–	1	1	1	2	3	6	5	11	1	1	2	7	6	13	Ardee.
2	5	7	–	5	5	2	10	12	6	7	13	3	5	8	9	12	21	Drogheda.
1	5	6	–	–	–	1	5	6	3	5	8	–	2	2	3	7	10	Dundalk.
																		Co. Meath:
1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2	1	3	4	–	3	3	1	6	7	Dunshaughlin.
2	4	6	–	3	3	2	7	9	5	5	10	–	4	4	5	9	14	Kells.
1	4	5	–	–	–	1	4	5	3	5	8	–	–	–	3	5	8	Navan.
–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	3	3	6	2	3	5	5	6	11	Oldcastle.
–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	3	3	1	2	3	1	5	6	Trim.
																		Queen's Co.:
1	3	4	1	1	2	2	4	6	3	7	10	1	1	2	4	8	12	Abbeyleix.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	Donaghmore.
–	3	3	–	1	1	–	4	4	1	3	4	2	1	3	3	4	7	Mountmellick.
																		Co. Westmeath:
–	3	3	–	2	2	–	5	5	2	3	5	–	4	4	2	7	9	Athlone.
2	1	3	–	–	–	2	1	3	3	1	4	–	–	–	3	1	4	Delvin.
1	6	7	–	5	5	1	11	12	3	8	11	–	5	5	3	13	16	Mullingar.
																		Co. Wexford:
2	4	6	1	3	4	3	7	10	3	9	12	2	6	8	5	15	20	Enniscorthy.
1	2	4	–	–	–	2	2	4	3	3	6	–	1	1	3	4	7	Gorey.
6	12	18	3	–	3	9	12	21	10	17	27	4	1	5	14	18	32	New Ross.
2	–	2	–	1	1	2	1	3	4	2	6	1	1	2	5	3	8	Wexford.
																		Co. Wicklow:
–	2	2	–	4	4	–	6	6	1	2	3	2	6	8	3	8	11	Baltinglass.
4	2	6	1	–	1	5	2	7	8	7	15	2	–	2	10	7	17	Rathdrum.
–	2	2	2	1	3	2	3	5	–	2	2	3	1	4	3	3	6	Shillelagh.
64	106	170	25	44	69	89	150	239	154	187	341	59	80	139	213	267	480	Total, Leinster.

[*continued.*

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Insane Persons in Union

No. 1.—Return showing the Number of Idiots in Union Workhouses,

Names of Unions, &c.	Simple Idiots, under 14 years of age.			Epileptic Idiots, under 14 years of age.			Total of the two preceding Classes.			Simple Idiots, 14 years and under 30.			Epileptic Idiots, 14 years and under 30.			Total of the two preceding Classes.		
CONNAUGHT.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Co. Galway:																		
Ballinasloe,	–	–	–	1	1	2	1	1	2	–	3	3	1	2	3	1	5	6
Clifden,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	2	2	–	1	1	–	3	3
Galway,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Glennamaddy,*	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	3
Gort,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Loughrea,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mount Bellew,	–	3	3	–	–	–	–	3	3	1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2
Oughterard,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2
Portumna,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Tuam,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	1	1
Co. Leitrim:																		
Carrick-on-Shannon,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Manorhamilton,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Mohill,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Co. Mayo:																		
Ballina,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	2	6	1	–	1	5	2	7
Ballinrobe,	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Belmullet,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	3	3	–	–	–	–	3	3
Castlebar,	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	1	1	1	–	1	–	3	3	1	3	4
Claremorris,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	3	7	1	–	1	5	3	8
Killala,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Newport,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	2	1	3	–	–	–	2	1	3
Swinford,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2
Westport,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1
Co. Roscommon:																		
Boyle,	3	–	3	–	–	–	3	–	3	5	2	7	1	3	4	6	5	11
Castlerea,	2	–	2	–	–	–	2	–	2	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Roscommon,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	3
Strokestown,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	3	3	6	2	–	2	5	3	8
Co. Sligo:																		
Dromore West,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	1	4	1	–	1	4	1	5
Sligo,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	3	–	–	–	2	1	3
Tobercurry,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	2	–	1	1	–	3	3
Total, Connaught,	6	8	16	1	3	4	9	11	20	31	29	60	9	13	22	40	42	82

SUMMARY OF

Ulster,	11	3	14	5	4	9	16	7	23	54	59	113	26	34	60	80	93	173
Munster,	18	14	32	5	3	8	23	17	40	67	82	149	26	47	73	93	129	222
Leinster,	14	8	22	3	1	4	17	9	26	76	73	149	31	35	66	107	108	215
Connaught,	6	6	16	1	3	4	9	11	20	31	29	60	9	13	22	40	42	82
Total, Ireland,	51	33	84	14	11	25	65	44	109	228	243	471	92	129	221	320	372	692

* Glennamaddy Union;—see note on Return No. 2.

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Workhouses, Ireland—*continued.*

Ireland, on the 1st March, 1866, classified under the following heads:—

Simple Idiots, over 30 years of age.			Epileptic Idiots, over 30 years of age.			Total of the two preceding Classes.			Total Simple Idiots.			Total Epileptic Idiots.			Gross Total of Simple and Epileptic Idiots.			Names of Unions, &c.
M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	CONNAUGHT.
																		Co. Galway:
–	–	–	2	1	3	2	1	3	–	3	3	4	4	8	4	7	11	Ballinasloe.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	3	–	1	1	–	4	4	Clifden.
1	4	5	–	–	–	1	4	5	1	4	5	–	–	–	1	4	5	Galway.
1	2	3	–	1	1	1	3	4	1	3	4	1	2	3	2	5	7	Glenamaddy.
1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2	1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2	Gort.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	Loughrea.
–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	1	5	6	–	–	–	1	5	6	Mount Bellew.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2	Oughterard.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Portumna.
1	2	3	1	1	2	2	3	5	2	2	4	1	2	3	3	4	7	Tuam.
																		Co. Leitrim:
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	Carrick-on-Shannon.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2	Manorhamilton.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Mohill.
																		Co. Mayo:
1	3	4	–	–	–	1	3	4	5	5	10	1	–	1	6	5	11	Ballina.
–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	1	1	–	1	1	–	2	2	Ballinrobe.
1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	4	5	–	–	–	1	4	5	Belmullet.
–	–	–	1	–	1	1	–	1	1	–	1	1	4	5	2	4	6	Castlebar.
1	2	3	–	–	–	1	2	3	5	5	10	1	–	1	6	5	11	Claremorris.
1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	2	–	2	–	–	–	2	–	2	Killala.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	1	4	–	–	–	3	1	4	Newport.
–	5	5	–	1	1	–	6	6	1	6	7	–	1	1	1	7	8	Swinford.
–	2	2	–	–	–	–	2	2	–	3	3	–	–	–	–	3	3	Westport.
																		Co. Roscommon:
3	5	8	–	1	1	3	6	9	11	7	18	1	4	5	12	11	23	Boyle.
3	1	4	–	3	3	3	4	7	6	1	7	–	3	3	6	4	10	Castlerea.
–	1	1	3	–	3	3	1	4	1	2	3	4	1	5	5	3	8	Roscommon.
1	3	4	–	2	2	1	5	6	4	7	11	2	2	4	6	9	15	Strokestown.
																		Co. Sligo:
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	1	4	1	–	1	4	1	5	Dromore West.
2	6	8	–	–	–	2	6	8	4	7	11	–	–	–	4	7	11	Sligo.
3	1	4	1	2	3	4	3	7	3	3	6	1	3	4	4	6	10	Tobercurry.
20	40	60	8	12	20	28	52	80	59	77	136	18	20	46	77	105	182	Total, Connaught.

PROVINCES.

78	126	204	30	49	79	108	175	283	143	186	331	61	87	148	204	275	479	Ulster.
75	111	186	21	49	70	96	160	256	160	207	367	52	99	151	212	306	518	Munster.
64	106	170	25	44	69	89	150	239	154	107	341	59	80	139	213	267	480	Leinster.
20	40	60	8	12	20	28	52	80	59	77	136	18	28	46	77	105	182	Connaught.
237	383	620	84	154	238	321	537	858	516	659	1,175	190	294	484	706	953	1,659	Total, Ireland.

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No. 2.—Return of the Number of Lunatics in Union Workhouses, Ireland, on 1st March, 1866, exclusive of Idiots and Epileptic Idiots.

Names of Unions.	Simple Lunatics.			Epileptic Lunatics.			Total of the two preceding Classes.		
PROVINCE OF ULSTER.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Co. Antrim.									
Antrim,	–	–	–	–	3	3	–	3	3
Ballycastle,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Ballymena,	3	–	3	–	–	–	3	–	3
Ballymoney,	–	2	2	–	–	–	–	2	2
Belfast,	24	30	54	11	32	43	35	62	97
Larne,	2	4	6	–	–	–	2	4	6
Lisburn,	1	4	5	7	3	10	8	7	15
Co. Armagh.									
Armagh,	3	8	11	1	5	6	4	13	17
Lurgan,	6	21	27	5	5	10	11	26	37
Co. Cavan.									
Bailieborough,	1	2	3	–	–	–	1	2	3
Bawnboy,	4	1	5	–	–	–	4	1	5
Cavan,	3	10	13	–	1	1	3	11	14
Cootehill,	1	6	7	1	1	2	2	7	9
Co. Donegal.									
Ballyshannon,	–	1	1	1	–	1	1	1	2
Donegal,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Dunfanaghy,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Glenties,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1
Inishowen,	14	16	30	1	–	1	15	16	31
Letterkenny,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Milford,	–	3	3	–	–	–	–	3	3
Stranorlar,	–	2	2	1	–	1	1	2	3
Co. Down.									
Banbridge,	2	2	4	1	–	1	3	2	5
Downpatrick,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kilkeel,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1
Newry,	6	9	15	–	3	3	6	12	18
Newtownards,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Co. Fermanagh.									
Enniskillen,	1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2
Irvinestown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Lisnaskea,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Co. Londonderry.									
Coleraine,	3	–	3	–	–	–	3	–	3
Londonderry,	9	10	19	–	–	–	9	10	19
Magherafelt,	1	2	3	–	1	1	1	3	4
Newtownlimavady,	1	6	7	–	–	–	1	6	7
Co. Monaghan.									
Carrickmacross,	1	3	4	–	–	–	1	3	4
Castleblayney,	–	2	2	–	–	–	–	2	2
Clones,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Monaghan,	4	2	6	–	–	–	4	2	6
Co. Tyrone.									
Castlederg,	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	–	1
Clogher,	–	2	2	–	–	–	–	2	2
Cookstown,	3	–	3	–	–	–	3	–	3
Dungannon,	2	2	4	–	–	–	2	2	4
Gortin,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Omagh,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Strabane,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total Ulster,	96	153	249	30	54	84	126	207	333

[*continued.*

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No. 2.—Return of the Number of Lunatics in Union Workhouses, Ireland, on 1st March, 1866, exclusive of Idiots and Epileptic Idiots—*con.*

Names of Unions.	Simple Lunatics.			Epileptic Lunatics.			Total of the two preceding Classes.		
PROVINCE OF MUNSTER.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Co. Clare.									
Ballyvaghan,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1
Corrofin,	–	3	3	–	–	–	–	3	3
Ennis,	–	3	3	–	–	–	–	3	3
Ennistymon,	1	3	4	–	2	2	1	5	6
Killadysert,	1	2	3	–	–	–	1	2	3
Kilrush,	2	3	5	4	1	5	6	4	10
Scariff,	–	1	1	–	1	1	–	2	2
Tulla,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Co. Cork.									
Bandon,	1	6	7	–	–	–	1	6	7
Bantry,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Castletown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Clonakilty,	2	1	3	–	–	–	2	1	3
Cork,	4	23	27	3	5	8	7	28	35
Dunmanway,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Fermoy,	–	1	1	–	1	1	–	2	2
Kanturk,	4	9	13	1	–	1	5	9	14
Kinsale,	4	–	4	1	3	4	5	3	8
Macroom,	–	5	5	–	–	–	–	5	5
Mallow,	–	4	4	–	–	–	–	4	4
Midleton,	1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2
Millstreet,	–	2	2	–	–	–	–	2	2
Mitchelstown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Skibbereen,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Skull,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1
Youghal,	3	2	5	–	–	–	3	2	5
Co. Kerry.									
Cahereiveen,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Dingle,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kenmare,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Killarney,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Listowel,	3	2	5	–	2	2	3	4	7
Tralee,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1
Co. Limerick.									
Croom,	1	5	6	–	2	2	1	7	8
Glin,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kilmallock,	2	8	10	1	–	1	3	8	11
Limerick,	13	35	48	1	8	9	14	43	57
Newcastle,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Rathkeale,	–	–	–	1	1	2	1	1	2
Co. Tipperary.									
Borrisokane,	1	–	1	–	1	1	1	1	2
Carrick-on-Suir,	2	2	4	1	2	3	3	4	7
Cashel,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Clogheen,	1	2	3	–	–	–	1	2	3
Clonmel,	–	2	2	–	–	–	–	2	2
Nenagh,	1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2
Roscrea,	1	5	6	–	–	–	1	5	6
Thurles,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Tipperary,	3	4	7	–	2	2	3	6	9
Co. Waterford.									
Dungarvan,	–	3	3	2	–	2	2	3	5
Kilmacthomas,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Lismore,	1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2
Waterford,	1	10	11	–	3	3	1	13	14
Total Munster,	57	152	209	15	34	49	72	186	258

[*continued.*

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No. 2.—Return of the Number of Lunatics in Union Workhouses, Ireland, on 1st March, 1866, exclusive of Idiots and Epileptic Idiots—*con.*

Names of Unions.	Simple Lunatics.			Epileptic Lunatics.			Total of the two preceding Classes.		
PROVINCE OF LEINSTER	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Co. Carlow.									
Carlow,	1	2	3	–	–	–	1	2	3
Co. Dublin.									
Balrothery,	–	1	1	3	3	6	3	4	7
Dublin, North,	15	28	43	15	19	34	30	47	77
Dublin, South,	33	44	77	27	9	33	60	56	110
Rathdown,	6	29	35	6	3	9	12	32	44
Co. Kildare.									
Athy,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Celbridge,	1	3	4	2	2	4	3	5	8
Naas,	1	1	2	–	1	1	1	2	3
Co. Kilkenny.									
Callan,	1	6	7	–	–	–	1	6	7
Castlecomer,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kilkenny,	6	26	26	2	1	3	8	21	29
Thomastown,	5	–	5	1	–	1	6	–	6
Urlingford,	–	–	–	–	2	2	–	2	2
King's Co.									
Edenderry,	1	2	3	–	1	1	1	3	4
Parsonstown,	–	2	2	–	–	–	–	2	2
Tullamore,	1	3	4	1	–	1	2	3	5
Co. Longford.									
Ballymahon,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Granard,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Longford,	2	–	2	–	–	–	2	–	2
Co. Louth.									
Ardee,	1	6	7	–	–	–	1	6	7
Drogheda,	–	4	4	–	3	3	–	7	7
Dundalk,	–	3	3	–	–	–	–	3	3
Co. Meath.									
Dunshaughlin,	3	3	6	–	–	–	3	3	6
Kells,	1	3	4	–	1	1	1	4	5
Navan,	3	3	6	1	2	3	4	5	9
Oldcastle,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1
Trim,	5	14	19	1	–	1	6	14	20
Queen's Co.									
Abbeyleix,	1	3	4	–	–	–	1	3	4
Donaghmore,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mountmellick,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Co. Westmeath.									
Athlone,	5	–	5	–	–	–	5	–	5
Delvin,	2	–	2	–	–	–	2	–	2
Mullingar,	4	3	7	1	3	4	5	6	11
Co. Wexford.									
Enniscorthy,	4	–	4	–	–	–	4	–	4
Gorey,	4	2	6	2	3	5	6	5	11
New Ross,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Wexford,	1	6	7	1	1	2	2	7	9
Co. Wicklow.									
Baltinglass,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Rathdrum,	1	5	6	–	–	–	1	5	6
Shillelagh,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total Leinster,	108	197	305	63	51	114	171	248	419

[*continued.*

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No. 2.—Return of the Number of Lunatics in Union Workhouses, Ireland, on 1st March, 1866, exclusive of Idiots and Epileptic Idiots—*con.*

Names of Unions.	Simple Lunatics.			Epileptic Lunatics.			Total of the two preceding Classes.		
PROVINCE OF CONNAUGHT.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Co. Galway.									
Ballinasloe,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Clifden,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Galway,	2	3	5	1	2	3	3	5	8
Glennamaddy,	2	–	2	1	–	1	3	–	3
Gort,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Loughrea,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mount Bellew,	1	1	2	–	2	2	1	3	4
Oughterard,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1
Portumna,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Tuam,	1	2	3	–	–	–	1	2	3
Co. Leitrim.									
Carrick-on-Shannon,	1	3	4	–	–	–	1	3	4
Manorhamilton,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1
Mohill,	–	–	–	4	1	5	4	1	5
Co. Mayo.									
Ballina,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Ballinrobe,	–	3	3	–	–	–	–	3	3
Belmullet,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Castlebar,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Claremorris,	1	2	3	–	–	–	1	2	3
Killala,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Newport,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Swinford,	–	2	2	–	–	–	–	2	2
Westport,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Co. Roscommon.									
Boyle,	1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2
Castlerea,	1	–	1	1	1	2	2	1	3
Roscommon,	1	3	4	–	–	–	1	3	4
Strokestown,	–	1	1	1	–	1	1	1	2
Co. Sligo.									
Dromore West,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Sligo,	–	7	7	2	3	5	2	10	12
Tobercurry,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1
Total Connaught,	15	30	45	10	9	19	25	39	64
SUMMARY OF PROVINCES.									
Ulster,	96	153	249	30	54	84	126	207	333
Munster,	57	152	209	15	34	49	72	186	258
Leinster,	108	197	305	63	51	114	171	248	419
Connaught,	15	30	45	10	9	19	25	39	64
Total Ireland,	276	532	808	118	148	266	394	680	1,074

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APPENDIX

No. 1.—Table showing the Number of Patients who were in District Discharges, Escapes, and Deaths,

Asylums.	Patients in District Asylums on 31st December, 1864.			Admitted during Year ending 31st December, 1865.			Total under treatment during the Year 1865.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Armagh,	73	71	144	36	21	57	109	92	201
Ballinasloe,	178	165	343	46	30	76	224	195	419
Belfast,	201	164	365	37	47	84	238	211	449
Carlow,	110	95	205	29	27	56	139	122	261
Clonmel:									
Parent Asylum,	55	53	108	41	35	76	96	88	184
Additional Asylum,	95	60	155	18	7	25	113	67	180
Cork,	246	244	490	84	94	178	330	338	668
Kilkenny,	80	76	156	13	8	21	93	84	177
Killarney,	144	89	233	27	17	44	171	106	277
Limerick.	224	217	441	40	40	80	264	257	521
Londonderry,	119	112	231	17	27	44	136	139	275
Maryborough,	93	85	178	38	20	58	131	105	236
Mullingar,	150	141	291	27	30	57	177	171	348
Omagh,	185	146	331	57	40	97	242	186	428
Richmond,	327	386	713	92	123	215	419	509	928
Sligo,	110	81	191	43	35	78	153	116	269
Waterford,	75	79	154	19	26	45	94	105	199
Total,	2,465	2,264	4,729	664	627	1,291	3,129	2,891	6,020

Asylums.	Escaped during the Year.			Deaths during year 1865. From Natural Causes.			Deaths during year 1865. From Accidental Causes.			Total Deaths.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Armagh,	–	1	1	9	4	13	–	–	–	9	4	13
Ballinasloe,	–	–	–	19	18	37	–	–	–	19	18	37
Belfast,	1	–	1	9	12	21	1	–	1	10	12	22
Carlow,	–	–	–	13	11	24	–	–	–	13	11	24
Clonmel:												
Parent Asylum,	–	–	–	–	4	4	–	–	–	–	4	4
Additional Asylum,	–	–	–	14	5	19	–	–	–	14	5	19
Cork,	–	–	–	24	24	48	–	–	–	24	24	48
Kilkenny,	–	–	–	2	7	9	–	–	–	2	7	9
Killarney,	–	–	–	8	5	13	–	–	–	8	5	13
Limerick,	–	–	–	11	10	21	–	1	1*	11	11	22
Londonderry,	1	–	1	7	8	15	–	–	–	7	8	15
Maryborough,	1	–	1	16	10	26	–	–	–	16	10	26
Mullingar,	–	–	–	7	6	13	–	–	–	7	6	13
Omagh,	–	–	–	12	13	25	–	1	1	12	14	26
Richmond,	–	–	–	32	47	79	–	–	–	32	47	79
Sligo,	–	1	1	8	6	14	–	–	–	8	6	14
Waterford,	–	–	–	12	4	16	–	–	–	12	4	16
Total,	3	2	5	203	194	397	1	2	3	204	196	400

* Drowned herself in a canal after having escaped.

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B.

Asylums on the 31st December, 1865; also the Number of Admissions, during the Year ending thereon.

Discharged during the Year 1865.									Total Discharged.			Asylums.
Recovered.			Improved.			Unimproved.						
M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	
1	8	7	0	1	7	3	1	4	10	8	18	Armagh.
20	16	36	–	–	–	–	–	–	20	16	36	Ballinasloe.
20	31	51	7	7	14	–	–	–	27	38	65	Belfast.
15	14	29	2	3	5	–	–	–	17	17	34	Carlow.
												Clonmel:
15	15	30	1	2	3	18	9	27†	34	26	60	Parent Asylum.
1	–	1	–	–	–	3	–	3	4	–	4	Additional Asylum.
39	55	94	6	7	13	–	1	1	45	63	108	Cork.
4	6	10	1	1	2	–	–	–	5	7	12	Kilkenny.
17	6	23	4	6	10	1	–	1	22	12	34	Killarney.
25	18	43	2	5	7	2	4	6	29	27	56	Limerick.
8	17	25	1	1	2	2	–	2	11	18	29	Londonderry.
15	0	24	2	3	5	1	2	3	18	14	32	Maryborough.
14	15	29	10	3	13	1	–	1	25	18	43	Mullingar.
22	21	43	5	5	10	7	2	9	34	28	62	Omagh.
57	51	108	5	5	10	1	1	2	63	57	120	Richmond.
15	15	30	3	2	5	–	–	–	18	17	35	Sligo.
5	8	13	4	13	17	2	–	2	11	21	32	Waterford.
293	303	596	59	64	123	41	20	61	393	387	780	Total.

Total Discharges, Deaths, and Escapes.			Remaining in Asylums on 31st December, 1865.			Asylums.
M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	
19	13	32	90	79	169	Armagh.
39	34	73	185	161	340	Ballinasloe.
38	50	88	200	161	361	Belfast.
30	28	58	109	94	203	Carlow.
						Clonmel:
34	30	64	62	58	120	Parent Asylum.
18	5	23	95	62	157	Additional Asylum.
69	87	156	261	251	512	Cork.
7	14	21	86	70	156	Kilkenny.
30	17	47	141	89	230	Killarney.
40	38	78	224	219	443	Limerick.
19	26	45	117	113	230	Londonderry.
35	24	59	96	81	177	Maryborough.
32	24	56	145	147	292	Mullingar.
48	42	88	196	144	340	Omagh.
95	104	199	324	405	729	Richmond.
26	24	50	127	92	219	Sligo.
23	25	48	71	80	151	Waterford.
600	585	1,185	2,529	2,306	4,835	Total.

† Twenty-five of these cases being considered chronic were sent to the Clonmel Additional Asylum.

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No. 2.—Table showing the Ages of Patients Admitted, ending 31st

Asylums.	Admitted.														
	Under 10 years.			10 to 20 years.			20 to 30 years.			30 to 40 years.			40 to 50 years.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Armagh,	–	–	–	2	1	3	14	4	18	10	7	17	7	2	9
Ballinasloe,	–	–	–	5	5	10	19	14	33	6	3	9	5	4	9
Belfast,	–	–	–	4	3	7	10	13	23	8	12	20	8	12	20
Carlow,	–	–	–	3	4	7	9	12	21	6	8	14	5	2	7
Clonmel:															
Parent Asylum,	1	–	1	8	6	14	16	14	24	12	6	18	5	5	10
Additional Asylum,	–	–	–	–	–	–	9	1	10	–	4	4	6	2	8
Cork,	–	–	–	7	6	13	30	33	63	28	16	47	8	16	24
Kilkenny,	–	–	–	1	1	2	5	3	8	2	8	5	3	1	4
Killarney,	–	–	–	4	1	5	11	6	17	6	3	9	4	5	9
Limerick,	–	–	–	5	6	11	20	10	36	5	7	12	5	7	12
Londonderry,	–	–	–	2	4	6	4	11	15	5	6	11	3	4	7
Maryborough,	–	–	–	3	5	8	13	4	17	7	2	9	6	4	16
Mullingar,	–	–	–	4	3	7	11	15	26	7	4	11	2	4	6
Omagh,	–	–	–	6	2	8	12	12	24	15	7	22	11	9	26
Richmond,	–	–	–	8	20	28	27	43	70	30	20	50	12	16	28
Sligo,	–	–	–	3	3	6	13	17	30	13	5	18	6	4	16
Waterford,	–	–	–	3	3	6	7	5	12	5	7	12	2	6	8
Total,	1	–	1	68	73	141	224	217	441	165	123	288	98	103	201

Asylums.	Discharged														
	Under 10 years.			10 to 20 years.			20 to 30 years.			30 to 40 years.			40 to 50 years.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Armagh,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	2	1	2	3	–	1	1
Ballinasloe,	–	–	–	3	–	3	2	11	13	8	5	13	8	–	6
Belfast,	–	–	–	–	2	2	3	6	9	7	9	16	5	10	15
Carlow,	–	–	–	1	4	5	5	3	8	4	4	8	2	2	4
Clonmel:															
Parent Asylum,	–	–	–	1	2	3	3	5	8	5	5	10	4	3	7
Additional Asylum,	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
Cork,	–	–	–	5	7	12	13	26	33	14	16	24	6	8	14
Kilkenny,	–	–	–	2	–	2	2	1	3	–	3	3	–	2	2
Killarney,	–	–	–	1	–	1	4	5	9	8	–	8	3	1	4
Limerick,	–	–	–	7	2	6	16	5	15	4	2	6	1	4	5
Londonderry,	–	–	–	1	2	3	3	6	0	2	4	6	2	3	5
Maryborough,	–	–	–	2	2	4	3	2	5	6	1	7	3	2	5
Mullingar,	–	–	–	3	2	5	5	6	11	2	4	6	3	2	5
Omagh,	–	–	–	3	1	4	6	4	16	4	3	7	5	6	11
Richmond,	–	–	–	5	10	15	15	18	33	24	9	33	4	8	12
Sligo,	–	–	–	2	2	4	3	5	8	3	1	4	3	5	8
Waterford,	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	3	5	2	2	4	–	–	–
Total,	–	–	–	36	37	73	86	162	182	94	84	158	47	57	104

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and of those Discharged Recovered, during the Year
December, 1865.

Admitted.												Asylums.
50 to 60 years.			60 to 70 years.			70 and upwards.			Total Admitted.			
M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	
1	7	8	2	–	2	–	–	–	30	21	57	Armagh.
11	3	14	–	1	1	–	–	–	46	30	78	Ballinasloe.
4	3	7	3	4	7	–	–	–	37	47	84	Belfast.
4	1	5	2	–	2	–	–	–	29	27	58	Carlow.
												Clonmel:
5	4	9	–	–	–	–	–	–	41	35	76	Parent Asylum.
–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–	3	18	7	25	Additional Asylum.
9	14	23	1	4	5	1	2	3	84	94	178	Cork.
2	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	13	8	21	Kilkenny.
–	–	–	2	2	4	–	–	–	27	17	44	Killarney.
3	4	7	2	8	8	–	–	–	40	40	80	Limerick.
3	1	4	–	1	1	–	–	–	17	27	44	Londonderry.
5	4	9	3	1	4	–	–	–	38	20	58	Maryborough.
2	4	0	–	–	–	1	–	1	27	30	57	Mullingar.
7	3	10	4	5	9	2	2	4	57	40	97	Omagh.
7	15	22	2	5	7	0	4	10	92	123	215	Richmond.
3	3	6	4	2	6	1	1	2	43	35	78	Sligo.
1	4	5	1	1	2	–	–	–	19	26	45	Waterford.
67	70	137	26	32	58	14	9	23	664	627	1,291	Total.

Recovered.												Asylums.
50 to 60 years.			60 and upwards.			Age not specified.			Total Discharged Recovered.			
M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	
–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	6	7	Armagh.
1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	20	18	36	Ballinasloe.
2	4	6	3	–	3	–	–	–	20	31	51	Belfast.
2	1	3	1	–	1	–	–	–	15	14	29	Carlow.
												Clonmel:
2	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	15	15	30	Parent Asylum.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	Additional Asylum.
1	6	7	–	3	3	–	1	1	39	55	94	Cork.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	0	10	Kilkenny.
1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	17	8	23	Killarney.
1	3	4	2	2	4	–	–	–	25	18	43	Limerick.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	2	8	17	25	Londonderry.
–	1	1	1	1	2	–	–	–	15	9	24	Maryborough.
–	1	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	14	15	29	Mullingar.
8	2	5	1	4	5	–	1	1	22	21	43	Omagh.
7	4	11	1	–	1	1	2	3	57	51	108	Richmond.
2	–	2	2	1	3	–	1	1	15	15	30	Sligo.
1	2	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	8	13	Waterford.
23	25	48	11	11	22	2	7	9	293	303	596	Total.

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No. 3.—Table showing the duration of Disease previous to
Year ending 31st

Asylums.	Months.									Years.								
	Under 3.			3 to 6.			6 to 9.			Under 1.			1 to 2.			2 to 3.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Armagh,	1	3	4	–	1	1	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–
Ballinasloe,	10	10	20	4	4	8	–	–	–	4	1	5	1	–	1	–	1	1
Belfast,	14	18	32	2	8	10	–	2	2	3	1	4	1	–	1	–	1	1
Carlow,	1	1	2	1	2	3	–	1	1	1	1	2	2	–	2	1	1	2
Clonmel:																		
Parent Asylum,	7	7	14	1	3	4	2	1	3	1	3	4	2	–	2	–	–	–
Additional Asylum,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Cork,	38	44	82	–	5	5	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	3	3	1	–	1
Kilkenny,	3	4	7	1	–	1	–	1	1	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
Killarney,	10	5	15	1	1	2	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Limerick,	14	8	22	6	4	10	2	2	4	1	2	3	–	–	–	–	–	–
Londonderry,	4	11	15	3	3	6	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	2	2	–	–	–
Maryborough,	6	3	9	1	2	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	2	–	1	1
Mullingar,	4	5	9	1	3	4	1	3	4	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–
Omagh,	8	7	15	–	3	3	1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2	1	–	1
Richmond,	26	18	44	11	7	18	2	1	3	3	3	6	1	6	7	2	–	2
Sligo,	10	12	22	5	2	7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Waterford,	4	6	10	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total,	160	162	322	38	48	86	10	14	24	13	12	25	11	13	24	5	4	9

No. 4.—Table showing the length of Residence in
Year ending 31st

Asylums.	Months.															Years.					
	Under 4.			4 to 6.			6 to 8.			8 to 12			12 to 18.			Under 2.			2 to 3.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Armagh,	–	3	3	–	2	2	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Ballinasloe,	10	9	19	3	3	6	–	3	3	1	1	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	2
Belfast,	5	10	15	3	0	9	1	2	3	1	3	4	2	4	6	3	2	5	2	2	4
Carlow,	3	3	6	2	3	5	3	1	4	1	3	4	1	1	2	2	–	2	–	2	2
Clonmel:																					
Parent Asylum,	5	4	9	4	5	9	2	2	4	1	2	3	1	1	2	1	–	1	1	1	2
Additional Asylum,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Cork,	24	25	49	9	17	26	2	4	6	2	6	8	–	–	–	2	1	3	–	–	–
Kilkenny,	–	1	1	–	–	–	2	1	3	1	–	1	–	2	2	1	–	1	–	–	–
Killarney,	6	2	8	3	2	5	2	1	3	2	1	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–	3
Limerick,	11	7	18	3	3	6	3	1	4	5	4	9	1	3	4	1	–	1	1	–	1
Londonderry,	2	3	5	1	5	6	1	3	4	–	3	3	3	1	4	–	–	–	1	1	2
Maryborough,	6	1	7	–	1	1	1	2	3	–	1	1	1	3	4	1	–	1	2	–	2
Mullingar,	4	6	10	3	1	4	1	3	4	1	2	3	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	–	–
Omagh,	7	12	19	3	4	7	5	1	6	2	3	5	2	1	3	2	–	2	–	–	–
Richmond,	12	23	35	19	8	27	6	8	14	7	6	13	1	–	1	5	3	8	3	2	5
Sligo,	12	7	19	2	4	8	–	2	2	1	1	2	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–
Waterford,	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	1	2	1	5	6	2	–	2	–	1	1	–	1	1
Total,	108	118	224	55	64	119	30	35	65	27	42	69	14	16	30	19	9	28	15	9	24

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Admission of Patients Discharged Recovered, during the December, 1865.

Years.																		Total Discharged Recovered.			Asylums.
3 to 4.			4 to 5.			5 to 6.			6 to 8.			8 and upwards.			Period not specified.						
M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	6	7	Armagh.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	20	16	36	Ballinasloe.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	20	31	51	Belfast.
1	–	1	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	7	8	15	15	14	29	Carlow.
																					Clonmel:
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	2	–	2	–	–	–	15	15	30	Parent Asylum.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	–	1	Additional Asylum.
–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	39	55	94	Cork.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	6	10	Kilkenny.
2	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	2	–	2	17	6	23	Killarney.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	1	3	25	18	43	Limerick.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	8	17	25	Londonderry.
1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	1	–	1	4	2	6	15	9	24	Maryborough.
1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	6	3	9	14	15	29	Mullingar.
–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	11	8	19	22	21	43	Omagh.
1	1	2	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	11	14	25	57	51	108	Richmond.
–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	15	15	30	Sligo.
–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	5	8	13	Waterford.
6	3	9	1	2	3	–	3	3	2	2	4	3	3	6	44	37	81	293	303	596	Total.

Asylums of Patients Discharged Recovered, during the December, 1865.

Years.																					Total Discharged Recovered.			Asylums.
3 to 4.			4 to 5.			5 to 6.			6 to 7.			7 to 8.			8 to 9.			9 and upwards.						
M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	
1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	6	7	Armagh.
–	–	–	2	–	2	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	20	16	36	Ballinasloe.
1	–	1	–	–	–	–	2	2	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	20	31	51	Belfast.
–	–	–	1	–	1	–	1	1	1	–	1	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	15	14	29	Carlow.
																								Clonmel:
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	15	15	30	Parent Asylum.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	Additional Asylum.
–	2	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	39	55	94	Cork.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	6	10	Kilkenny.
1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	17	6	23	Killarney.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	25	18	43	Limerick.
–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	8	17	25	Londonderry.
1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	2	15	9	24	Maryborough.
–	–	–	1	–	1	2	1	3	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	1	1	–	–	–	14	15	29	Mullingar.
–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	22	21	43	Omagh.
2	–	2	–	1	1	1	–	1	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	57	51	108	Richmond.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	15	15	30	Sligo.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	8	13	Waterford.
6	2	8	4	2	6	4	4	8	5	2	7	3	1	4	–	1	1	3	–	3	293	303	596	Total.

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No. 5.—Table showing Authority for the Admission of Patients Received into District Asylums during the Year ending 31st December, 1865.

Asylums.	Ordinary Cases admitted by the Board.			Cases admitted by Medical Superintendent as "urgent"			"Dangerous Lunatics" admitted under Warrant of Lord Lieutenant.			Lunatics charged with Offences admitted under Warrant of Lord Lieutenant.			Lunatics detained in Gaols in default of bail, admitted under Warrant of Lord Lieutenant.			Total admitted during Year.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Armagh,	4	6	10	4	2	6	28	8	36	–	3	3	–	–	–	36	21	57
Ballinasloe,	17	13	30	3	3	6	25	14	39	1	–	1	–	–	–	46	30	76
Belfast,	31	31	62	6	11	17	–	3	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	37	47	84
Carlow,	20	18	38	2	1	3	6	7	13	1	1	2	–	–	–	29	27	56
Clonmel:																		
Parent Asylum,	11	13	24	12	12	24	18	10	28	–	–	–	–	–	–	41	35	76
Additional Asylum,	18	7	25	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	18	7	25
Cork,	17	21	38	46	50	96	13	18	31	3	3	10	3	–	3	84	94	178
Kilkenny,	3	0	3	5	4	9	5	4	9	–	–	–	–	–	–	13	8	21
Killarney,	8	7	15	13	9	22	6	1	7	–	–	–	–	–	–	27	17	44
Limerick,	9	0	18	13	16	29	18	14	32	–	1	1	–	–	–	40	40	80
Londonderry,	4	13	17	7	12	19	6	2	8	–	–	–	–	–	–	17	27	44
Maryborough,	17	13	30	4	4	8	16	3	19	–	–	–	–	–	–	38	20	58
Mullingar,	4	13	17	10	10	20	13	7	20	–	–	–	–	–	–	27	30	57
Omagh,	6	7	13	43	27	70	7	5	12	1	1	2	1	–	1	57	40	97
Richmond,	26	33	59	25	37	62	41	52	93	–	1	1	–	–	–	92	123	215
Sligo,	2	1	3	39	32	71	2	2	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	43	35	78
Waterford,	4	11	15	6	7	13	8	8	16	1	–	1	–	–	–	13	26	45
Total,	200	216	416	238	237	475	212	160	372	3	14	23	4	–	4	664	627	1,291

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No. 6.—Table showing the Cause of Death of Patients who died in Irish District Asylums during the Year ending 31st December, 1865.

Asylums.	Abdominal Affections.			Cerebral Affections.			Consumption and Diseases of Lungs.			Disease of Heart and Arteries			Debility and Old Age.			Fever and Other Diseases.			Accident, Violence, or Suicide			Total Deaths.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Armagh,	–	–	–	2	1	3	1	2	3	–	–	–	6	–	6	–	1	1	–	–	–	9	4	13
Ballinasloe,	5	–	6	7	4	11	7	12	19	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	2	–	–	–	19	18	37
Belfast,	–	2	2	2	2	4	1	3	4	–	2	2	5	3	8	1	–	1	1	–	1	10	12	22
Carlow,	2	–	2	6	1	7	3	6	6	–	–	–	1	4	6	1	–	1	–	–	–	13	11	24
Clonmel.																								
Parent Asylum,	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	2	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	4
Additional Asylum,	–	–	–	2	1	3	1	–	1	–	–	–	11	4	15	–	–	–	–	–	–	14	5	19
Cork,	6	2	8	5	3	8	6	9	14	–	1	1	7	7	14	1	2	3	–	–	–	24	24	48
Kilkenny,	–	1	1	1	1	2	–	4	4	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	7	9
Killarney,	1	1	2	2	–	2	1	4	5	1	–	1	3	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	8	5	13
Limerick,	3	1	4	3	2	6	–	1	1	–	–	–	6	1	6	–	1	1	–	1	1	11	11	22
Londonderry,	–	–	–	3	–	3	1	4	6	–	–	–	1	3	4	2	1	3	–	–	–	7	8	15
Maryborough,	7	3	10	5	–	6	2	4	6	–	–	–	1	2	3	1	1	2	–	–	–	10	10	26
Mullingar,	2	1	3	3	–	3	–	3	3	1	1	2	1	1	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	7	6	13
Omagh,	2	5	7	5	–	5	4	3	7	–	1	1	1	4	5	–	–	–	–	1	1	12	14	26
Richmond,	11	8	20	15	13	28	5	24	29	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	–	–	32	47	79
Sligo,	2	2	4	2	1	3	3	3	6	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	8	6	14
Waterford,	1	–	1	5	–	5	3	–	3	–	1	1	3	3	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	12	4	16
Total,	42	27	68	68	30	98	37	83	120	3	6	9	46	35	81	7	9	16	1	2	3	204	196	400

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No. 7.—Table showing the Number of Relapsed Cases admitted into Irish District Asylums during the Year ending 31st December, 1865.

Asylums.	In Asylum Once before.			In Asylum Twice before.			In Asylum Three times before			In Asylum Four times before.			In Asylum Five times before.			In Asylum Six times before, or oftener.			Total Cases of Relapse		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M	F.	T	M.	F.	T.
Armagh,	3	1	4	–	1	1	–	1	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	4	3	7
Ballinasloe,	8	5	13	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	9	5	14
Belfast,	3	7	10	2	1	3	2	–	2	1	–	1	–	2	2	–	–	–	8	10	18
Carlow,	2	2	4	–	2	2	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	5	7
Clonmel:																					
Parent Asylum,	2	1	3	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	3	5
Additional Asylum,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Cork,	13	12	25	5	2	7	2	–	2	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	2	22	15	37
Kilkenny,	1	–	1	1	1	2	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	2	4
Killarney,	5	5	10	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	6	11
Limerick,	3	4	7	1	2	3	4	2	6	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	9	8	17
Londonderry,	5	6	15	4	3	7	2	3	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	11	14	25
Maryborough,	8	3	11	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	8	5	13
Mullingar,	2	5	7	1	2	3	1	3	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	10	14
Omagh,	5	–	5	1	3	4	1	2	3	1	–	1	3	–	3	2	2	4	13	7	20
Richmond,	11	13	24	2	1	3	1	1	2	1	–	1	–	1	1	–	–	–	15	16	31
Sligo,	8	4	12	2	2	4	1	1	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	11	7	18
Waterford,	2	5	7	1	2	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	7	10
Total,	81	75	156	20	25	45	14	15	29	5	1	6	4	5	9	4	2	6	128	123	251

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No. 8.—Table showing the Form of Mental Disease in Patients admitted into Irish District Asylums during the Year ending 31st December, 1865.

Asylums.	Mania.			Melancholia.			Dementia.			Monomania.			Imbecility.			Idiocy			Mental Affections complicated with Epilepsy.			Total.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Armagh,	33	18	51	1	2	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	2	36	21	57
Ballinasloe,	39	27	66	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	7	2	9	46	30	76
Belfast,	22	33	55	9	11	20	1	–	1	5	3	8	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	37	47	84
Carlow,	18	13	31	5	11	16	–	1	1	3	2	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–	3	29	27	56
Clonmel																								
Parent Asylum,	28	20	48	4	5	9	3	5	8	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	5	4	9	41	35	76
Additional Asylum,	5	2	7	–	–	–	4	–	4	1	1	2	5	1	6	1	3	4	2	–	2	18	7	25
Cork,	58	70	128	8	11	19	6	7	13	5	6	11	1	–	1	1	–	1	3	–	3	84	94	178
Kilkenny,	8	5	13	4	2	6	1	1	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	13	8	21
Killarney,	14	9	23	1	4	5	6	3	9	–	–	–	4	1	5	–	–	–	2	–	2	27	17	44
Limerick,	34	28	62	6	7	13	–	–	–	–	2	2	–	1	1	–	1	1	–	1	1	40	40	80
Londonderry,	13	21	34	4	5	9	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	17	27	44
Maryborough,	25	9	34	6	7	13	–	1	1	3	2	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	1	5	38	20	58
Mullingar,	20	23	43	3	–	3	1	1	2	2	4	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	2	3	27	30	57
Omagh,	40	28	68	10	10	20	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	3	3	1	4	2	–	2	57	40	97
Richmond,	58	71	129	18	34	52	8	2	10	2	9	11	–	–	–	–	1	1	6	6	12	92	125	215
Sligo,	23	20	43	13	9	22	1	–	1	3	4	7	1	2	3	–	–	–	2	–	2	43	35	78
Waterford,	16	19	35	–	2	2	2	2	4	1	2	3	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	19	26	45
Total,	484	416	870	92	120	212	35	23	58	25	35	60	13	8	21	6	9	15	39	16	55	664	627	1,291

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No. 9.—Table showing the Form of Disease of Patients remaining in District Asylums on 31st December, 1865

Asylums.	Mania.			Melancholia			Dementia.			Monomania.			Imbecility.			Idiocy.			Mental Affections complicated with Epilepsy.			Total.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Armagh,	77	91	139	2	5	7	10	12	22	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	–	–	90	76	166
Ballinasloe,	137	101	238	1	3	4	2	4	6	1	1	2	13	30	43	2	2	4	26	60	49	185	161	346
Belfast,	128	104	232	33	23	56	6	6	12	20	22	42	–	–	–	–	–	–	13	8	19	200	161	361
Carlow,	74	56	130	12	17	29	9	13	22	7	7	14	–	–	–	–	–	–	7	1	6	109	94	203
Clonmel:																								
Parent Asylum,	50	39	89	6	5	7	9	6	11	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	2	9	11	92	58	120
Additional Asylum,	22	20	42	1	2	3	9	2	11	5	3	8	33	16	49	5	6	11	20	13	33	95	62	157
Cork,	106	89	198	29	37	66	21	28	49	25	24	49	45	38	83	11	21	32	21	14	35	261	251	512
Kilkenny,	54	38	92	8	17	25	7	6	13	11	6	17	–	–	–	1	–	1	5	3	8	86	70	156
Killarney,	63	31	96	13	21	34	34	33	67	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	8	4	12	141	89	230
Limerick,	136	112	248	33	46	84	26	35	61	1	1	2	–	1	1	9	10	19	14	14	28	224	219	443
Londonderry,	67	82	149	14	8	22	14	9	23	18	9	27	–	–	–	–	1	1	4	4	8	117	113	230
Maryborough,	65	42	107	9	16	25	2	4	6	4	9	13	3	4	7	–	–	–	13	9	19	96	81	177
Mullingar,	96	85	181	14	29	43	6	2	8	9	13	22	–	–	–	5	6	11	15	12	27	145	147	292
Omagh,	118	74	192	21	20	41	12	18	30	–	1	1	16	16	32	13	6	16	16	9	25	196	144	340
Richmond,	156	240	396	67	83	150	27	27	54	18	22	40	–	–	–	6	7	13	50	26	76	324	405	729
Sligo,	50	41	91	20	11	31	27	26	53	10	2	12	2	4	6	2	2	4	16	6	22	127	92	219
Waterford,	33	35	68	4	10	14	14	20	34	6	3	9	8	6	14	3	3	6	3	3	6	71	80	151
Total,	1437	1250	2687	288	353	641	252	250	502	136	123	259	121	115	236	59	65	124	236	150	386	2529	2306	4835

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No. 10.—Table showing the supposed Cause of Mental Disease of Patients in District Asylums on 31st December, 1865.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Moral Causes.			
Poverty and reverse of fortune,	101	118	219
Grief, fear, and anxiety,	92	180	272
Love, jealousy, and seduction,	48	92	140
Domestic quarrels and afflictions,	38	62	100
Religious excitement,	50	73	123
Study and mental excitement,	54	6	80
Ill-treatment,	6	26	32
Pride,	5	4	9
Anger,	3	8	11
Total Moral Causes,	397	569	966
Physical Causes.			
Intemperance and irregularity of life,	241	74	315
Cerebral diseases,	150	95	245
Congenital idiocy, &c.,	54	46	100
Febrile affections,	23	86	89
Effects of climate, sunstroke, &c.,	56	8	64
Bodily injuries and disorders,	121	61	182
Abuse of Medicine,	18	2	20
Sedentary Occupations,	14	6	20
Total Physical Causes,	677	358	1,035
Hereditary Predisposition,	304	272	576
Not known,	1,151	1,107	2,258
Total in District Asylums,	2,529	2,306	4,835

No. 11.—Class of Life or previous Occupation of Patients in District Asylums on 31st December, 1865.

Class of Life or Occupation.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Labouring class,	1,121	438	1,557
Farming,	272	154	426
Domestic Servants,	64	412	476
Clerks,	38	–	38
Shopkeepers,	41	38	79
Tailors and Seamstresses,	42	151	193
Artisans,	54	–	54
Painters and Glaziers,	21	–	21
Smiths and Workers in Metals,	24	–	24
Masons and Bricklayers,	29	–	29
Carpenters,	63	–	63
Weavers,	46	14	60
Shoemakers,	78	2	80
Hatters,	8	–	8
Factory Workers,	12	10	22
Victuallers,	18	–	18
Pedlers and Hucksters,	12	25	37
Lawyers,	6	–	6
Medical Men,	18	–	16
Members of Religious Communities,	23	6	29
Students and Teachers,	42	16	58
Soldiers and Pensioners,	121	–	121
Police,	27	–	27
Sailors,	23	–	23
Publicans,	7	–	7
Mendicants,	18	51	67
Various Employments,	86	134	220
No occupation, or unknown,	221	857	1,078
Total,	2,529	2,306	4,835

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No. 12.—Table showing the Social Condition of Patients in District Asylums on 31st December, 1865.

Asylums.	Married.			Single.			Widowed.			Unknown.			Total.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Armagh,	16	26	42	70	50	126	2	3	5	2	–	2	90	79	169
Ballinasloe,	36	42	78	116	43	153	3	16	19	30	00	06	185	101	346
Belfast,	43	40	83	153	105	258	4	16	20	–	–	–	200	161	361
Carlow,	27	16	46	49	46	65	11	10	30	22	10	32	109	04	203
Clonmel:															
Parent Asylum,	18	21	36	30	26	50	4	2	6	10	15	25	62	58	120
Additional Asylum,	5	10	15	64	38	102	2	4	6	24	10	34	65	62	157
Cork,	51	51	102	203	172	375	7	28	85	–	–	–	261	251	512
Kilkenny,	8	22	30	76	46	122	2	2	4	–	–	–	86	76	156
Killarney,	27	28	55	99	52	151	6	9	18	6	–	0	141	86	230
Limerick,	43	57	106	175	136	314	4	14	18	2	0	11	224	216	443
Londonderry,	32	29	61	75	66	141	10	18	28	–	–	–	117	113	230
Maryborough,	12	12	24	83	56	139	–	13	13	1	–	1	96	81	177
Mullingar,	25	34	56	114	67	211	–	8	8	6	8	14	145	147	292
Omagh,	43	33	76	150	97	247	3	13	16	–	1	1	196	144	340
Richmond,	64	66	160	238	237	475	5	25	36	17	47	64	324	405	726
Sligo,	28	15	43	68	68	166	1	6	10	–	–	–	127	62	216
Waterford,	13	16	32	56	48	104	2	13	15	–	–	–	71	80	151
Total,	461	554	1,045	1,843	1,380	3,223	66	212	281	126	160	280	2,529	2,306	4,835

No. 13.—Classification of Patients in District Asylums on 31st December, 1865.

Asylums.	Convalescent.			Quiet and Orderly but Insane.			Moderately Tranquil.			Noisy and Refractory.			Total.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Armagh,	2	3	5	46	19	56	26	15	35	28	42	70	90	79	169
Ballinasloe,	4	3	7	60	56	116	56	44	100	65	58	123	185	161	346
Belfast,	39	32	71	51	46	97	71	40	111	36	43	82	200	161	361
Carlow,	10	11	21	34	27	61	47	31	78	18	25	43	109	04	203
Clonmel:															
Parent Asylum,	15	18	33	17	10	36	13	11	24	17	10	27	62	58	120
Additional Asylum,	–	–	–	59	27	86	10	18	28	26	17	43	95	62	157
Cork,	25	16	44	92	100	192	102	51	153	42	81	123	261	251	512
Kilkenny,	4	3	7	14	13	27	38	28	66	30	26	56	86	70	156
Killarney,	4	3	7	54	36	90	72	46	112	11	10	21	141	89	230
Limerick,	15	17	32	94	63	157	68	54	122	47	85	132	224	219	443
Londonderry,	32	26	61	75	66	141	10	18	28	–	–	–	117	113	230
Maryborough,	1	3	4	34	24	58	36	29	65	25	25	50	96	81	177
Mullingar,	12	10	22	79	58	137	46	30	79	14	40	54	145	147	292
Omagh,	12	14	26	122	55	177	38	37	76	29	38	67	196	144	340
Richmond,	2	8	10	166	244	446	161	127	228	25	26	51	324	405	729
Sligo,	–	–	–	49	13	62	11	24	35	67	55	122	127	62	216
Waterford,	4	5	9	26	22	48	3	10	13	38	43	81	71	80	151
Total,	181	178	856	1,066	888	1,984	731	616	1,347	521	624	1,145	2,529	2,306	4,835

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No. 14.—Table showing the Educational Condition of Patients in District Asylums on 31st December, 1865.

Asylums.	Well Educated.			Can Read and Write well			Can Read and Write indifferently.			Can Read only.			Cannot Read.			Unascertained.			Total.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Armagh,	6	4	10	12	4	10	27	11	38	14	18	32	23	39	62	8	8	11	90	73	169
Ballinasloe,	10	2	12	28	18	40	41	30	71	15	10	25	68	86	154	23	15	38	185	161	340
Belfast,	20	8	28	102	54	156	28	24	52	33	42	75	15	28	43	2	5	7	200	161	361
Carlow,	4	3	7	11	9	20	25	22	47	21	20	41	29	25	54	10	15	34	100	94	205
Clonmel:																					
Parent Asylum,	6	4	10	10	8	18	6	4	12	4	2	6	25	30	55	9	13	24	62	58	120
Additional Asylum,	2	–	2	16	10	26	15	2	17	12	4	10	20	33	53	30	13	43	95	62	157
Cork,	20	15	41	49	22	71	65	33	98	22	57	79	66	82	148	33	42	75	261	251	512
Kilkenny,	7	5	12	16	9	25	29	18	47	14	12	26	20	26	46	–	–	–	86	70	156
Killarney,	13	5	18	12	7	19	–	–	–	30	20	50	60	50	110	26	7	33	141	89	230
Limerick,	23	12	35	16	8	24	83	78	161	41	20	61	44	66	130	17	16	32	224	219	443
Londonderry,	7	4	11	20	12	32	23	10	33	33	25	58	94	62	96	–	–	–	117	113	230
Maryborough,	8	2	10	27	1	28	21	30	51	18	24	42	14	21	35	8	3	11	96	81	177
Mullingar,	4	4	8	27	15	42	32	26	59	36	33	69	30	49	79	15	20	35	145	147	292
Omagh,	14	3	16	15	13	28	77	21	98	34	50	84	51	53	104	5	2	7	196	144	340
Richmond,	50	30	80	76	96	172	76	67	143	57	92	149	26	70	96	30	50	80	324	405	729
Sligo,	3	2	5	13	2	15	34	19	53	45	17	62	34	52	80	–	–	–	127	92	219
Waterford,	3	4	7	19	15	34	17	11	28	0	18	19	29	34	63	–	–	–	71	80	151
Total,	213	109	324	466	301	767	602	406	1,008	493	459	952	588	826	1,414	225	205	430	2,529	2,306	4,835

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No. 15.—Condition as to Probability of Recovery of Patients in District Asylums on 31st December, 1865.

Asylums.	Probably Curable.			Probably Incurable.			Total.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Armagh,	10	11	21	80	68	148	90	79	169
Ballinasloe,	50	46	96	135	115	250	185	161	346
Belfast,	94	66	160	106	95	201	200	161	361
Carlow,	43	46	89	66	48	114	109	94	203
Clonmel:									
Parent Asylum,	26	20	46	36	38	74	62	58	120
Additional Asylum,	–	–	–	95	62	157	95	62	157
Cork,	54	71	125	207	180	387	261	251	512
Kilkenny,	34	22	56	52	48	100	86	70	156
Killarney,	18	20	38	123	69	192	141	89	230
Limerick,	51	53	104	173	166	339	224	219	443
Londonderry,	15	9	24	102	104	206	117	113	230
Maryborough,	30	26	56	66	55	121	96	81	177
Mullingar,	33	30	63	112	117	229	145	147	292
Omagh,	77	43	120	119	101	220	196	144	340
Richmond,	23	51	74	801	354	655	324	405	729
Sligo,	37	28	65	90	64	154	127	92	219
Waterford,	36	39	75	35	41	76	71	80	151
Total,	631	581	1,212	1,898	1,725	3,623	2,529	2,306	4,835

No. 16.—Number of Paying Patients in District Asylums on 31st December, 1865; and also of Patients who are known or supposed to have Means, but contribute nothing towards their Maintenance.

Asylums.	Paying Patients.			Amount received from Paying Patients.	Average per Patient.	Patients known or supposed to have Means, but who do not Pay.		
	M.	F.	T.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	M.	F.	T.
Armagh,	–	–	–	—	—	2	2	4
Ballinasloe,	3	–	8	24 14 6	8 4 10	–		–
Belfast,	–	–	–	—	—	–	–	–
Carlow,	1	–	1	18 15 0	18 15 0	–	–	–
Clonmel:								
Parent Asylum,	1	–	1	12 0 0	12 0 0	2	1	3
Additional Asylum,	–	–	–	—	—	–	–	–
Cork,	4	1	5	62 10 0	12 10 0	1	–	1
Kilkenny,	6	9	15	182 11 0	12 3 4	1	–	1
Killarney,	6	1	7	144 0 0	20 11 5	1	1	2
Limerick,	3	1	4	57 10 8	14 7 9	3	4	7
Londonderry,	–	–	–	—	—	–	–	–
Maryborough,	–	–	–	—	—	–	1	1
Mullingar,	4	2	6	105 0 0	17 10 0	–	–	–
Omagh,	10	2	12	132 10 0	11 0 10	–	–	–
Richmond,	5	3	8	84 4 4	10 10 6	3	2	5
Sligo,	5	3	8	119 5 0	14 18 1	1	–	1
Waterford,	1	–	1	9 2 6	9 2 6	–	4	4
Total,	49	22	71	952 3 0	13 8 2	14	15	29

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No. 17.—Table showing the Relationship to each other of Patients who were treated in District Asylums during the Year ending 31st December, 1865, as far as can be accurately ascertained.

Asylums.	Degree of Relationship.																				
	Parents and their Children.			Brothers and Sisters.			Uncles and Aunts, Nephews and Nieces.			First Cousins.			Second Cousins.			More distant degrees of Relationship.			Patients who had Relative in Asylums previous to the period of these Returns		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Armagh,	1	1	2	2	–	2	–	–	–	–	2	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	3
Ballinasloe,	–	–	–	2	3	5	–	–	–	1	3	4	2	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–
Belfast,	–	–	–	2	4	6	–	2	2	–	–	–	5	1	6	–	–	–	–	–	–
Carlow,	–	–	–	3	1	4	3	1	4	5	2	7	1	1	2	–	–	–	–	–	–
Clonmel:																					
Parent Asylum,	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Additional Asylum,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Cork,	–	2	2	6	5	11	–	–	–	1	3	4	4	2	6	–	–	–	3	–	3
Kilkenny,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	3	–	–	–	1	1	2	2	3	5
Killarney,	1	1	2	3	1	4	6	3	9	3	–	3	10	8	18	–	–	–	–	–	–
Limerick,	1	1	2	3	1	4	2	2	4	2	2	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Londonderry,	–	–	–	6	3	9	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2
Maryborough,	–	–	–	–	4	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	6	–	6	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mullingar,	1	1	2	5	3	8	–	–	–	–	2	2	–	2	2	–	–	–	–	–	–
Omagh,	1	1	2	8	8	16	–	–	–	–	2	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	11	8	19
Richmond,	1	1	2	–	–	–	2	–	2	2	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Sligo,	2	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	1	1	2	–	–	–	10	3	13
Waterford,	–	2	2	2	2	4	1	1	2	–	–	–	6	7	13	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total,	8	10	18	43	36	79	14	9	23	17	18	35	35	22	57	1	1	2	27	18	45

Total Number having Relationship, 220.

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No. 18.—Table showing the Average Number of Patients Daily Employed, and how Employed, during the Year ending 31st December, 1865.

Asylums.	Males.											Females.									Total.	
	Garden and Farm Labour.	Basket-making.	Pumping Water.	Weaving.	Tailoring.	Shoemaking.	Carpentry Work.	Painting.	Assisting Servants to clean House, &c.	Miscellaneous Employments.	Total employed daily.	Spinning and Carding Flax.	Needlework.	Knitting.	Quilting.	Fancy Needlework.	Assisting in Laundry.	Assisting Servants to clean House.	Miscellaneous Employments.	Total employed daily.	Daily average of Patients employed.	Daily average of Patients unemployed.
Armagh,	14	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	11	18	43	–	20	9	–	–	5	14	7	55	98	71
Ballinasloe,	30	–	–	–	3	2	–	–	20	12	67	–	13	8	–	–	13	16	–	50	117	229
Belfast,	92	1	20	9	2	2	–	–	27	12	165	24	24	22	3	1	24	12	–	110	275	86
Carlow,	29	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	8	20	61	2	20	12	–	1	14	18	9	76	137	66
Clonmel:																						
Parent Asylum,	27	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	6	9	44	–	17	–	3	–	12	5	4	41	85	35
Additional Asylum,	17	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	8	8	34	–	6	2	1	–	7	8	–	24	58	99
Cork,	54	–	–	–	3	5	3	–	23	45	133	–	46	35	–	–	22	24	25	152	285	227
Kilkenny,	25	4	–	–	–	1	1	–	13	9	53	–	14	11	–	–	17	12	–	54	107	49
Killarney,	26	–	–	–	8	1	–	–	8	20	58	–	14	10	–	–	7	6	8	45	103	127
Limerick,	32	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	14	7	54	–	36	35	–	–	18	19	25	133	187	258
Londonderry,	33	–	5	–	8	3	2	–	8	38	92	21	23	15	1	5	5	11	16	97	189	41
Maryborough,	22	–	–	–	2	1	–	–	8	17	50	–	16	14	1	5	12	14	7	69	119	58
Mullingar,	24	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	18	–	42	–	25	15	–	–	15	22	–	77	119	173
Omagh,	17	–	14	2	–	–	1	–	24	16	74	4	18	16	–	–	8	15	4	65	139	201
Richmond,	95	–	–	–	12	13	5	4	34	8	171	–	117	11	1	1	54	45	–	229	400	329*
Sligo,	31	–	4	–	3	3	2	1	18	12	74	–	15	12	–	–	10	12	9	58	132	87
Waterford,	25	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	3	9	39	2	8	14	3	–	5	6	5	43	82	69
Total,	593	5	47	11	35	32	15	5	251	260	1,254	53	432	241	13	13	248	259	119	1,378	2,632	2,203

* An average number of 67 males and 107 females attended the Asylum school daily throughout the year.

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No. 19.—Return of Escapes, and Attempts at Escape, from District Asylums, during the Year ending 31st December, 1865.

Asylums.	Number of Escapes.			Unsuccessful Attempts.			Asylums.	Number of Escapes.			Unsuccessful Attempts.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.		M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Armagh,	–	1	1	1	2	3	Limerick,	–	1	1*	3	2	3
Ballinasloe,	–	–	–	5	2	7	Londonderry,	1	–	1	–	–	–
Belfast,	1	–	1	–	–	–	Maryborough,	1	–	1	–	–	–
Carlow,	–	–	–	–	–	–	Mullingar,	–	–	–	–	1	1
Clonmel:							Omagh,	–	–	–	4	2	3
Parent Asylum,	–	–	–	–	–	–	Richmond,	–	–	–	5	2	7
Additional Asylum,	–	–	–	–	–	–	Sligo,	–	1	1	6	–	6
Cork,	–	–	–	3	2	5	Waterford,	–	–	–	3	–	3
Kilkenny,	–	–	–	–	–	–							
Killarney,	–	–	–	1	–	1	Total,	3	3	6	34	13	47

* Committed suicide by drowning herself in a canal.

No. 20.—Return of Superannuation Allowances granted to Officers and Servants of District Asylums, during the Year ending 31st December, 1865 (*in continuation of Table* 20, *App. B., Inspectors' Fourteenth Report*).

Asylum.	Persons Superannuated.	Office.	Annual Salary on Retirement.	Estimated Annual Value of Emoluments.	Age on Retirement.	Period of Service.	Amount of Superannuation granted.	Date of Retirement.	Observations.
			£ s. d.	£ s. d.	Years	Yrs Mths.	£ s. d.		
Maryborough,	Fredk. Galbraith,	Hall Porter,	14 1 0	18 13 0	52	17 0	3 5 4	7 Dec., 1865,	
Richmond,	Catherine Byrne,	Deputy Nurse,	8 0 3	34 8 3	48	10 0	7 1 0	1 Apr., 1865,	
,,	Peter Nolan,	Attendant,	16 12 3	38 0 3	65	10 0	3 2 0	13 Apr., 1865,	
Waterford,	Michael Chambers,	Attendant,	15 0 0	18 18 5	70	18 0	10 3 6	1 Apr., 1865	
,,	Patrick Walsh,	Attendant and Shoemaker,	13 0 0	18 13 5	45	12 0	6 9 8	1 Apr., 1865.	

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No. 21.—Return of Receipts and Expenditure for

RECEIPTS.

Asylums.	Balance in hands on 31st December, 1864.	Treasury Advances.	Received for Pay Patients.	Received for Sale of Farm and Garden Produce.	Received for Offal, Old Stores, &c.	Received from Miscellaneous Sources.	Total Receipts.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Armagh,	395 14 6	3,550 0 0	10 5 0	81 3 6	1 6 6	3 9 8	4,041 19 2
Ballinasloe,	747 7 0	6,193 1 6	42 3 0	19 15 6	6 16 3	70 9 11	7,079 13 2
Belfast,	444 6 9	6,618 13 8	—	120 13 1	—	28 9 7	7,212 3 1
Carlow,	36 8 2	3,800 0 0	18 15 8	13 10 6	—	1 14 5	3,920 16 9
Clonmel:							
Parent Asylum,	585 2 3	3,307 11 4	12 0 0	179 4 1	—	1 14 3	4,005 11 11
Additional Asylum,	582 0 10	3,123 5 9	—	182 3 2	5 10 4	3 12 7	3,847 0 8
Cork,	618 12 10	8,704 18 0	68 1 8	97 15 0	—	19 6 1	9,508 13 7
Kilkenny,	309 15 11	2,500 0 0	153 2 11	25 14 0	4 19 1	1 14 2	2,995 6 1
Killarney,	—	4,446 3 3	171 10 0	114 6 2	—	245 5 2	4,977 4 7
Limerick,	586 11 1	7,946 0 5	54 17 9	26 2 3	18 10 6	8 11 9	8,641 1 9
Londonderry,	786 15 4	5,060 0 0	9 3 0	15 18 2	3 9 0	16 0 0	5,891 5 6
Maryborough,	720 7 2	3,923 13 5	—	40 2 1	6 3 3	2 13 11	4,700 19 10
Mullingar,	892 6 2	6,561 15 3	92 10 0	6 0 0	—	3 10 4	7,556 9 9
Omagh,	1,015 1 6	4,705 0 0	83 19 6	111 7 5	12 19 2	26 17 2	5,955 4 9
Richmond,	499 19 1	16,650 19 9	153 10 3	202 8 4	4 10 0	6 19 8	17,518 7 1
Sligo,	437 0 2	3,665 9 11	142 15 4	47 0 9	—	24 4 7	4,516 10 9
Waterford,	314 0 11	3,470 17 1	5 13 0	22 5 8	2 13 4	31 2 7	3,846 13 3
General Total,	9,021 17 8	94,427 9 4	1,018 7 9	1,263 17 0	67 5 5	496 3 10	106,295 1 8

EXPENDITURE—(*continued.*)

Asylums.	Bedding and Furniture.	Repairs and Alterations.	Farm and Garden Expenses.	Rent, Taxes, and Insurance.	Printing, Stationery, and Books.	Medicines and Medical Diet.	Wine, Beer, and Whisky.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Armagh,	411 1 11	232 15 11	24 1 11	28 4 3	31 18 2	21 17 5	—
Ballinasloe,	323 7 11	470 2 10	168 14 4	36 3 6	57 0 8	18 16 4	44 7 11
Belfast,	293 12 6	422 16 3	46 11 11	26 13 6	45 12 0	13 12 10	25 9 0
Carlow,	242 3 0	120 7 10	18 13 9	23 6 0	39 17 6	14 1 2	10 16 0
Clonmel:							
Parent Asylum,	251 2 8½	230 16 6½	61 5 5½	8 16 8	42 9 7	39 19 0½	33 10 0½
Additional Asylum,	112 14 0	84 19 10	56 5 1	18 4 10	20 8 4	30 9 5	70 16 0
Cork,	416 13 6	342 11 1	282 13 11	32 9 0	71 19 7	75 13 11	51 18 5
Kilkenny,	53 0 9	18 10 5	20 6 6	12 9 11	30 15 10	17 9 1	10 17 4
Killarney,	186 19 0½	509 19 9½	92 14 7½	35 5 0	35 12 5	29 17 9	85 18 9
Limerick,	304 7 4	503 1 11	39 7 7	18 0 9	52 5 8	24 14 3	58 6 1
Londonderry,	266 14 2	336 8 5	158 1 11	3 15 0	57 3 3	52 5 10	151 15 9
Maryborough,	175 18 7	216 13 8	73 8 6	6 3 9	45 2 11	82 4 9	86 19 1
Mullingar,	226 18 11	550 7 4	100 8 10	21 12 10	44 11 8	67 1 0	11 3 4
Omagh,	280 17 5	156 11 7	52 1 4	10 11 1	35 9 10	11 3 11	63 3 0
Richmond,	620 19 6	1,047 8 7	729 10 7	80 16 7	120 5 0	197 1 8	349 11 10
Sligo,	174 11 7	187 8 0	190 13 1	15 16 1	27 3 7	0 12 2	17 17 9
Waterford,	232 19 10	173 10 8	61 6 4	5 11 0	25 4 5	38 16 9	41 5 4
General Total,	4,574 3 4	5,612 10 3	2,176 5 8	384 0 5	783 1 1	735 17 3½	1,111 15 7½

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the Year ending 31st December, 1865.

EXPENDITURE.								Asylums.
Provisions, including Groceries.	Clothing For Patients.	Clothing For Servants.	Fuel and Light.	Washing and Water Supply.	Salaries of Officers.	Wages of Servants.		
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
1,374 12 9	391 4 5	16 10 0	396 17 9	22 5 5	525 13 5	217 16 9		Armagh.
2,576 7 7	578 1 7	60 2 7	406 19 10	67 13 2	721 0 0	528 15 0		Ballinasloe.
3,166 0 2	784 9 10	52 9 9	267 15 9	91 0 5	660 18 10	493 8 8		Belfast.
1,545 5 10	329 10 9	67 19 3	385 15 2	49 5 1	617 10 0	241 10 0		Carlow.
								Clonmel:
1,131 8 8½	255 15 9½	52 11 4	202 3 5½	34 7 2	675 0 0	359 9 8		Parent Asylum.
1,364 6 8	277 8 3	62 16 0	179 0 7	45 14 2	479 19 11	362 18 2		Additional Asylum.
3,745 12 3	682 18 7	290 0 5	584 15 11	104 2 11	1,017 4 4	675 13 4		Cork.
1,090 11 4	207 5 5	52 9 7	222 16 10	31 15 6	600 0 0	250 10 1		Kilkenny.
2,018 8 7	264 14 11	71 18 5½	348 16 6	107 8 8	655 0 0	583 5 10		Killarney.
3,872 12 5	786 18 3½	114 14 1½	404 1 11	192 9 9	825 0 0	585 14 0		Limerick.
2,003 0 6	375 15 2	80 3 0	308 3 8	86 16 7	656 18 6	331 0 11		Londonderry.
1,531 6 4	271 11 9	95 8 2	361 8 10	58 18 2	565 0 0	266 12 6		Maryborough.
2,882 0 0	458 2 2	54 19 9	462 10 8	68 14 2	763 11 2	457 2 9		Mullingar.
2,316 2 8	487 7 2	122 13 0	337 5 2	51 11 5	662 2 6	464 12 10		Omagh.
7,032 14 3	1,245 14 11	452 9 5	1090 12 1	227 14 7	1,700 6 7	1,097 16 4		Richmond.
1,629 4 0	477 14 0	70 4 2	271 0 5	31 8 4	643 15 0	324 9 8		Sligo.
1,356 4 4	281 8 1	49 4 7	139 5 11	30 19 9	654 2 0	280 5 1		Waterford.
40,635 16 4½	8,157 1 1	1,766 13 7	6,369 11 5½	1,302 0 3	12,503 2 4	7,321 0 7		General Total.

EXPENDITURE—(*continued.*)				Balances on hands 31st December, 1865.	Daily Average Number of Patients maintained.	Average cost of Maintenance per head per annum.	Asylums.
Tobacco and Snuff.	Incidental Expenses.	Superannuation Pensions.	Total Outlay.				
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	
31 19 1	23 4 10	—	3,750 4 1	291 15 1	151	24 16 9	Armagh.
41 8 2	74 8 8	323 10 8	8,505 0 9	574 12 5	343¼	18 19 0	Ballinasloe.
—	190 8 5	23 15 3	6,604 11 9	607 11 4	353½	18 3 4	Belfast.
—	79 17 7	62 10 10	3,848 11 5	72 5 4	205	18 15 6	Carlow.
							Clonmel:
15 7 1	53 1 8½	87 13 6	3,534 16 5½	550 15 6	123	28 14 9	Parent Asylum.
11 15 4	115 15 0	—	3,293 11 7	555 9 1	155	21 5 0	Additional Asylum.
84 6 6	344 9 11	62 17 1	8,866 0 8	542 12 11	504	17 12 0	Cork.
—	85 7 8	5 0 0	2,789 6 3	205 19 10	157	17 15 4	Kilkenny.
34 11 1	116 12 6	—	4,977 4 7	—	234½	20 19 5	Killarney.
74 10 3	35 14 1½	—	7,890 4 5½	750 17 3	440	17 18 8	Limerick.
50 13 0	68 3 6	222 8 4	5,209 5 6	682 0 0	255	22 5 4	Londonderry.
14 15 7	39 7 10	75 0 0	3,966 0 5	734 19 5	179	22 3 1	Maryborough.
22 4 0	334 16 9	—	6,526 5 4	1,030 4 5	297	21 19 6	Mullingar.
48 10 6	157 5 9	—	5,257 9 2	697 15 7	329	15 9 7	Omagh.
131 4 0	175 14 6	557 7 9	16,858 8 2	659 18 11	713	23 12 11	Richmond.
9 2 0	100 11 7	—	4,171 6 5	345 4 4	205	20 7 1	Sligo.
17 18 4	52 10 3	131 4 0	3,571 17 8	274 15 7	154	23 3 11	Waterford.
588 10 11	2,047 8 7	1,551 5 5	97,620 4 0	8,574 17 0	4,787 11/12	20 7 6	General Total.

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No. 22.—RETURN of Outlay on, and Produce of District Asylum Farms for the Year ending 31st December, 1865.

ASYLUMS.	QUANTITY OF LAND CULTIVATED				AMOUNT OF		
	By Spade.	By Plough.	In Grass.	Total.	Outlay.	Produce.	Net Profit.
	A. R. P.	A. R. P.	A. R. P.	A. R. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Armagh,	4 0 34	—	14 6 16	18 1 10	24 1 11	108 6 6	84 7 7
Ballinasloe,	7 1 12	17 1 26	11 1 30	36 0 28	168 14 4	408 16 4	240 5 0
Belfast,	27 1 0	—	14 0 0	41 1 0	46 11 11	220 16 7	174 7 8
Carlow,	6 2 0	—	1 3 0	8 1 0	18 13 9	106 10 4	87 16 7
Clonmel:							
Parent Asylum,	10 0 0	3 0 0	6 0 0	16 0 0	61 5 6	236 4 1	177 16 6
Additional Asylum,	4 1 0	—	0 0 20	4 1 20	69 10 1	184 3 2	114 13 1
Cork,	28 0 0	—	3 0 0	31 0 0	622 13 11	647 17 6	825 3 6
Kilkenny,	4 2 0	1 2 0	9 0 0	15 0 0	20 6 6	122 3 11	101 17 5
Killarney,	2 0 0	14 0 0	1 0 0	17 0 0	92 14 7½	184 12 3	91 17 7½
Limerick,	6 0 0	5 0 0	5 3 0	16 3 0	68 13 5½	201 5 1½	132 11 8
Londonderry,	19 2 0	—	0 2 0	20 0 0	158 1 11	256 18 2	98 16 3
Maryborough,	12 3 6	—	7 3 8	20 2 17	73 6 6	154 2 6	80 14 3
Mullingar,	6 3 0	1 2 0	6 3 0	14 0 0	100 8 10	154 16 7	54 10 9
Omagh,	11 0 0	—	9 6 32	20 6 32	322 0 8	529 4 6½	207 3 10½
Richmond,	10 0 0	10 0 0	14 0 0	34 0 0	729 10 7	892 7 1	162 16 6
Sligo,	6 2 0	18 0 0	17 0 0	39 2 0	345 3 6	536 8 2½	191 4 5½
Waterford,	8 1 29	—	2 0 0	10 1 26	43 6 6	117 6 5	74 3 3
Total,	177 0 4	65 1 26	121 0 26	363 2 16	2,665 6 4	5,065 14 8½	2,400 8 4½

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No. 23.—Return showing the Contract Prices of the undermentioned Articles of Provisions, &c., for District Asylums, on the 31st December, 1865.

Asylums.	White Bread, per 4lb. Loaf.	Brown Bread, per 4lb. Loaf.	Beef, per lb.	Mutton, per lb.	New Milk, per Gallon.	Oatmeal, per Stone.	Rice, per Stone.	Butter, per lb.	Tea, per lb.	Brown Sugar, per lb.	Cocoa, per lb.	Coals, per Ton.	Straw, per cwt.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Armagh,	0 6¾	–	0 5	–	0 10	–	–	–	2 6	0 3 8/17	–	16 0	2 8
Ballinasloe,	0 5	0 4	0 4½	0 3½	0 8	1 4½	2 7½	1 0	2 11	0 4½	0 2	19 0	1 0
Belfast,	0 4½	–	0 4½	0 4½	0 7½	1 6 7/16	3 6	1 1	3 0	0 3 9/10	–	11 0	2 6
Carlow,	0 2½	–	0 4	0 4	0 6	1 6	2 0½	1 0	2 6	0 4	0 1¾	21 0	1 6
	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	21 10	
Clonmel Parent,	0 4½	–	0 4½	0 4½	0 6	–	1 11½	–	2 3½	0 3 23/32	–	19 0	–
" Additional,	0 4½	–	0 4½	0 4½	0 6	–	1 11½	–	2 3½	0 3 23/32	–	19 9	–
Cork,	0 4½	–	0 5	0 6½	0 3½	1 7	2 4	1 3	2 4½	0 4	0 1½	16 7	2 3
Kilkenny,	0 5½	–	0 3½	0 3½	0 8½	1 5½	2 0½	1 0	3 0	0 4	–	20 6	–
												20 8	
Killarney,	0 5 11/16	0 5½	0 6	0 7	0 6½	1 7 11/16	2 7½	–	3 0	0 4½	–	19 6	–
												19 11	
Limerick,	0 4½	–	0 4½	0 4½	0 5½	0 10 15/16	3 2½	1 4	2 0	0 3½	–	18 10	2 0
	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	23 0	
Londonderry,	0 5½	–	0 5	0 7	0 7	1 3 21/32	2 6	–	2 1	0 4½	–	13 6	1 11½
Maryborough,	0 4½	–	0 4½	0 5	0 5½	1 6	3 0	1 0	2 0	0 4½	–	21 5	–
	0 4½	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mullingar,	0 6	–	0 6½	0 6½	0 6½	1 7½	2 11	1 2	2 6	0 4½	0 2	20 0	2 3
Omagh,	0 5½	–	0 5½	0 7	0 7	1 5½	2 0	–	2 8	0 4 7/16	0 2 7/8	17 11	1 11
Richmond,	0 5½	–	–	0 7½	0 10	1 6	3 1½	1 1½	2 2	0 4½	0 5½	15 0	–
Sligo,	0 5½	–	0 6½	0 7½	0 7	1 3	2 0	1 0½	2 0	0 4	0 4	16 0	1 6
	–	–	–	–	0 5¾	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Waterford,	0 4¾	–	0 6	0 6	0 10	0 11½	1 2	1 2	3 0	0 4	0 3½	17 9	1 10
	–	–	–	–	0 5½	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

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No. 24.—Return showing the Total Quantities of the under-mentioned Articles consumed in the several District Asylums during the Year ending 31st December, 1865.

Asylums.	Bread.	Potatoes	Oatmeal.	Rice.	Beef.	Mutton.	Ox-heads.	New milk.	Butter	Tea.	Cocoa.	Sugar	Pork.	Indian Meal.	Fish
	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	No.	Gallons.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	
Armagh,	70,910	58,886	24,640	28	10,198	–	312	10,820	–	406	–	1,624	–	–	–
Ballinasloe,	146,255	177,814	41,440	83	35,583	593	8	15,138	510	354	2,948	5,623	–	–	658
Belfast,	131,548	76,870	62,704	560	39,435	–	1,404	31,046	1,201	874	–	3,640	–	–	–
Carlow,	103,026	6,438	30,240	104	12,264	1,566	468	13,990	594	392	3,276	4,875	–	–	–
Clonmel (Parent),	67,706	5,110	15,580	1,456	17,659	–	–	62,463	182	392	–	2,943	–	–	–
,, (Additional),	80,780	6,580	16,816	958	20,002	60	–	9,235	256	56½	–	3,236	–	–	–
Cork,	42,893	197,096	60,548	56	46,634	2,768	–	44,572	468	629	4,818	10,133	–	–	–
Kilkenny,	79,087	15,120	16,944	2,553	14,926	150	–	12,369	198	330	–	1,613	–	–	–
Killarney,	124,653	40,621	26,376	812	14,336½	1504	162	19,590¾	30¼	647¼	7	5,817	–	–	–
Limerick,	236,918	52,920	–	47	63,399	3,600	638	36,120	147	968	2	8,832	–	59,780	–
Londonderry,	83,350	82,330	11,200	2,360	16,800	130	380	160,040	50	549	–	2,150	–	–	–
Maryborough,	99,449	10,280	22,400	1,085	17,394	27	236	17,082¼	1,223¾	381¾	–	2,748	–	–	–
Mullingar,	140,341	21,890	41,003¾	28	*29,762¾	–	110	22,828¾	2,028¾	758¾	4,344	7,545	–	–	–
Omagh,	69,749¾	197,562	75,664¾	4,881¼	34,359¼	2,246¼	–	18,091¾	145¼	642¾	1,919¼	6,317¾	–	–	–
Richmond,	382,451¼	70,389	30,049	3,483	*127,461¼	–	–	20,414	2,782¼	2,783¼	7,[illegible]	18,532¾	–	–	–
Sligo,	77,129¾	98,310	16,343¾	3,627¼	14,212	68	610	11,657	645¼	349	1,252	1,812¼	–	13223¼	–
Waterford,	76,092	22,882	24,192	360	15,500	2,232	348	8,844	1,152	190	1,920	4,200	–	–	–

* Including Mutton.

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No. 25.—Table showing the Number of Dormitories, and Beds in each, in Asylums on 31st December, 1865.

Asylums.	Male Side.						Female Side.						Total Male and Female Accommodation.
	No. of Dormitories.	No. of Beds in each	Total No. of Dormitories.	Total No. of Beds	No. of Single Apartments.	Total Male Accommodation	No. of Dormitories.	No. of Beds in each.	Total No. of Dormitories.	Total No. of Beds.	No. of Single Apartments.	Total Female Accommodation	
Armagh,	3	9	9	51	39	90	1	11	8	39	41	80	170
	4	3					1	10					
	1	10					6	3					
	1	2					–	–					
Ballinasloe,	7	3	23	119	66	185	9	3	21	98	99	167	352
	1	4					1	4					
	11	6					1	5					
	4	7					8	6					
	–	–					2	7					
Belfast,	9	11	25	189	37	*201	3	12	20	131	35	166	367
	1	7					3	10					
	1	9					1	13					
	6	4					2	7					
	7	3					6	4					
	1	2					2	9					
	–	–					3	2					
Carlow,	6	4	8	66	45	111	9	4	9	51	44	95	206
	1	19					1	20					
	1	23					1	7					
	1	14					1	14					
Clonmel: Parent Asylum,	2	7	7	49	19	95	2	7	7	49	16	95	130
	2	9					2	9					
	1	4					1	4					
	1	5					1	5					
Clonmel: Additional Asylum,	1	10	8	95	11	109	2	2	8	59	18	77	168
	2	11					1	12					
	1	10					1	14					
	1	14					2	9					
	1	2					1	8					
	1	12					1	3					
	1	10					–	–					

* There are five beds in the rooms of as many attendants for patients to sleep in.

[*continued.*

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No. 25.—TABLE showing the Number of Dormitories, and Beds in each, in Asylums on 31st December, 1865—*continued.*

Asylums.	Male Side.						Female Side.						Total Male and Female Accommodation.
	No. of Dormitories.	No. of Beds in each	Total No. of Dormitories.	Total No. of Beds.	No. of Single Apartments.	Total Male Accommodation	No. of Dormitories.	No. of Beds in each.	Total No. of Dormitories.	Total No. of Beds.	No. of Single Apartments.	Total Female Accommodation.	
Cork,	5	12	30	219	64	280	1	12	28	199	69	268	548
	11	7					3	11					
	7	6					3	10					
	1	10					1	9					
	3	5					9	7					
	3	4					1	9					
	–	–					9	5					
	–	–					2	4					
Kilkenny,	9	6	9	72	14	86	6	6	9	72	14	86	172
	2	7					2	7					
	1	10					1	10					
Killarney,	7	8	14	107	39	146	6	9	12	76	33	109	255
	3	7					5	7					
	1	6					2	6					
	1	10					1	4					
	1	9					1	3					
	1	11					–	–					
Limerick,	2	17	19	157	68	225	1	16	19	152	66	218	443
	2	16					2	15					
	2	15					5	14					
	2	14					1	11					
	1	10					1	7					
	1	5					6	3					
	9	9					–	–					
Londonderry,	7	4	11	76	44	120	5	4	9	68	42	110	230
	2	6					2	6					
	2	18					2	18					
Maryborough,	1	17	9	58	41	99	1	17	8	51	39	90	189
	1	6					1	8					
	1	9					1	9					
	5	5					5	4					
	1	2					–	–					

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Mullingar,	4 1 4 3 1 1	12 10 6 5 3 2	14	102	43	145	1 1 5 4 2 –	4 12 10 5 9 –	13	104	43	147	292
Omagh,	2 5 6 1 1 –	14 10 6 4 3 –	15	121	57	178	2 5 3 3 1 1	13 9 6 5 4 3	15	111	54	165	343
Richmond,	6 2 4 4 3 3 6 11 15 – –	11 9 6 7 6 5 4 3 2 – –	54	264	61	325	1 1 2 3 4 1 6 6 9 38 3	12 11 10 9 6 7 6 5 4 3 2	72	325	80	405	730
Sligo,	2 2 7 7 1	10 8 5 8 4	19	96	36	134	2 2 7 7 1	10 8 5 3 4	19	96	38	134	288
Waterford,	1 1 1 1 6	15 14 6 7 4	10	68	12	80	1 1 1 1 6	15 14 8 7 4	10	68	12	80	160
											Total Accommodation,		4,959

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No. 26.—Table showing the Names and Salaries, &c., of the

Asylums.	Extent of Accommodation.	Consulting and Visiting Physicians.	Salary.	Resident Medical Superintendents and Managers.	Salary.	Allowances.
	Beds.		£		£	
1. Armagh, .	170	Thomas Cuming, M.D.	100	R. M'Kinstry, M.D.	300	Apartments, servant, fuel, light, washing, garden.
2. Ballinasloe, .	352	Thomas Dillon, M.D.	125	Richard Eaton, M.D.	320	Apartments, fuel, light, washing, servant, and keep of cow and horse.
3. Belfast, .	367	H. M'Cormac, M.D.	100	Robert Stewart, M.D.	350	Apartments, rations, fire and light, servants, &c.
4. Carlow, .	206	Thos. O'Meara, M.D.	100	M. E. White, M.B.	300	Apartments, washing, fuel, light, milk, vegetables, garden, and servant.
5. Castlebar, .	–	Myles J. Jordan, M.D.	100	T. C. Burton, .	400	Apartments, washing, fuel, light, bread, milk, and vegetables.
6. Clonmel (Parent Asylum).	130	W. J. Sheill, M.D.	100	James Flynn, M.D.	350	Apartments, servant, milk, vegetables, fuel, and light.
7. Clonmel (Additional Asylum).	183	W. J. Sheill, M.D.	60	Joseph Edmundson, M.D.	200	Residence and fuel, and £35 in lieu of other allowances.
8. Cork, . .	524	Samuel Hobart, M.D.	100	Thomas Power, M.D.	430	Fuel, light, garden, washing, and apartments.
9. Kilkenny, .	172	L. C. Kinchela, M.D.	100	Barry Delany, M.D.	300	Apartments, light, fuel, washing, and vegetables.
10. Killarney, .	255	W. W. Murphy, M.D.	100	M. S. Lawlor, M.D.	300	Fuel, light, washing, and apartments.
11. Letterkenny,	–	Henley Thorp, M.D.	100	J. A. Eames, M.D.	400	Fuel, light, washing, apartments, bread and milk, and vegetables.
12. Limerick, .	443	R. R. Gelston, M.D.	125	R. Fitzgerald, M.D.	350	Bread, milk, coals, candles, washing, servant, and vegetables.
13. Londonderry,	230	B. White, M.D. .	100	W. F. Rogan, M.D.	260	House, coals, candles, attendance, washing, vegetables, and keep of cow.
14. Maryborough,	189	David Jacob, M.D.	100	Thos. W. Sheill, M.D.	250	House, coals, candles, vegetables, washing, garden, &c.
15. Mullingar, .	292	J. Ferguson, M.D.	125	H. Berkeley, M.D.	350	Apartments, fuel, servant, and rations.
16. Omagh, .	343	H. Thompson, M.D.	100	Francis J. West, M.D.	300	Vegetables, milk, fuel, light, and apartments.
17. Richmond, .	730	R. Tuohill, M.D. J. T. Banks, M.D. J. Hughes, Surgeon.	£168 9s. 4d. 150 150	Joseph Lalor, M.D.	440	Fuel, light, vegetables, washing, and apartments.
18. Sligo, . .	268	Wm. S. Little, M.D.	100	John M'Munn, M.D.	300	Ditto, . .
19. Waterford, .	160	P. R. Connolly, M.D.	125	Fredk. M'Cabe, M.D.	260	Ditto, . .

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principal Officers of District Asylums, 31st December, 1865.

Estimated Annual Value thereof.	Matrons, &c.	Salary.	Allowances.	Estimated Annual Value thereof.	Asylums.
£		£		£ s. d.	
145	Susan Smith, . .	75	Apartments, fuel, light, servant, washing, vegetables, and milk.	93 14 10	1. Armagh.
150	Rose O'Callaghan, .	80	Apartments, servant, fuel, light, and washing.	90 0 0	2. Ballinasloe.
190	M. F. Stewart, .	100	Apartments; same rations, &c., as Resident Physician.	80 0 0	3. Belfast.
150	L. Parsons, . .	100	Apartments; fuel, light, rations, &c.	65 0 0	4. Carlow.
100	Elizabeth Chance, .	105	Of the same nature as Resident Medical Superintendent.	70 0 0	5. Castlebar.
90	Frances C. Bell, .	70	Apartments; same as Resident Physician.	60 0 0	6. Clonmel (Parent Asylum).
70	Caroline M. Egan, .	60	Apartments, &c., . . .	60 0 0	7. Clonmel (Additional Asylum).
100	Martha Clifton, .	75	Rations, fuel, light, washing, and apartments.	40 0 0	8. Cork.
91	Joanna Ryan, . .	90	Apartments, light, fuel, washing, vegetables.	41 0 0	9. Kilkenny.
80	M. A. Falvey, . .	80	Apartments, fuel, light, and washing, and £5 for a servant's wages.	55 0 0	10. Killarney.
–	Eliza Malseed, . .	105	Same as Resident Medical Superintendent.	—	11. Letterkenny.
83	Maria Raleigh, .	100	Same as Resident Physician, .	57 0 0	12. Limerick.
140	Eliza Grant, . .	70	Coals, candles, apartments, vegetables.	50 0 0	13. Londonderry.
100	Jane J. Farrell, .	85	Same nature as Resident Physician.	43 12 0	14. Maryborough.
150	Catherine Costello, .	75	Rations and apartments, .	70 0 0	15. Mullingar.
120	Hannah Hudson, .	75	Vegetables, fuel, light, milk, and apartments.	75 0 0	16. Omagh.
£76 8 9	M. Magrane, Matron,	100	Apartments, rations, fuel, light, and washing.	100 5 2	17. Richmond.
	E. Blundell, Assistant Matron.	50	Ditto, . . .	86 11 9	
	T. Shannon, Deputy Assistant Matron.	24	Rations, fuel, light, and apartments.	62 7 6	
	M. Martin, Schoolmistress.	30	Ditto, and clothing, .	47 14 7	
	J. Mooney, Schoolmistress.	20	Ditto, . . .	47 14 7	
	A. Colwell, Schoolmistress.	15	Ditto, . . .	47 14 7	
100	Margaret Benson, .	75	Rations, fuel, light, and washing.	80 0 0	18. Sligo.
112	K. P. Ronayne, .	70	Same nature as Manager, .	67 14 8	19. Waterford.

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No. 26.—Table showing the Names and Salaries, &c., of the principal

Asylums.	Extent of Accommodation.	Protestant Chaplains.	Salary.	Roman Catholic Chaplains.	Salary.	Apothecaries.	Salary.
	Beds.		£		£		£
1. Armagh, .	170	—	–	—	–	—	–
2. Ballinasloe, .	352	Rev. J. C. Walker,	40	Rev. J. Kirwan,	40	J. E. Poyntz, .	50
3. Belfast, .	367	—	–	—	–	James Moore, .	50
4. Carlow, .	206	Rev. A. B. Perry,	25	Rev. B. O'Neill,	25	Paul J. Cullen, .	30
5. Castlebar, .	–	Rev. W. B. Stoney,	30	Ven. M. Browne,	40	(Not appointed),	–
6. Clonmel (Parent Asylum).	130	Rev. F. T. Brady (for both Asylums).	40	Rev. J. Crotty (for both Asylums).	65	Richard Graham (for both Asylums).	50
7. Clonmel (Auxiliary Asylum).	181	—	–	—	–	—	–
8. Cork, . .	524	Rev. Dr. Neligan,	50	Rev. J. H. O'Connor.	50	William Thomas Jones.	75
9. Kilkenny, .	172	Rev. W. C. Gorman.	30	Rev. Jon. O'Hanlon.	35	Henry Fitzsimons.	45
10. Killarney, .	255	Rev. W. D. Wade,	25	Rev. A. S. Griffin,	50	—	30
11. Letterkenny,	–	—	–	Rev. Chas. O'Donnell.	40	—	–
12. Limerick, .	443	Rev. Benj. Jacob,	30	Rev. Michl. Fitzgerald.	30	Jn. B. Bouchier,	50
13. Londonderry,	230	Rev. W. Craig, Episcopalian Chaplain.	25	Rev. D. Magee,	25	W. J. Eames, .	25
		Rev. J. Denham, Presbyterian Chaplain.	25				
14. Maryborough,	189	Rev. J. Meade Hobson.	25	Rev. James Kinsella.	25	Thos. Pilsworth,	30
15. Mullingar, .	291	Rev. C. P. Reichel.	35	Rev. Thos. Allen,	50	W. Middleton, M.D.	35
		Rev. M. Murphy, Presbyterian Chaplain.	15				
16. Omagh, .	343	Rev. R. Swift, .	30	Rev. C. M'Cawley.	30	Francis Trenor, .	35
		Rev. J. Mitchell, Presbyterian Chaplain.	30				
17. Richmond, .	715	Rev. A. Leeper,	80	Rev. A. Murphy,	100	William Daxon, Surgeon.	100
18. Sligo, . .	268	Rev. Edw. Day,	30	Rev. John Morris.	40	John Longhead,	35
19. Waterford, .	160	Venerable Robt. Bell.	25	Rev. E. J. Browne,	35	John Mackesy, .	45

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Officers of District Asylums, 31st December, 1865—*continued.*

Allowances.	Estimated Annual Value thereof.	Clerks and Storekeepers, &c.	Salary.	Allowances.	Estimated Annual Value thereof.	Asylums.
	£		£		£ s. d.	
—	–	Samuel Parks, Clerk and Storekeeper.	50	Apartments, fuel, light, rations, and washing	22 12 0	1. Armagh.
No allowances,	–	Michael Barrett, Clerk.	36	No allowances,	—	2. Ballinasloe.
		Barthw. Rock, Storekeeper.	30	Apartments, fuel, light, and washing.	40 0 0	
Ditto,	–	Geo. H. Whiteside.	70	Apartments, rations, and washing.	60 0 0	3. Belfast.
Ditto,	–	Timothy Brenan,	40	Apartments, washing, fuel, light, rations, clothing, &c.	48 0 0	4. Carlow.
—	–	William May,	70	Apartments, rations, fuel, light, washing.	35 0 0	5. Castlebar.
Ditto,	–	Edward O'Neill,	65	No allowance,	—	5. Clonmel (Parent Asylum).
—	–	John O'Connor,	30	Commuted allowance.	30 0 0	6. Clonmel (Auxiliary Asylum).
Ditto,	–	William Connell, Clerk.	75	Rations, fuel, light, and washing.	30 0 0	7. Cork.
		James Vickers, Steward.	80	Ditto,	40 0 0	
		J. P. Duggan, Storekeeper.	40	Ditto,	30 0 0	
Ditto,	–	Michael Curran,	80	Washing,	1 5 2	8. Kilkenny.
Ditto,	–	J. Wallace,	70	Fuel, light, washing, and rations.	34 0 0	9. Killarney.
—	–	—	–	—	—	11. Letterkenny.
Ditto,	–	James Bodkin,	100	No allowances.	—	10. Limerick.
Ditto,	–	Thomas Colhoun,	100	None,	—	11. Londonderry.
		James Craig, Schoolmaster.	30	Apartments, coals, rations, &c.	60 0 0	
Ditto,	–	Thos. C. Molloy,	50	No allowances,	—	12. Maryborough.
Ditto,	–	John Newburn,	120	Ditto,	—	13. Mullingar.
Ditto,	–	George Quaile,	65	Rations, apartments, fuel, and light.	50 0 0	14. Omagh.
Apartments, fuel, light, vegetables, and washing.	30	J. Nunn, Secretary and Storekeeper.	200	Apartments, fuel, light, vegetables, and washing.	116 0 0	15. Richmond.
		J. Moran, School master.	36	Rations, fuel, light, and apartments.	45 7 7	
		G. Lennon, School-master.	30	Ditto,	45 7 7	
No allowances,	–	Robert Browne,	90	And £15 for superintending School.	—	16. Sligo.
Ditto,	–	Thomas Keary,	90	No allowances,	–	17. Waterford.

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No. 27.—Table showing Scale of Wages and Allowances of Servants and Attendants in District Asylums on 31st December, 1865.

No. of each Class.	Asylum. — Class of Attendants.	Wages per head, per annum. £	s.	d.	Estimated Annual Value of Allowances. £	s.	d.	Nature of Allowances.
	Armagh:							
1	Male Attendant and Gardener,	20	0	0	22	12	0	Fuel, Light, Clothing, Apartments, Rations.
4	Male Attendants, ...	12	0	0	22	12	0	Ditto.
1	Wardman, ...	15	0	0	22	12	0	Ditto.
1	Nurse, ...	12	0	0	20	10	0	Ditto.
4	Nurses, ...	9	0	0	20	10	0	Ditto.
1	Assistant Nurse, ...	6	0	0	20	10	0	Ditto.
3	Ditto.	5	0	0	20	10	0	Ditto.
1	Cook, ...	10	0	0	20	10	0	Ditto.
1	Gatekeeper, ...	6	6	0	20	10	0	Ditto.
2	Laundress, ...	7	10	0	20	10	0	Ditto.
1	Assistant ditto, ...	6	0	0	20	10	0	Ditto.
1	Resident Physician's Servant, .	8	0	0	20	10	0	Ditto.
1	Matron's Servant, ...	8	0	0	20	10	0	Ditto.
1	Hall Porter, ...	10	0	0	22	12	0	Ditto.
1	Fireman, ...	26	0	0	–			Non-Resident.
	Ballinasloe:							
1	Steward and Gardener, . .	26	0	0	20	0	0	House, Rations, Light, Fuel.
1	Head Male Attendant, . .	20	0	0	20	0	0	Residence, Clothes, Rations.
1	Infirmary Attendant, . .	17	0	0	15	0	0	Ditto.
1	Male Attendant, ...	16	0	0	15	0	0	Ditto.
4	Ditto, ...	14	0	0	15	0	0	Ditto.
8	Ditto, ...	12	0	0	15	0	0	Ditto.
2	Gate Porters, ...	14	0	0	24	0	0	House, Rations, Clothes, Light, and Fuel.
1	Hall Porter, ...	12	0	0	15	0	0	Residence, Clothes, Rations.
1	General Workman, ...	15	0	0	15	0	0	Ditto.
1	Resident Medical Superintendent's Servant, . . .	7	0	0	23	0	0	Ditto.
1	Matron's Servant and Hall Maid,	8	15	0	15	0	0	Ditto.
1	Head Nurse, ...	17	15	0	15	0	0	Ditto.
1	Head Laundress, ...	13	15	0	15	0	0	Ditto.
1	Assistant ditto, ...	9	15	0	12	10	0	Ditto.
1	Ditto, ...	7	15	0	12	10	0	Ditto.
1	Cook, ...	11	15	0	15	0	0	Ditto.
1	Kitchen-maid, ...	6	15	0	12	10	0	Ditto.
1	Female Infirmary Attendant, .	11	15	0	15	0	0	Ditto.
1	Ditto, ...	8	15	0	12	10	0	Ditto.
4	Female Attendants, ...	0	15	0	12	10	0	Ditto.
8	Ditto, ...	6	15	0	12	10	0	Ditto.
1	Shoemaker, ...	15	0	0	16	10	0	Rations.
1	Tailor, ...	15	0	0	15	0	0	Resident, Rations.
1	Stoker, ...	26	0	0	15	0	0	Ditto, and Clothing.
	Belfast:							
1	Head Male Attendant and Gardener,	28	0	0	27	19	0	Rations, Clothing, and Residence.
2	Male Attendants, ...	21	0	0	27	19	0	Ditto.
8	Ditto, ...	16	0	0	27	19	0	Ditto.
1	Hall Porter, ...	15	0	0	27	19	0	Ditto.
1	Head Female Attendant, . .	20	0	0	23	5	0	Ditto.
1	Reader and Night Nurse, . .	16	0	0	23	5	0	Ditto.
1	Cook (Female), ...	14	0	0	23	5	0	Ditto.
1	Ditto (Assistant), . . .	10	0	0	23	5	0	Ditto.
1	Laundress, ...	14	0	0	23	5	0	Ditto.

[*continued.*

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No. 27.—Table showing Scale of Wages and Allowances of Servants and Attendants in District Asylums on 31st December, 1865—*con.*

No. of each Class.	Asylum. Class of Attendants.	Wages per head, per annum. £ s. d.	Estimated Annual Value of Allowances. £ s. d.	Nature of Allowances.
	Belfast—*con.*			
1	Laundress (Assistant),	10 0 0	23 5 0	Rations, Clothing, and Residence.
1	Hospital Nurse (Male side),	10 0 0	23 5 0	Ditto.
1	Ditto (Female side),	10 0 0	23 5 0	Ditto.
9	Female Attendants,	10 0 0	23 5 0	Ditto.
2	Ditto Assistants,	9 0 0	23 5 0	Ditto.
7	Ditto,	8 0 0	23 5 0	Ditto.
1	Ditto,	13 0 0	23 5 0	Ditto.
	Carlow:			
1	Gardener,	18 0 0	20 17 1	Apartments, Rations, Fuel, Gas, a Suit of Clothes, and Premium.
1	Warder and Steward,	14 12 0	21 17 1	Ditto.
3	Warders,	12 12 0	20 17 1	Ditto.
4	Deputy Warders,	10 10 0	20 17 1	Ditto.
1	Yard Porter, &c.,	12 12 0	20 17 1	Ditto.
1	Gatekeeper,	9 0 0	20 17 1	Ditto.
1	Cook (Female),	10 0 0	16 0 0	Ditto.
1	Kitchen-maid,	5 5 0	15 10 0	Ditto.
1	Laundress,	9 0 0	16 0 0	Ditto.
1	Assistant ditto,	6 5 0	15 10 0	Ditto.
1	Ditto,	5 5 0	15 10 0	Ditto.
4	Nurses,	8 8 0	15 0 0	Ditto.
6	Deputy Nurses,	5 5 0	15 10 0	Ditto.
1	Board-room maid,	6 6 0	15 15 0	Ditto.
	Castlebar:			
1	Land Steward,	30 0 0	—	—
1	Gate Keeper,	10 0 0	10 0 0	Apartments, fuel, and light.
4	Male Attendants,	12 0 0	—	Clothes, Rations, &c.
4	Ditto,	9 0 0	—	Ditto.
—	Female Attendants,	7 4 0	—	Ditto.
—	Assistant Nurses,	4 16 0	—	Ditto.
1	Hall Porter,	—	—	—
1	Engineman,	—	—	—
1	Cook,	—	—	—
1	Laundress,	—	—	—
1	Hall-maid,	—	—	—
	Clonmel (*Parent*)**:**			
1	Gardener,	31 10 0	20 0 0	Diet, washing, and lodging.
4	Keepers,	18 0 0	24 4 0	Support and Clothing.
1	Wardsman,	15 0 0	22 2 0	Ditto.
2	Wardsmen,	12 0 0	22 2 0	Ditto.
1	Sick Attendant,	18 0 0	24 4 0	Ditto.
1	Sick Nurse,	15 0 0	20 0 0	Ditto.
3	Nurses,	12 0 0	20 0 0	Support, Lodgings, and one Gown yearly.
1	Deputy Nurse,	10 0 0	20 0 0	Support, Lodgings, & Clothes.
4	Ditto,	7 10 0	20 0 0	Ditto.
1	Laundress,	12 0 0	20 0 0	Ditto.
1	Assistant ditto,	7 10 0	20 0 0	Ditto.
1	Cook,	12 0 0	20 0 0	Ditto.
1	House-maid,	10 0 0	20 0 0	Ditto.
1	Hall Porter,	12 0 0	24 4 0	Ditto.
1	Gate ditto,	15 0 0	24 4 0	Ditto.

[*continued.*

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No. 27.—Table showing Scale of Wages and Allowances of Servants and Attendants in District Asylums on 31st December, 1865—*con.*

No. of each Class.	Asylum. Class of Attendants.	Wages per head, per annum. £	s.	d.	Estimated Annual Value of Allowances. £	s.	d.	Nature of Allowances.
	Clonmel (*Additional*):							
1	Gardener,	31	10	0	20	0	0	Support and Residence.
1	Hall-maid,	10	0	0	20	0	0	Support and a Gown yearly.
5	Keepers,	18	0	0	24	0	0	Support and Clothing.
5	Deputy Keepers,	12	0	0	22	0	0	Ditto.
1	Nurse,	15	0	0	20	0	0	Ditto.
3	Nurses,	12	0	0	20	0	0	Support & one Gown yearly.
5	Deputy Nurses,	7	10	0	20	0	0	Ditto.
1	Laundress,	12	0	0	20	0	0	Ditto.
2	Deputy Laundresses,	7	10	0	20	0	0	Ditto.
1	Hall Porter,	12	0	0	24	0	0	Support and Clothing.
1	Cook,	12	0	0	20	0	0	Support and Gown.
1	Kitchen-maid,	7	10	0	20	0	0	Ditto.
1	Engineman and Gatekeeper,	15	0	0	24	0	0	Support and Clothing.
	Cork:							
1	Gate Keeper,	52	0	0	7	0	0	Fuel and Light.
1	Watchman, Non-resident,	27	8	0		—		No Allowances.
1	Furnaceman,	18	5	0	17	0	0	Rations, Clothing, Fuel, Light, and Washing.
4	Attendants,	16	8	0	20	0	0	Ditto.
5	Assistant Attendants,	12	16	0	20	0	0	Ditto.
3	Ditto,	11	16	0	20	0	0	Ditto.
5	Ditto,	10	16	0	20	0	0	Ditto.
2	Ditto, Supernumerary,	7	0	0	20	0	0	Ditto.
1	Shoemaker,	17	0	0	20	0	0	Ditto.
1	Tailor,	16	12	0	20	0	0	Ditto.
1	Painter,	17	12	0	20	0	0	Ditto.
1	Carpenter,	16	16	0	20	0	0	Ditto.
1	Infirmary Attendant, Female,	16	8	0	19	0	0	Ditto.
1	Female Division Attendant,	12	16	0	19	0	0	Ditto.
1	Ditto,	11	16	0	19	0	0	Ditto.
1	Ditto,	10	16	0	19	0	0	Ditto.
4	Female Assistant Attendants,	8	0	0	19	0	0	Ditto.
4	Ditto,	7	0	0	19	0	0	Ditto.
11	Ditto,	6	0	0	19	0	0	Ditto.
1	Laundress,	14	19	2	19	0	0	Ditto.
2	Ditto Assistants	8	0	0	19	0	0	Ditto.
1	Board-room Servant,	7	0	0	19	0	0	Ditto.
1	Male Cook,	16	0	0	17	0	0	Ditto.
1	Male Assistant, Cook,	6	0	0	17	0	0	Ditto.
1	Female Kitchen Servant,	7	0	0	19	0	0	Ditto.
1	Messenger,	7	0	0	17	0	0	Ditto.
1	Whitewasher,	7	0	0	17	0	0	Ditto.
1	Sweeper,	8	8	0	17	0	0	Ditto.
1	Barber,	14	0	0	17	0	0	Ditto.
	Kilkenny:							
1	Gatekeeper,	20	0	0	11	0	0	£1 Premium, Clothes, Fuel, and Light.
1	Wardsman,	14	0	0	19	0	0	£2 Premium, Clothes, and Rations.
1	Male Attendant,	12	0	0	21	0	0	£4 yearly Premium (if merited), Clothes, and Rations.
1	Ditto,	16	0	0	21	0	0	Ditto.

[*continued.*

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No. 27.—Table showing Scale of Wages and Allowances of Servants and Attendants in District Asylums on 31st December, 1865—*con.*

No. of each Class.	Asylum. — Class of Attendants.	Wages per head, per annum.			Estimated Annual Value of Allowances.			Nature of Allowances.
	Kilkenny—*con.*	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	
2	Male Attendant,	12	0	0	18	0	0	£1 Premium, Clothes, and Rations.
1	Ditto,	10	0	0	18	0	0	£4 Premium, ditto.
1	Ditto,	9	0	0	18	0	0	£1 Premium, Clothes, and Rations.
1	Ditto,	8	0	0	18	0	0	Ditto.
1	Ditto,	9	2	8	14	0	0	Rations.
1	Hall Porter,	10	0	0	16	0	0	£1 Premium, Clothes, and Rations.
1	Nurse,	10	0	0	16	0	0	Ditto.
1	Ditto,	8	10	0	16	0	0	Ditto.
3	Nurses,	7	10	0	16	0	0	Ditto.
1	Wardsmaid,	8	0	0	16	0	0	Ditto.
1	Cook,	10	0	0	16	0	0	Ditto.
1	Laundress,	9	0	0	16	0	0	Ditto.
1	Hall-maid,	7	10	0	16	0	0	Ditto.
1	Kitchen-maid,	5	0	0	18	0	0	Ditto.
	Killarney:							
1	Head Attendant,	33	0	0	18	13	3	Rations and Clothing.
1	Stoker,	29	0	0		—		—
1	Hall Porter,	27	14	0	3	17	6	Clothing.
1	Attendant,	18	0	0	16	14	3	Rations and Clothing.
2	Ditto,	16	0	0	16	14	3	Ditto.
1	Ditto,	13	0	0	16	14	3	Ditto.
4	Ditto,	9	0	0	16	14	3	Ditto.
1	Deputy Matron,	16	0	0	13	0	0	Rations.
2	Nurses,	11	0	0	13	10	2	Rations and Clothing.
1	Ditto,	10	0	0	13	10	2	Ditto.
1	Ditto,	9	0	0	13	10	2	Ditto.
3	Ditto,	8	0	0	13	10	2	Ditto.
5	Ditto,	6	0	0	13	10	2	Ditto.
1	Gardener,	15	0	0	12	18	9	Rations.
1	Ploughman,	16	18	0	6	5	8	Ditto.
1	Farm Servant,	15	12	0		—		—
1	Gate Portress,	10	0	0	13	10	2	Rations and Clothing.
1	Cook,	10	0	0	13	10	2	Ditto.
1	Laundress,	7	0	0	13	10	2	Ditto.
1	Ditto,	6	0	0	13	10	2	Ditto.
2	Housemaids,	5	0	0	13	10	2	Ditto.
	Letterkenny:							
1	Engineer,	28	0	0		—		Clothes and Rations.
1	Land Steward and Gardener,	22	0	0		—		Ditto.
1	Head Male Attendant,	20	0	0		—		Ditto.
		£			£			
3	First Class Ditto,	14	rising to	16		—		Ditto.
4	Second Class Ditto,	11	,,	13		—		Ditto.
4	First Class Female Attendants,	10	,,	12		—		Ditto.
4	Second Class Ditto,	8	,,	10		—		Ditto.
1	Hall Porter,	14	0	0		—		Ditto.
1	Cook,	12	0	0		—		Ditto.
1	Laundress,	12	0	0		—		Ditto.
1	Hall-maid,	8	0	0		—		Ditto.

[*continued.*

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No. 27.—Table showing Scale of Wages and Allowances of Servants and Attendants in District Asylums on 31st December, 1865—*con.*

No. of each Class.	Asylum. — Class of Attendants.	Wages per head, per annum. £	s.	d.	Estimated Annual Value of Allowances. £	s.	d.	Nature of Allowances.
	Limerick:							
1	Steward and Gardener,	30	0	0	4	16	0	Fuel and Light.
1	Carpenter,	26	16	0	12	3	4	Rations.
1	Gatekeeper,	25	0	0	5	9	0	Suit of Clothes.
1	Ditto at Back Lodge,	20	0	0	5	9	0	Ditto.
1	Hall Porter,	12	0	0	16	17	6	Rations and a Suit of Clothes.
1	Stoker,	20	16	0	12	3	4	Rations.
12	Male Attendants,	16	16	0	17	14	0	Rations and Clothing.
1	Cook,	10	0	0	13	3	4	Rations and a Dress.
1	Laundress,	10	0	0	13	3	4	Ditto.
4	Assistant Laundresses,	6	6	0	12	3	4	Rations.
7	Nurses,	8	8	0	13	3	4	Diet and Clothing.
9	Assistant Nurses,	6	6	0	12	3	4	Ditto.
1	Manager's Servant,	8	8	0	13	3	4	Rations and a Dress.
1	Matron's ditto,	6	6	0	13	3	4	Rations.
1	Hall-maid,	6	6	0	13	3	4	Rations and a Dress.
2	Head Wardwomen,	8	8	0	13	3	4	Ditto.
7	Assistant ditto,	6	6	0	12	3	4	Rations.
	Londonderry:							
1	Gatekeeper,	9	0	0	21	2	10	Rations, Clothes, &c.
1	Gardener,	18	3	0	21	2	10	Ditto.
1	Hall Porter,	14	14	0	21	2	10	Ditto.
1	Weaver,	14	14	0	21	2	10	Ditto.
1	Shoemaker,	14	14	0	21	2	10	Ditto.
1	Farm Manager,	15	13	0	21	2	10	Ditto.
1	Tailor,	14	14	0	21	2	10	Ditto.
2	Keepers,	14	14	0	21	2	10	Ditto.
1	Keeper,	13	13	0	21	2	10	Ditto.
5	Female Nurses,	9	9	0	19	11	11	Ditto.
1	Hospital Nurse,	9	9	0	19	11	11	Ditto.
1	Night Nurse,	9	9	0	19	11	11	Ditto.
13	Assistant Nurses,	5	5	0	18	14	7	Ditto.
1	Cook,	9	9	0	19	11	11	Ditto.
1	Laundress,	9	9	0	19	11	11	Ditto.
2	Assistants ditto,	5	5	0	18	14	7	Ditto.
1	Office-maid,	5	5	0	19	11	11	Ditto.
1	Physician's Servant,	6	6	0	19	11	11	Ditto.
1	Farm Gatekeeper,	4	0	0	4	0	0	Free house.
	Maryborough:							
1	Gardener,	40	0	0	—			—
1	Gatekeeper,	10	0	0	15	0	0	Rations and Residence.
1	Messenger,	14	1	0	18	13	0	Clothing and Rations.
1	Keeper,	14	1	0	18	13	0	Ditto.
4	Ditto,	13	0	0	18	13	0	Ditto.
6	Assistant Keepers,	9	17	0	18	13	0	Ditto.
3	Ditto,	8	16	0	18	13	0	Ditto.
1	Nurse,	9	0	0	14	1	0	Ditto.
3	Ditto,	7	7	0	14	1	0	Ditto.
1	Ditto,	6	6	0	14	1	0	Ditto.
4	Deputy Nurses,	5	5	0	14	1	0	Ditto.
2	Ditto,	4	4	0	14	1	0	Ditto.
1	Laundress,	7	7	0	14	1	0	Ditto.
1	Laundry-maid,	4	4	0	14	1	0	Ditto.
1	Ditto,	4	0	0	14	1	0	Ditto.

[*continued.*

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No. 27.—Table showing Scale of Wages and Allowances of Servants and Attendants in District Asylums on 31st December, 1865—*con.*

No. of each Class.	Asylum. — Class of Attendants.	Wages per head, per annum. £	s.	d.	Estimated Annual Value of Allowances. £	s.	d.	Nature of Allowances.
	Maryborough—*con.*							
1	Cook,	7	7	0	14	1	0	Clothing and Rations.
1	Tailor,	12	3	4	18	13	0	Ditto.
1	House Servant,	5	5	0	14	1	0	Ditto.
	Mullingar:							
1	Gatekeeper, &c.,	42	0	0	8	12	3	Residence & 2lb. bread, daily.
1	Keeper and Shoemaker,	35	0	0	22	18	2	Rations and Clothing.
1	Keeper,	16	0	0	22	18	2	Ditto.
8	Keepers,	14	0	0	22	18	2	Ditto.
1	Porter,	14	0	0	22	18	2	Ditto.
1	Stoker,	18	0	0	22	18	2	Ditto.
1	Head Nurse,	22	0	0	17	16	4	Ditto.
10	Nurses,	8	0	0	17	16	4	Ditto.
1	Cook,	10	10	0	17	16	4	Ditto.
1	Laundress,	10	10	0	17	16	4	Ditto.
1	Assistant ditto,	8	0	0	17	16	4	Ditto.
1	Hall-maid,	7	0	0	17	16	4	Ditto.
1	Kitchen-maid,	8	0	0	17	16	4	Ditto.
	Omagh:							
1	Land Steward,	30	0	0	18	9	5	Rations, Fuel, and Light.
1	Gatekeeper,	18	5	0	6	4	6	Clothes, and 1lb. of Bread daily.
1	House Steward,	25	0	0	18	5	3	Rations and Clothes.
1	Attendant (general artisan),	35	0	0	18	5	3	Ditto.
4	Attendants,	16	0	0	18	5	3	Ditto.
5	Ditto,	14	0	0	18	5	3	Ditto.
1	Bandmaster,	16	0	0	18	5	3	Ditto.
1	Hall Porter,	14	0	0	18	5	3	Ditto.
4	Nurses,	12	0	0	16	4	5	Ditto.
5	Ditto,	10	0	0	16	4	5	Ditto.
1	Cook,	12	0	0	16	4	5	Ditto.
1	Laundress,	12	0	0	16	4	5	Ditto.
1	Kitchen-maid,	7	0	0	15	5	11	Ditto.
1	Laundry-maid,	7	0	0	15	5	11	Ditto.
1	Ditto,	6	0	0	15	5	11	Ditto.
9	Housemaids,	6	0	0	15	5	11	Ditto.
1	Post-boy,	2	0	0	17	4	1	Ditto.
	Richmond:							
2	Attendants (one of whom serves in the store and the other in the office).	25	0	0	38	0	9	Clothing, Rations, Fuel, Light, and Washing.
1	Head Male Attendant,	21	0	0	38	0	9	Ditto.
7	1st class ditto,	18	0	0	38	0	9	Ditto.
6	2nd class ditto,	16	0	0	38	0	9	Ditto.
1	2nd class ditto,	16	14	7	38	0	9	Ditto.
1	Hall Porter,	18	18	0	38	0	9	Ditto.
1	Ditto,	16	0	0	38	0	9	Ditto.
1	Gate Porter,	18	18	0	38	0	9	Ditto.
1	Ditto,	16	0	0	38	0	9	Ditto.
1	Kitchenman,	16	14	7	38	0	9	Ditto.
1	Gardener,	25	0	0	40	18	3	Ditto.
1	Messenger,	16	14	7	38	0	9	Ditto.
1	Tailor,	30	0	0	38	0	9	Ditto.

[*continued.*

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No. 27.—Table showing Scale of Wages and Allowances of Servants and Attendants in District Asylums on 31st December, 1865—*con.*

No. of each Class.	Asylum. — Class of Attendants.	Wages per head, per annum. £	s.	d.	Estimated Annual Value of Allowances. £	s.	d.	Nature of Allowances.
	Richmond—*con.*							
1	Shoemaker,	30	0	0	38	0	9	Clothing, Rations, Fuel, Light, and Washing.
1	Carpenter,	30	0	0	38	0	9	Ditto.
1	Plumber,	35	0	0	38	0	9	Ditto.
1	Engineman,	40	0	0	33	0	9	Rations, Fuel, Light, and Washing.
1	Band Master,	26	0	0	—			None.
5	1st class Nurses,	12	0	0	34	6	3	Clothing, Rations, Fuel, Light, and Washing.
19	2nd class ditto,	10	0	0	34	6	3	Ditto.
5	3rd class ditto,	6	0	0	34	6	3	Ditto.
1	Cook,	20	0	0	34	6	3	Ditto.
1	Ditto,	12	0	0	34	6	3	Ditto.
2	Hall Maids,	6	0	0	34	6	3	Ditto.
1	Laundress,	18	0	0	34	6	3	Ditto.
2	Laundry Maids,	10	0	0	34	6	3	Ditto.
	Sligo:							
1	Steward and Gardener	35	0	0	30	0	0	Fuel, Light, Board, and Washing.
1	Gate Porter,	31	4	0	15	0	0	Clothing, Fuel, and Light.
1	Hall Porter and Painter,	25	0	0	26	0	0	Board, Washing, Clothing, Fuel, and Light.
1	Attendant and Shoemaker,	20	0	0	26	0	0	Ditto.
4	Male Attendants,	15	0	0	26	0	0	Ditto.
2	Ditto,	13	0	0	26	0	0	Ditto.
2	Ditto,	10	0	0	26	0	0	Ditto.
1	Cook,	12	0	0	24	0	0	Ditto.
1	Laundress,	12	0	0	24	0	0	Ditto.
1	Ditto Assistant,	8	0	0	24	0	0	Ditto.
3	Female Attendants,	10	0	0	24	0	0	Ditto.
1	Ditto,	8	0	0	24	0	0	Ditto.
1	Female Deputy Attendant,	8	0	0	24	0	0	Ditto.
1	Ditto,	7	0	0	24	0	0	Ditto.
2	Ditto,	6	0	0	24	0	0	Ditto.
1	Hall-maid,	6	0	0	24	0	0	Ditto.
1	Scullery-maid,	4	0	0	24	0	0	Ditto.
	Waterford:							
1	Gardener,	25	0	0	18	18	5	Residence, Clothing, and Rations.
1	Gatekeeper,	15	0	0	18	18	5	Ditto.
1	Hall Porter,	12	0	0	18	18	5	Ditto.
1	Attendant,	20	0	0	18	18	5	Ditto.
2	Ditto,	15	0	0	18	18	5	Ditto.
1	Ditto,	12	0	0	18	18	5	Ditto.
2	Assistant ditto,	9	0	0	18	18	5	Ditto.
1	Shoemaker,	12	0	0	18	18	5	Ditto.
1	Watchman,	15	0	0	18	18	5	Ditto.
1	Nurse,	8	8	0	17	8	5	Ditto.
1	Ditto,	7	7	0	17	8	5	Ditto.
2	Ditto,	6	6	0	17	8	5	Ditto.
8	Assistant Nurses,	4	4	0	17	8	5	Ditto.
1	Cook,	7	7	0	17	8	5	Ditto.
1	Laundress,	7	7	0	17	8	5	Ditto.
2	Assistant Laundresses,	4	4	0	17	8	5	Ditto.

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No. 28.—Table showing the Number of Board Meetings held during the Year ending 31st December, 1865, and the attendance of Governors thereat.

Asylums.	January.		February.		March.		April.		May.		June.	
	No. of Meetings.	No. of Governors in attendance.	No. of Meetings.	No. of Governors in attendance.	No. of Meetings.	No. of Governors in attendance.	No. of Meetings.	No. of Governors in attendance.	No. of Meetings.	No. of Governors in attendance.	No. of Meetings.	No. of Governors in attendance.
Armagh,	1	5	1	5	1	5	1	5	1	4	1	7
Ballinasloe,	1	5	1	7	1	3	1	6	1	1	1	3
Belfast,	1	5	1	5	2	8	–	–	1	5	1	5
Carlow,	1	6	1	4	1	4	1	4	1	8	1	3
Clonmel (Parent and Additional),	1	3	1	6	1	5	1	4	2	2 3	1	4
Cork,	3	10	2	13	2	16	2	13	2	10	2	11
Killarney,	1	4	1	6	1	6	1	7	1	5	1	4
Kilkenny,	1	4	1	4	1	5	1	4	1	3	1	3
Limerick,	1	6	1	3	1	4	1	3	1	3	1	5
Londonderry,	2	6	1	4	1	5	2	15	1	5	1	6
Maryborough,	2	6 2	1	7	1	5	1	11	1	1	1	5
Mullingar,	1	3	1	4	1	3	1	3	1	3	1	3
Omagh,	1	3	1	4	1	5	1	5	1	3	1	3
Richmond,	2	3 5	2	3 5	2	4 4	2	4 3	3	2 3 6	2	3 3
Sligo,	2	7 7	1	8	1	6	1	7	1	3	1	7
Waterford,	1	3	2	12	2	10	1	4	1	3	1	5

Asylums.	July.		August.		September.		October.		November.		December.		Total Number of Meetings held during the year.	Average Number of Governors at each Meeting.
	No. of Meetings.	No. of Governors in attendance.	No. of Meetings.	No. of Governors in attendance.	No. of Meetings.	No. of Governors in attendance.	No. of Meetings.	No. of Governors in attendance.	No. of Meetings.	No. of Governors in attendance.	No. of Meetings.	No. of Governors in attendance.		
Armagh,	1	3	1	4	1	7	1	4	1	5	1	4	12	5
Ballinasloe,	1	3	1	3	1	5	2	5 5	1	6	1	5	13	5
Belfast,	1	3	1	6	1	4	1	7	2	12	1	7	13	5
Carlow,	1	3	1	3	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	3	12	4
Clonmel (Parent and Additional),	1	2	1	3	4	14	2	1 1	2	1 2 6	1	4	13	3
Cork,	2	15	2	11	2	9	1	7	1	8	1	8	20	6
Killarney,	1	4	1	4	1	3	1	4	1	4	1	3	12	5
Kilkenny,	1	4	1	4	1	4	1	5	1	3	1	4	12	4
Limerick,	1	4	1	4	1	5	1	3	1	9	3	6 6 9	14	5
Londonderry,	1	6	1	7	1	8	1	4	1	7	1	8	14	6
Maryborough,	2	2 4	1	4	1	3	1	3	1	3	1	9	14	5
Mullingar,	1	4	1	4	1	3	1	3	1	5	1	5	12	4
Omagh,	1	7	1	3	1	8	1	6	1	6	1	7	12	3
Richmond,	2	5 3	3	2 3 5	2	3 3	2	4 4	2	3 2	2	5 4	26	4
Sligo,	1	7	1	12	1	3	1	11	1	3	1	3	13	7
Waterford,	1	3	1	3	1	4	1	3	2	11	1	3	13	5

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No. 29.—Names of Governors and Dates of Appointment, with Number of Meetings attended during the Year ended 31st December, 1865.

Name.	Date of Appointment.	Number of Meetings attended
Armagh.		
Rev. James Jones,	1831,	7
William Paton, Esq., J.P.,	1841,	9
Earl of Gosford,	1845,	–
Colonel Hon. J. P. Maxwell, M.P.,	1845,	–
Right Hon. Sir John Young, Bart., D.L.,	1844,	–
Sir W. Verner, Bart., D.L.,	1844,	–
Colonel Leslie, M.P., Lieutenant, co. Monaghan,	1844,	–
E. P. Shirley, Esq., M.P., D.L.	1844,	–
Rev. Alexander Irwin,	1850,	7
Thomas Dobbin, Esq., J.P.,	1851,	6
Most Rev. Archbp. Dixon,	1854,	3
Matthew J. Anketelle, Esq., D.L.,	1855,	–
William Forster, Esq., D.L.,	1855,	–
R. H. Dolling, Esq., J.P.,	1855,	–
Col. Hon. Henry Caulfield, D.L.,	1861,	4
Hugh Boyle, Esq., J.P.,	1861,	6
The Lord Primate,	1862,	2
Edwd. W. Lucas, Esq., V.L.	1863,	3
William Kirk, Esq., D.L.,	1863,	4
Colonel Sir J. M. Stronge, Bart, M.P.,	1864,	–
Ballinasloe.		
Rt. Hon. Earl of Clancarty, J.P.,	Aug. 15, 1833,	3
Right Hon. Lord Crofton, D.L., J.P.,	"	–
Rt. Hon. Lord Clonbrook, D.L., J.P.,	"	1
Walter Laurence, Esq.,	"	8
Right Hon. Lord Ashtown, D.L., J.P.,	"	–
Hon. Robert Le Poer Trench, J.P.,	July 16, 1844,	–
Charles Filgate, Esq., J.P.,	Sept. 18, 1844,	2
Hon. Martin Ffrench, D.L., J.P.,	"	–
Henry J. Gascoyne, Esq., J.P.,	"	4
Right Rev. Dr. Derry,	"	–
G. D. H. Kirkaldy, Esq., J.P.	"	–
Anthony O'Flaherty, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Robert French, Esq., D.L., J.P.,	"	–
Andrew Brown, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
J. Woulfe Flanigan, Esq., D.L.,	"	–
Sir R. O'Donel, Bart., D.L.,	"	–
Lt.-Col. Ousely Higgins, D.L.,	"	–
Cornelius O'Kelly, Esq., J.P.	"	–
Chas. Strickland, Esq., J.P.	"	–
Major John D'Arcy, J.P.,	July 15, 1855,	12
Harry T. Potts, Esq., J.P.,	"	5
Viscount Dunlo, J.P.,	Nov. 19, 1860,	5
Ballinasloe—*continued.*		
And w. N. Comyn, Esq., J.P.,	Mar. 20, 1861,	–
J. J. O'Shaughnessy, Esq., J.P.,	January, 1862,	8
Stephen J. Cowen, Esq., J.P.	Mar. 29, 1862,	1
Rev. J. W. Whigham,	June, 1862,	10
Thos. Kelly Mahon, Esq., J.P.,	June, 1864,	3
John Eyre, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Belfast.		
Marquess of Donegal,	March, 1829,	–
Mayor of Belfast, for the time being,	"	1
Rev. Thos. Hincks, A.M.,	"	–
Robert J. Tennant, Esq., J.P., D.L.,	January, 1836,	–
Right Rev. C. Denvir, D.D.	October, 1858,	3
Rev. Jno. Edgar, D.D., LL.D.	"	8
Very Rev. Dean Stannus,	April, 1842,	3
Rev. H. Cooke, LL.D., D.D.,	"	6
Rev. J. S. B. Monsell, A.M.	"	–
C. B. Grimshaw, Esq.,	October, 1846,	7
The Marquess of Downshire	Nov. 1847,	–
Major Crawford, J.P., D.L.,	"	5
The Lord Bishop of Down and Connor,	April, 1850,	5
Wm. Dunville, Esq., J.P.,	May, 1851,	8
Rev. T. F. Miller, D.D.,	Dec. 1851,	10
A. J. Macrory, Esq.,	June, 1852,	5
Lord Dufferin,	Dec. 1855,	–
Thomas M'Clure, Esq., J.P., D.L.,	January, 1856,	11
Lieut.-Col. Forde, M.P.,	March, 1882,	2
Carlow.		
Samuel Haughton, Esq.,	Dec. 1, 1831,	8
Rev. John Bonham,	July 21, 1834,	–
George Evans, Esq.,	Aug. 19, 1836,	–
Rev. James Maher, D.D.,	Nov. 2, 1837.	7
Horace Rochfort, Esq.,	May 5, 1843,	4
Thomas Braddell, Esq.,	April 24, 1845,	–
Robt. Clayton Browne, Esq.	Feb. 15, 1847,	8
Sir James Power, Bart.,	"	–
P. W. Redmond, Esq.,	"	–
Charles A. Walker, Esq,	"	–
Rev J. I. Taylor, D.D.,	Oct. 19, 1848,	1
Hugh Blackney, Esq.,	"	–
William Burton, Esq.,	Mar. 7, 1850.	–
The Marquess of Kildare,	Dec. 21, 1853,	–
Henry Bruen, Esq., M.P.,	"	2
Rt. Rev. Dr. Walshe, D.D.,	"	9
William Duckett, Esq.,	"	5
Philip J. Newton, Esq.,	"	–
Major R. Owen,	April 24, 1855,	–
Thomas Fitzgerald, Esq.,	Jan. 29, 1856,	–
Rev. John Dunne, D.D.,	Sept. 14, 1859,	7
Sir Thos. P. Butler, Bart.,	May 6, 1865,	–
D. W. P. Beresford, M.P.,	"	1

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No. 29.—Names of Governors and Dates of Appointment, with Number of Meetings attended during the Year ended 31st December, 1865—*con.*

Name.	Date of Appointment.	Number of Meetings attended.
Castlebar.		
General the Earl of Lucan, K.C.B.,	Mar. 28, 1865,	–
The Marquess of Sligo,	"	–
Lord John Browne, M.P., D.L.,	"	–
Sir Robert Lynch Blosse, Bart., J.P.,	"	–
Sir Richard A. O'Donnell, Bart., D.L.,	"	–
Colonel Chas. Knox, D.L.,	"	–
Colonel Arthur Knox Gore,	"	–
Valentine O'Connor Blake, Esq., D.L.,	"	–
George Henry Moore, Esq., D.L.,	"	–
John Nolan Ferrall, Esq., J.P., D.L.,	"	–
Lt.-Col. George G. Ouseley Higgins, D.L.,	"	–
Chas. Strickland, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
John Thomas Cormack Walshe, Esq., J.P.	"	–
Philip Taaffe, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Anthy. Ormsby, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Thomas S. Lindsey, Esq., jun., D.L.,	"	–
Lord Oranmore & Browne, D.L.,	June, 14, 1865,	–
Charles L. FitzGerald, D.L., J.P.,	Mar. 15, 1856,	–
Clonmel (Parent and Additional).		
Rt. Hon. Lord Cough, D.L.,	1831,	–
John Bagwell, Esq., M.P., D.L.,	"	4
William Perry, Esq., D.L.,	"	–
George Ryan, Esq., D.L.,	"	–
Rev. Walter Giles,	1835,	1
Very Rev. Dr. Burke, P.P.,	1836,	–
Rev. Mr. Baldwin, P.P.,	"	8
Denis Phelan, Esq., M.D.,	1838,	–
Right Hon. Lord Dunally, D.L.,	1841,	–
Chas. Blanconl, Esq., D.L.,	"	4
Edw. Phelan, Esq., M.D., J.P.,	"	6
James Scully, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Rev. John Dill,	1843,	3
Thomas Lalor, Esq., D.L.,	1849,	–
Joseph Kenny, Esq., J.P.,	1856,	8
Richd. U. Bailey, Esq., J.P.,	1859,	–
Bassett W. Holmes, Esq., J.P.	"	–
Captain E. James Power Lalor, D.L.,	"	–
Sir John C. Carden, Bart., D.L.,	"	–
Joshua Minnett, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
James Lanigan, Esq., D.L.,	"	–
Laurence Waldron, Esq., M.P., D.L.,	"	–
Samuel H. Goold Adams, Esq., J.P.,	1864,	5
S. C. Moore, Esq., D.L.,	"	2
Percy Gough, Esq., J.P.,	"	5
John Riall, Esq.,	"	9

Name	Date of Appointment.	Number of Meetings attended.
Cork.		
Earl of Bandon, D.L.,	Oct. 4, 1845,	–
Earl of Mountcashel, D.L.,	"	–
Earl of Bantry, D.L.,	"	–
Hon. W. H. White Hedges, D.L.,	"	–
Sir C. D. Jephson Norreys, Bart., D.L.,	"	12
Lord Visct. Doneraile, D.L.,	"	–
Thos. G. French, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Francis Bernard Beamish, Esq., M.P., D.L.	"	3
Capt. R. Tonson Rye, J.P.,	"	–
James Morrogh, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
J. Stack Murphy, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Right Rev. Dr. Delancy, D.D.	Mar. 13, 1848,	–
The Archdeacon of Cork, LL.D.,	"	5
The Recorder of Cork, Q.C.,	"	–
Wm. J. Sheehy, Esq., J.P.,	"	7
D. Leahy Arthur, Esq., J.P.,	"	3
Andw. F. Roche, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
D. W. J. Norreys, Esq., J.P.,	June 17, 1850,	20
Members of Parliament—		
For County of Cork, *ex-officio*,	Feb. 18, 1853,	1
For City of Cork, *ex-officio*	"	–
For Bandon, "	"	3
For Kinsale, "	"	–
For Mallow, "	"	–
For Youghal, "	"	–
Mayor of Cork, J.P., *ex-officio*,	"	3
High Sheriff of Co. of Cork, *ex-officio*,	"	1
High Sheriff of City of Cork, *ex-officio*,	"	6
Nich. Dunscombe, Esq., D.L.	"	13
Wm. L. Perrier, Esq., J.P.,	"	12
Sir Thomas Tobin, D.L.,	"	5
S. T. W. French, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Richd. Goold Adams, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Henry Winthrop O'Donovan, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
B. S. Wood, Esq., J.P.,	"	9
Robt. De La Cour Beamish, Esq., J.P.,	"	1
Wm. R. Meade, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Noble Johnson, Esq.,	Sept. 22, 1859,	10
The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Cork, Cloyne, and Ross,	July 29, 1862,	–
John H. Bainbridge, Esq., J.P.,	Oct. 12, 1863,	13
Thomas Lyons, Esq., J.P.,	July 4, 1865,	2
Thomas Jameson,	"	–
William Johnson, D.L.,	Sept. 29, 1865,	1
Kilkenny.		
Geo. Bryan, Esq., D.L., J.P.,	April 26, 1852,	–
Colonel the Right Hon. W. F. F. Tighe, Lord Lieutenant of the co.,	"	2
John Greene, Esq., M.P., *ex-officio*,	"	–

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No. 29.—Names of Governors and Dates of Appointment, with Number of Meetings attended during the Year onded 31st December, 1865—*con.*

Name.	Date of Appointment.	Number of Meetings attended.
Kilkenny—*continued.*		
Michael Sullivan, Esq., M.P., *ex-officio*,	April 26, 1852,	–
Right Rev. Dr. O'Brien, Lord Bishop of Ossory and Ferns,	"	–
Right Rev. Dr. Walsh, R. C. Bishop,	"	–
Sir John Power, Bart., D.L., J.P.,	"	–
Sir John Blunden, Bart., D.L., J.P.,	"	–
John H. Jones, Esq., D.L., J.P.,	"	–
Thomas Lalor, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
William H. Flood, Esq., D.L., J.P.,	"	3
John De Montmorency, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Thomas Neville, Esq., D.L., J.P.,	"	–
James S. Lane, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Captain J. N. Greene, J.P.,	"	6
The Right Worshipful Edm. Smithwick, Esq., J.P., Mayor,	"	–
P. Connellan, Esq., D.L., J.P.	"	4
J. K. Aylward, Esq., D.L., J.P.,	"	–
Lord James Butler, J.P.,	May 16, 1855,	–
J. M. Tidmarsh, Esq., J.P.,	1856,	8
Hon. L. A. Ellis, M.P., *ex-officio*,	Jan. 29, 1857,	–
Lieut.-Col. W. V. Stuart, D.L., J.P.,	Jan. 26, 1858,	–
John Walsh, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
John Power, Esq., J.P.,	1861,	9
Captain T. H. Ponsonby,	"	6
The Right Hon. the Earl of Besshorough,	1862,	2
Sir Henry Marsh, High Sheriff, *ex-officio*,	1864,	–
Sir John Gray, M.P.,	1865,	–
Sir James Langrishe, Bart., D.L.,	May 6, 1865,	1
The Right Hon. the Earl of Carrick,	Sept. 10, 1865,	–
John Murphy, Esq., J.P.,	"	2
The Most Noble the Marquess of Ormonde,	Oct. 30, 1865,	–
Killarney.		
The Lord Ventry,	April 26, 1852,	–
The Right Hon. Viscount Castlerosse, M.P.,	"	3
The M'Gillycuddy of the Reeks, D.L.,	"	–
St. John Blacker, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Wm. L. Crosbie, Esq., D.L.,	"	–
Stephen Collis, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Dan. C. Coltsmann, Esq., D.L.	"	–
William Denny, Esq., D.L.,	"	10
Sir William D. Godfrey, Bart., D.L.,	"	1
Thos. Gallwey, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Wilson Gun, Esq., J.P.,	"	9
Killarney—*continued.*		
Major Murray Home, J.P.,	April 26, 1852,	–
The Knight of Kerry, D.L.,	"	–
John Leahy, Esq., J.P.,	"	2
Denis Shine Lawlor, Esq., J.P.,	"	8
Daniel Mahony, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
John Mahony, Esq., J.P.,	"	8
James O'Connell, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
M'Carthy O'Leary, Esq., J.P.,	"	8
Thomas Sandes, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
The Right Rev. Dr. Moriarty, R. C. Bishop,	"	1
J. Morrogh Bernard, Esq., D.L., High Sheriff,	Nov. 13, 1854,	3
Henry Leahy, Esq., J.P.,	Sept. 22, 1859,	8
The O'Donoghue, M.P.,	–	–
Letterkenny.		
Sir James Stewart, Bart., J.P., D.L.,	Jan. 21, 1865,	–
Wm. Fenwick, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
John Harvey, Esq., J.P., D.L.,	"	–
Rev. Edward Bowen,	"	–
John V. Stewart, Esq., J.P., D.L.,	"	–
Lord Edward Chichester,	"	–
Viscount Lifford, J.P., D.L.,	"	–
Alex. J. R. Stewart, Esq., J.P., D.L.,	"	–
Thomas Bath, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
John G. Bowen, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Fras. Mansfield, Esq., D.L.,	"	–
Major R. G. Montgomery, J.P., D.L.,	"	–
Thos. Conolly, Esq., M.P., J.P., D.L.,	"	–
Wybrants Olphert, Esq., J.P., D.L.,	"	–
Wm. Sinclair, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Thomas Brook, Esq., J.P., D.L.,	"	–
Rev. William Edwards,	"	–
Viscount Hamilton, M.P.,	"	–
Lord George Hill,	"	–
Lord Francis Conyngham, J.P.,	"	–
The Right Rev. Dr. Daniel M'Gettigan,	"	–
George Young, Esq., J.P., D.L.,	"	–
William Style, Esq., J.P., D.L.,	"	–
John R. Boyd, Esq., J.P., D.L.,	"	–
J. Grove Grove, Esq., J.P., D.L.,	"	–
Capt. Thomas Patterson, J.P.,	Jan. 18, 1866,	–
Limerick.		
Rt. Hon. Lord Monteagle,	1822,	–
Right Worshipful the Mayor, *ex-officio*,	–	9

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No. 29.—Names of Governors and Dates of Appointment, with Number of Meetings attended during the Year ended 31st December, 1865—*con.*

Names.	Date of Appointment.	Number of Meetings attended.
Limerick—*continued.*		
The Lord Bishop, *ex-officio*,	–	–
Very Rev. Dean Kirwan, *ex-officio*,		1
Ven. Archdeacon Peacock, *ex-officio*,	–	–
The Most Rev. Dr. Butler, R. C. Bishop, *ex-officio*,	–	–
Wm. Howley, Esq., D.L.,	1827,	1
Henry Maunsell, Esq.,	1833,	4
John W. Mahony, Esq.,	"	10
John Singleton, Esq.,	1839,	–
Lord Viscount Gort,	"	–
Sir David Roche, Bart.,	"	–
Sir Hugh D. Massy, Bart.	1845,	1
Michael Furnell, Esq.,	"	–
Col. the Right Hon. Wm. Monsell, M.P.,	1847,	1
Sir Wm. Barrington, Bt.,	"	–
Richard Russell, Esq.,	"	1
John Low, Esq., D.L.,	"	–
Thomas Kelly, Esq.,	"	–
Sir Vere De Vere, Bart.,	"	–
Colonel C. M. Vandeleur,	1848,	–
William J. Geary, Esq.,	1850,	–
Thomas Boyse, Esq.,	"	3
Michael R. Ryan, Esq.,	1859,	12
William Spaight, Esq.,	1860,	2
Hefferman Considine, Esq.,	"	–
Stephen E. de Vere, Esq.,	1861,	–
Captain M. Gavin,	1862,	8
John T. M'Sheehy, Esq.,	"	12
Thadeus M'Donnell, Esq.,	1865,	–
Londonderry.		
Sir J. Stewart, Bart., J.P.,	1829,	1
Major Scott, J.P., D.L.,	"	9
W. Fenwick, Esq., J.P.,	"	2
J. Harvey, Esq., D.L., J.P.,	"	1
Sir C. Style, Bart., J.P.,	1830,	–
Wm. H. Ash, Esq., J.P., D.L.	"	–
Rev. E. Bowen,	1834,	–
Sir R. Bateson, Bart., J.P.,	1836,	12
J. V. Stewart, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
J. B. Beresford, Esq., J.P., D.L.,	1839,	1
Lord E. Chichester,	1843,	–
Lord Lifford,	1845,	–
Rev. W. M'Clure,	"	8
Sir H. H. Bruce, Bt., M.P.,	1847,	–
Rev. B. B. Gough,	1849,	–
Right Rev. Dr. Kelly,	1850,	–
A. J. R. Stewart, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Anthony Babington, Esq.,	1852,	2
Lord Bishop of Derry,	1854,	6
Thomas Batt, Esq., J.P.,	1855,	–
J. G. Bowen, Esq., J.P.,	"	1
John Ferguson, Esq., J.P.,	1858,	–
Fras. Mansfield, Esq., J.P.,	"	1
R. Montgomery, Esq., J.P.,	"	1
Thos. Conolly, Esq., M.P.,	"	–
Wybrants Olphorts, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
William Sinclair, Esq., J.P.	"	–
Thomas Brooke, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Londonderry—*con.*		
Sir W. F. Heygate, Bart., M.P.,	1859,	1
R. P. Dawson, Esq., M.P., J.P.,	"	–
Dean of Derry,	1860,	2
A. Lyle, Esq., Lieut. of the County,	"	4
Rev. W. Edwards,	"	1
The Archdeacon of Derry,	1862,	–
The Mayor of Derry,	1863,	–
G. Skipton, Esq., J.P., D.L.,	1864,	13
B. M'Corkle, Esq., J.P.,	"	6
Major Browne, J.P.,	"	2
R. Ogilby, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
W. M'Cormack, Esq., M.P.,	"	–
Walter Greene, Esq., J.P.	1865,	4
Maryborough.		
Viscount de Vesci,	April 6, 1833,	4
Rev. T. Harpur,	"	–
George Adair, Esq.,	Mar. 24, 1833,	1
R. M. Alloway, Esq.,	"	1
R. S. Hawkesworth, Esq.,	April 12, 1846,	4
Rev. J. T. Moore,	Aug. 7, 1848,	–
Rt. Hon. J. W. Fitzpatrick,	Feb. 9, 1850,	–
Thomas Kemmis, Esq.,	Nov. 20, 1850,	–
Rev. Dr. Taylor,	May 26, 1855,	7
D. Thompson, Esq.,	April 26, 1856,	2
Geo. Garvey, Esq.,	Sept. 10, 1857,	5
Thomas Hackett, Esq.,	"	7
T. W. Trench, Esq.,	"	1
M. J. Sweetman, Esq.,	Sept. 22, 1859,	2
Michael Dunne, Esq.,	Jan. 11, 1860,	10
Edmund Dease, Esq.,	Mar. 26, 1862,	8
Honourable A. Bury,	"	3
J. F. Rolleston, Esq.,	"	3
J. F. Hutchinson, Esq.,	"	1
Sir Allen J. Walsh, Bart.,	Dec. 15, 1863,	4
William Phillips, Esq.,	April 11, 1864,	4
Mullingar.		
Marquess of Headfort,	July 8, 1854,	–
Earl of Fingall,	"	–
Earl of Mayo,	"	–
Lord Bishop of Meath,	"	–
Lord Athlumney,	"	–
Mathew E. Corbally, M.P.,	"	–
J. W. L. Naper, D.L.,	"	–
Robert Fowler, D.L.,	"	–
Sir Henry Meredyth, Bt.,	"	–
Samuel Winter, D.L.,	"	–
Richard Bolton, D.L.,	"	–
Edward M'Evoy, M.P.,	"	–
John A. Farrell, jun., D.L.,	"	–
Marquess of Westmeath,	"	–
Lord Kilmaine,	"	–
Lord Castlemaine,	"	–
Lord Vaux of Harrowden,	"	–
Rt. Rev. Dr. Cantwell,	"	6
Sir Percy Nugent, Bart.,	"	–
Sir Richd. Levinge, Bart., M.P.,	"	1

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No. 29.—Names of Governors and Dates of Appointment, with Number of Meetings attended during the Year ended 31st December, 1865—*con.*

Names.	Date of Appointment.	Number of Meetings attended.
Mullingar—*con.*		
Wm. P. Urquhart, M.P.,	July 8, 1854,	8
Sir Benjamin Chapman, Bart.,	"	–
John C. Lyons, D.L.,	"	–
George A. Boyd, D.L.,	"	–
Colonel Caulfield, D.L.,	"	12
Hon. L. King Harman,	"	–
Anthony Lefroy, M.P.,	"	–
Right Rev. Dr. Kilduffe,	"	–
Rev. Essex Edgeworth,	"	5
Col. F. S. Greville, M.P.,	"	–
John L. O'Farrell, D.L.,	"	–
Col. Henry Musters, D.L.,	"	–
Right Hon. Baron Hughes,	"	–
Philip O'Reilly, D.L.,	"	2
Fredk. Jessop, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
John Shuldham, D.L.,	"	–
George Evers, Esq., J.P.,	"	1
Willoughby Bond, D.L.,	"	4
Major J. L. Naper,	May 1, 1856,	–
Earl of Granard,	June 24, 1857,	1
Robert Smyth, D.L.,	"	7
Thos. J. Smyth, Esq., J.P.,	"	1
Earl of Longford,	March 6, 1865,	5
Joseph Tulte, Esq., D.L.,	Sept. 16, 1865,	2
Major J. L. Nugent, D.L.,	"	–
James W. Bond, D.L.,	"	–
Omagh.		
Marquess of Abercorn,	Sept. 10, 1852,	–
Earl of Erne,	"	–
Earl of Enniskillen,	"	–
Rev. Lord Adam Loftus,	"	1
Lord Claude Hamilton, M.P.	"	2
Rt. Hon. H. T. L. Corry, M.P.	"	1
Hon. Wm. S. Knox, M.P.,	"	1
John F. Lowry, Esq.,	"	–
Frns. J. Gervais, Esq., D.L.	"	–
Charles Eccles, Esq., D.L.,	"	2
Major Francis Ellis, J.P.,	"	7
Samuel Vesey, Esq., D.L.,	"	5
H. L. Prentice, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
John Humphreys, Esq., J.P.	"	–
Robert Evans, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Captain M. Archdall, M.P.,	"	–
Rev. John G. Porter, J.P.,	"	–
H. M. D'A. Irvine, Esq.,	"	–
Wm. H. Archdall, Esq., J.P.	"	3
H. M. Richardson, Esq., D.L.	"	–
Geo. F. Brooke, Esq., D.L.,	"	–
James Lendrum, Esq., D.L.,	"	–
Jno. G. V. Porter, Esq., D.L.	"	–
Robert Archdall, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Wm. Patterson, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Wm. Verner, jun., Esq., D.L.	"	–
R. W. Lowry, sen., Esq., D.L.,	Dec. 11, 1852,	–
Thos. R. Browne, Esq., D.L.	"	–
Rev. H. Tottenham, A.M., D.L.,	Oct. 14, 1852,	–
Wm. L. Ogilby, Esq., D.L.,	Dec. 11, 1852,	–
Hon. A. G. Stuart, D.L.,	May 24, 1855,	–
Anketell Moutray, Esq., J.P.	Dec. 16, 1855,	–
Omagh—*continued.*		
Earl of Belmore,	Sept. 28, 1857,	1
Wm. F. Black, Esq., J.P.,	"	7
Sir John M. Stewart, Bart., D.L.,	Nov. 18, 1859,	5
Captain A. F. Knox, J.P.,	Jan. 28, 1860,	2
Captain George P. M'Clintock, J.P.,	April 24, 1862,	2
George C. Brackenridge, Esq., J.P.,	July 29, 1862,	5
Maurice C. Maude, Esq., J.P.,	Sept. 22, 1859,	–
Major A. W. Cole Hamilton, D.L.,	Nov. 5, 1864,	4
James Greer, jun., Esq.,	"	1
Charles Scott, Esq., J.P.,	June 23, 1865,	6
Captain Thos. Auchinleck,	"	5
Ex-officio.		
Members of Parliament and High Sheriffs for Tyrone and Fermanagh,	–	–
Richmond.		
The Rt. Hon. the Earl of Meath, D.L., J.P.,	Sept. 6, 1830,	4
The Rt. Hon. Fred. Shaw, P.C.,	Sept. 8, 1830,	11
The Rt. Hon. the Earl of Fingall, Lieutenant, co. Meath, K.S.T.P., P.C.,	Dec. 1, 1831,	–
John Ennis, Esq., D.L., M.P.	Feb. 24, 1844,	–
Sir Edward Borough, Bt., D.L., J.P.,	"	–
Sir George Hodson, Bart., D.L., J.P.,	Feb. 15, 1847,	15
Michl. Staunton, Esq., J.P.	"	26
G. A. Hamilton, Esq., D.L., J.P.,	"	–
John Leutaigne, Esq., M.D., D.L.,	"	4
Right Hon. Viscount Gormanstown, D.L., J.P.,	Oct. 10, 1848,	–
Sir Henry Moredyth, Bt., D.L.,	"	–
L. Waldron, Esq., D.L., M.P.	Aug. 2, 1856,	10
Ths. Lee Norman, Esq., D.L.	"	–
G. H. Lindsay, Esq., D.L.,	Feb. 21, 1860,	18
F. Donagh, Esq., J.P.,	March 6, 1863,	13
Sligo.		
Sir R. G. Booth, Bart., D.L., M.P.,	Sept. 10, 1852,	1
Colonel Barrett,	"	4
Rich. Brinkley, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
C. W. C. O'Hara, Esq., D.L.,	"	5
B. O. Cogan, Esq., J.P.,	"	5
Major Ffolliott, J.P.,	"	1
J. A. Holmes, Esq., D.L.,	"	–

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No. 29.—Names of Governors and Dates of Appointment, with Number of Meetings attended during the Year ended 31st December, 1865—*con.*

Name.	Date of Appointment.	Number of Meetings attended.
Sligo—*continued.*		
J. W. King, Esq., D.L.,	Sept. 10, 1862,	–
F. M. Olpherts, Esq., J.P.,	"	9
Peter O'Connor, Esq., J.P.,	"	11
Edward Smyth, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Right Hon. the Earl of Leitrim,	"	–
H. L. Montgomery, Esq., D.L.,	"	–
Wm. Johnston, Esq., D.L.,	"	–
F. A. La Touche, Esq., J.P.,	Sept. 10, 1852,	3
Colonel Whyte, D.L.,	"	1
P. Simpson, Esq., D.L.,	"	–
J. R. Dickson, Esq., J.P.,	"	1
J. Wood, Esq., J.P.,	"	3
William Phibbs, Esq.,	Sept. 29, 1852,	8
Right Rev. Dr. Gillooly,	Nov. 19, 1880,	7
Joshua Kell, Esq., J.P.,	May 26, 1881,	1
J. Johnstown, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
J. O'Donnell, Esq., J.P.,	"	1
H. O'Beirne, Esq., D.L.,	"	–
The Rt. Hon. the Earl of Granard, K.ST.P., Lieut., co. Leitrim,	Mar. 28, 1862,	–
Jemmett Duke, Esq., J.P.,	June 24, 1862,	3
High Sheriff for County of Sligo, for time being (*ex-officio*),	–	–
High Sheriff for County of Leitrim, for time being (*ex-officio*),	–	–
A. L. Tottenham, Esq., J.P.,	Mar. 19, 1863,	3
Col. E. Cooper, J.P., M.P.,	June 24, 1863,	5
C. D. Fox, Esq., J.P.,	Feb. 27, 1864,	8
Alex. Percival, Esq., J.P.,	June 23, 1864,	4
J. W. Flanagan, Esq., J.P.,	Oct. 1, 1864,	–
E. MacGuire, Esq., D.L.,	Nov. 5, 1864,	1
Sligo—*continued.*		
Wm. A. Lawder, Esq., J.P.,	March 24, 1865,	–
William Peyton, Esq., J.P.	Sept. 29, 1865,	1
Waterford.		
Right Hon. Lord Stuart De Decies,	Oct. 31, 1834,	–
Wm. Christmas, Esq., D.L.,	"	–
Nicholas Power, Esq.,	"	–
Sir H. W. Barron, Bart.,	Aug. 13, 1836,	–
Henry Denny, Esq.,	"	1
Thos. Meagher, Esq., J.P.,	Aug. 18, 1841,	–
Sir Benjamin Morris, D.L.,	"	1
James Keating, Esq., J.P.,	Oct. 19, 1848,	4
Very Rev. Edw. N. Hoare,	Dec. 8, 1851,	8
E. Roberts, Esq.,	"	5
John Power, Esq., J.P.,	"	–
Chas. Newport, Esq., J.P.,	Aug. 1, 1853,	3
Colonel Emanuel Roberts,	"	11
Very Rev. M. Flynn,	June 19, 1854,	7
Right Rev. Dr. O'Brien,	April 22, 1856,	–
Sir Robert J. Paul, Bart., J.P.,	Dec. 24, 1861,	3
Hon. D. F. Fortescue, M.P.,	"	3
Right. T. Carew, Esq., J.P., D.L.,	"	4
Rt. Hon. Earl Huntingdon,	Mar. 29, 1862,	–
Right Rev. Lord Bishop Cashel, &c., &c., *pro. tem.*,	–	1
The Members of Parliament for County and City, *pro. tem.*,	–	6
The High Sheriffs for County and City, *pro. tem.*,	–	1
The Mayor, *pro. tem.*,	–	9

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APPENDIX C.—

No. 1.—Return of all persons Committed to Gaols as "*Dangerous*

Gaols.	Remaining in Custody on 31st Dec., 1864.			Committed during Year ending 31st Dec., 1865.			Total Number in Custody during the Year.			Removed to Asylums under Lord Lieutenant's Warrant.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Armagh,	11	7	18	13	6	19	24	13	37	15	3	18
Belfast,	8	2	10	28	9	37	36	11	47	–	–	–
Carlow,	–	–	–	2	3	5	2	3	5	1	3	4
Carrick-on-Shannon,	–	–	–	2	–	2	2	–	2	2	–	2
Castlebar,	12	7	19	31	17	48	43	24	67	9	8	17
Cavan,	13	8	21	15	3	18	28	11	39	7	4	11
Clonmel,	–	–	–	8	2	8	6	2	8	4	2	6
Cork City,	–	–	–	2	1	3	2	1	3	2	1	3
Cork County,	1	–	1	13	21	34	14	21	35	14	19	33
Downpatrick,	24	10	34	25	7	32	49	17	66	–	2	2
Drogheda,	–	1	1	4	2	6	4	3	7	–	–	–
Dundalk,	1	–	1	13	5	18	14	5	19	6	4	10
Ennis,	1	–	1	14	11	25	15	11	26	5	7	12
Enniskillen,	1	–	1	8	5	13	9	5	14	8	3	9
Galway County,	17	7	24	19	9	28	36	16	52	12	5	17
Galway Town,	4	1	5	2	–	2	6	1	7	3	1	4
Grangegorman,	–	57	57	–	49	49	–	106	106	–	30	30
Kilkenny,	–	–	–	7	6	13	7	6	13	5	4	9
Kilmainham,	12	9	21	15	9	24	27	18	45	10	6	16
Lifford,	35	7	42	28	13	41	63	20	83	6	2	8
Limerick City,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Limerick County,	2	–	2	22	6	28	24	6	30	12	6	18
Londonderry,	12	–	12	16	3	19	28	3	31	1	–	1
Longford,	2	1	3	6	1	7	8	2	10	4	2	6
Maryborough,	2	–	2	8	1	9	10	1	11	7	1	8
Monaghan,	10	8	18	15	13	28	25	21	46	6	5	11
Mullingar,	–	–	–	9	3	12	9	3	12	5	3	8
Naas,	16	4	20	6	8	14	22	12	34	4	4	8
Nenagh,	–	1	1	14	7	21	14	8	22	13	8	21
Omagh,	–	–	–	2	2	4	2	2	4	1	2	3
Richmond Bridewell,	45	–	45	70	–	70	115	–	115	18	–	18
Roscommon,	10	8	16	11	11	22	21	17	38	1	–	1
Sligo,	–	–	–	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
Tralee,	–	–	–	8	2	10	8	2	10	6	1	7
Trim,	–	–	–	10	7	17	10	7	17	4	2	6
Tullamore,	–	1	1	11	2	13	11	3	14	8	2	10
Waterford,	–	–	–	8	10	18	8	10	18	8	9	17
Wexford,	45	–	45	19	11	30	64	11	75	1	1	2
Wicklow,	8	2	8	8	6	14	14	8	22	3	5	8
Total,	290	139	429	491	273	764	781	412	1193	210	157	367

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Lunatics in Gaols.

Lunatics" during the year ending 31st December, 1865.

Discharged by Committing Magistrates.			Otherwise Discharged.			Died.			Total Removed Discharged, and Died.			Remaining in Gaols on 31st December, 1865.			Gaols.
M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	
7	5	12	–	–	–	–	–	–	22	8	30	2	5	7	Armagh.
23	10	33	–	–	–	–	–	–	23	10	33	13	1	14	Belfast.
1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	3	5	–	–	–	Carlow.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	2	–	–	–	Carrick-on-Shannon.
7	4	11	–	–	–	3	1	4	19	13	32	24	11	35	Castlebar.
6	3	9	–	–	–	–	–	–	13	7	20	15	4	19	Cavan.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	2	6	2	–	2	Clonmel.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	3	–	–	–	Cork City.
–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	14	20	3	–	1	1	Cork County.
14	1	15	–	–	–	2	–	2	16	3	19	33	14	47	Downpatrick.
3	3	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	3	6	1	–	1	Drogheda.
4	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	10	4	14	4	1	5	Dundalk.
3	–	3	1	–	1	–	–	–	9	7	16	6	4	10	Ennis.
1	1	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	7	4	11	2	1	3	Enniskillen.
11	6	17	–	–	–	2	–	2	25	11	36	11	5	16	Galway County.
1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	1	5	2	–	2	Galway Town.
–	27	27	–	–	–	–	5	5	–	62	62	–	44	44	Grangegorman.
2	1	3	–	–	–	–	1	1	7	6	13	–	–	–	Kilkenny.
5	2	7	–	1	1	–	–	–	15	9	24	12	9	21	Kilmainham.
26	8	34	–	–	–	2	–	2	34	10	44	29	10	39	Lifford.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Limerick City.
2	–	2	1	–	1	–	–	–	15	6	21	9	–	9	Limerick County.
7	3	10	1	–	1	–	–	–	9	3	12	19	–	19	Londonderry.
3	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	7	2	9	1	–	1	Longford.
1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	8	1	9	2	–	2	Maryborough.
9	4	13	–	–	–	3	2	5	18	11	29	7	10	17	Monaghan.
3	–	3	–	–	–	1	–	1	9	3	12	–	–	–	Mullingar.
2	2	4	–	–	–	1	–	1	7	6	13	15	6	21	Naas.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	13	8	21	1	–	1	Nenagh.
1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	2	4	–	–	–	Omagh.
40	–	40	–	–	–	4	–	4	62	–	62	53	–	53	Richmond Bridewell.
2	5	7	1	1	2	1	1	2	5	7	12	16	10	26	Roscommon.
–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	2	3	–	–	–	Sligo.
1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	7	1	8	1	1	2	Tralee.
3	2	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	7	4	11	3	3	6	Trim.
2	1	3	–	–	–	1	–	1	11	3	14	–	–	–	Tullamore.
–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	8	10	18	–	–	–	Waterford.
6	2	8	2	–	2	4	–	4	13	3	16	51	8	59	Wexford.
1	1	2	–	–	–	1	–	1	5	6	11	9	2	11	Wicklow.
197	93	290	6	2	8	25	10	35	438	262	700	343	150	493	Total.

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No. 2.—Return of the Number of Lunatics of all classes who were detained in Gaols in the course of the Year 1865.

Classification of Lunatics.	Remaining in Custody from previous year			Committed during year.			Total Number in Custody.			Removed to Asylum by Warrant of Lord Lieutenant.			Discharged, by order of Lord Lieutenant.			Discharged by Committing Magistrates.			Otherwise removed from Gaol.			Died.			Total Removed, Discharged, and Died.			Remaining in Gaols on 31st Dec.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Persons acquitted of offences on the ground of insanity, .	4	1	5	0	2	11	13	9	16	3	2	5	2	1	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	3	8	8	–	8
Persons found insane on arraignment, and incapable of pleading, ...	4	1	5	3	4	7	7	5	12	4	3	7	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	5	4	9	2	1	3
Persons under sentence of imprisonment or transportation, who became insane in gaol,	–	–	–	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	–	–
Persons committed in default of surety to keep the peace, who were insane on, or who became insane subsequent to committal, ...	1	1	2	10	4	14	11	5	16	8	4	12	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	3	–	–	–	10	5	15	1	–	1
Persons committed under the Vagrancy Act, who were insane on, or who became insane subsequent to committal, .	–	–	–	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	1	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	1	2	3	–	–	–
Persons committed as dangerous lunatics, ...	290	130	420	491	278	764	781	412	1,193	210	157	367	–	–	–	107	93	200	6	2	8	25	10	35	438	262	700	343	150	493
Total, . . .	299	142	441	515	286	801	814	428	1,242	227	168	395	2	1	3	107	93	200	8	4	12	26	11	37	460	277	737	354	151	505

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APPENDIX D.

Private Licensed Houses.

Return of Admissions, Discharges, Deaths, and Escapes during the Year ending 31st December, 1865.

Asylums.	Number remaining in Asylums on 31st Dec., 1864.			Admitted during the Year ending 31st December, 1865.			Total under treatment during the Year			Discharged. Recovered.			Discharged. Improved.			Discharged. Unimproved or Incurable.			Escaped			Died.			Total of Discharges, Deaths, and Escapes.			Remaining in Asylum on 31st December, 1865.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Armagh Retreat, Co. Armagh,	16	11	29	16	4	20	34	15	49	8	1	9	1	–	1	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	9	2	11	25	13	38
Bellevue, Co. Dublin,	17	8	25	1	–	1	18	9	27	1	1	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	2	1	3	16	8	24
Bloomfield Retreat, do.,	13	24	37	6	5	11	19	29	48	1	2	3	–	2	2	–	1	1	–	–	–	3	2	5	4	7	11	15	22	37
Bushy Park, Co. Limerick,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Citadella, Co. Cork,	17	6	23	–	2	2	17	8	25	1	1	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	1	2	3	16	6	22
Cookstown, Co. Kilkenny,	4	5	9	2	2	4	6	7	13	–	2	2	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	3	3	4	10
Course Lodge, Co. Armagh,	–	9	9	–	6	6	–	15	15	–	3	3	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	3	3	–	10	10
Esker House, Co. Dublin,	–	4	4	–	2	2	–	6	6	–	2	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	2	–	4	4
Farnham House, do.,	23	12	35	11	7	18	34	19	53	4	–	4	2	4	6	5	–	5	–	–	–	1	–	1	15	4	19	19	15	34
Hampstead House, do.,	25	1	26	11	–	11	36	1	37	1	–	1	5	–	5	1	–	1	–	–	–	2	–	2	9	–	9	27	1	28
Highfield, do.,	–	15	15	–	4	4	–	19	19	–	5	5	–	–	–	–	2	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	7	7	–	12	12
Hurtfield House, do.,	38	–	38	10	–	10	54	–	54	6	–	6	4	–	4	1	–	1	1	–	1	4	–	4	16	–	16	38	–	38
Lindville Co. Cork,	17	13	30	8	9	17	25	22	47	2	2	4	–	2	2	2	1	3	–	–	–	–	1	1	4	6	10	21	13	37
Little House, Co. Dublin,	–	7	7	–	1	1	–	8	8	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	7	7
Lucan Spa, do.,	12	14	26	4	7	11	16	21	37	–	2	2	–	–	–	1	2	3	–	–	–	1	–	1	2	4	6	14	17	31
Midland Retreat, Queen's Co.,	8	4	12	2	5	7	10	9	19	1	2	3	1	2	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	4	6	8	5	13
Orchardstown House, Co. Dublin	4	4	8	3	2	5	7	6	13	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	1	1	–	–	–	2	–	2	3	2	5	4	4	8
St. Patrick's, Dublin City,	75	70	145	12	6	20	87	76	163	3	3	6	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	5	3	7	6	3	14	75	73	151
St. Vincent's, Dublin,	–	53	53	–	21	21	–	74	74	–	12	12	–	3	3	–	2	2	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	20	20	–	54	54
Verville, do.,	–	19	19	–	10	10	–	29	29	–	3	3	–	2	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	6	6	–	23	23
Woodville, Co. Wexford,	1	1	2	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	2
Total,	272	261	553	92	95	187	364	376	740	26	42	70	14	20	34	11	10	21	1	–	1	22	9	31	76	61	137	288	295	583

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APPENDIX E.

Central Criminal Lunatic Asylum, Dundrum.

No. 1.—Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths, &c., during the Year ended 31st December, 1865.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
In Asylum on 31st December, 1864,	83	37	120
Admitted to 31st December, 1865,	7	8	15
Total,	90	45	135
Discharged during the Year:			
Recovered,	1	–	1
Improved,	1	1	2
Unimproved,	1	–	1
Total Discharged,	3	1	4
Deaths from Natural Causes,	8	3	8
Total Discharges and Deaths during the Year,	8	4	10
Remaining in Asylum on 31st December, 1865,	84	41	125

No. 2.—Form of Disease in those remaining in Asylum on 31st December, 1865.

Form of Disease.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Mania,	40	20	60
Melancholia,	17	4	21
Moral Insanity,	1	4	5
Imbecility,	9	7	16
Epileptic,	2	1	3
Dementia,	1	1	2
Idiotic,	1	1	2
Total,	71	38	109

No. 3.—Classification of Patients in Asylum on 31st December, 1865.

Classification.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Convalescent, or Sane,	13	3	18
Quiet and Orderly, but Insane,	10	10	20
Moderately tranquil,	49	15	64
Noisy and Refractory,	12	13	25
Total,	84	41	125
Imbecile and Epileptic,	13	11	24
Suicidal,	2	5	7

No. 4.—Outlay and Produce on Farm and Garden for the Year ended 31st December, 1865.

—	Amount.	—	Amount.
	£ s. d.		A. R. P.
Outlay,	273 13 8½	Quantity of Land under—	
		Spade Cultivation,	5 1 37
		Plough "	6 0 21
Produce,	352 10 4	Grass "	11 1 37
		Buildings, Airing Courts, &c.,	8 0 6
Net Profit,	78 16 7½	Total,	29 0 21

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No. 5.—RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE for the Year ended 31st December, 1865.

RECEIPTS.	Amount.			EXPENDITURE.	Amount.		
	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Balance on hand, 31st Dec., 1864,	1	10	11½	Provisions, including Groceries,	1,594	0	1½
Treasury Advances,	4,813	0	5	Clothing of Patients and Servants,	342	6	8½
Received for Sale of Garden and Farm Produce,	111	8	3	Light (Gas),	60	18	3
Received for Sale of Rags,	0	7	0	Washing (Chandlery),	47	17	8
				Salaries of Officers,	813	19	4½
				Wages of Servants,	418	5	2
				Bedding and Furniture,	5	14	0
				Repairs and Alterations,	36	5	7
				Farm and Garden,	273	13	8½
				Medical Comforts:			
				Medicines,	22	14	4
				Tobacco and Snuff,	30	14	0
				Incidental Expenses,	73	5	10½
				Transmission of Patients,	12	0	10
				Total Outlay,	3,731	15	5½
				Overdrawn from Bank—repaid,	9	18	8
				Balance on hand 31st Dec., 1865,	1,184	12	6
					4,926	4	7½
				Daily average No. of Patients, 128,	—		
Total Receipts,	4,926	4	7½	Average Cost of each Patient per head per annum, on the entire outlay,	29	12	4

No. 6.—DIETARY.

Meals.	Dietary.	Number on each Description of Diet.		
		M.	F.	T.
	ORDINARY.			
BREAKFAST,	1 pint tea or ¾ pint milk, and 8 oz. bread; or ¾ pint milk with 1 quart stirabout.			
DINNER,*	1 quart of soup and 10½ oz. bread; or ½ lb. meat and 2½ lbs. potatoes; or on fast days, 1 quart cocoa and 10½ oz. bread; or ½ lb. ling and 2½ lbs. potatoes.	70	32	102
SUPPER,	1 pint tea, or ¾ pint milk, and 8 oz. bread.			
	EXTRA.			
BREAKFAST,	Tea and eggs, with bread and butter.			
DINNER,	Beef tea, chops or steaks, with bread, vegetables, porter, beer, &c.			
SUPPER,	Tea, bread, and butter, &c.	14	9	23
	HOSPITAL DIET includes porter, spirits, wine, arrow-root, &c., &c., as ordered.			
		84	41	125

* On Mondays and Wednesdays, soup, consisting of 17 lbs. of coarse beef and 3 ox heads. On Saturdays, soup, consisting of 26 lbs. of mutton.

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APPENDIX F.

Office of Lunatic Asylums, Dublin Castle,
19th December, 1865.

SIR,

In consequence of a recent occurrence in a District Lunatic Asylum, which was brought under the cognizance of the Lord Lieutenant, I am directed by the Inspectors to intimate to you, that it is His Excellency's express desire that the following regulation (if it does not already exist) shall be established in all District Lunatic Asylums in Ireland, viz.:—That no male visitor shall be left alone with a female patient, with the exception of father, husband, son, or brother. A similar rule to be made as to relationship with regard to female visitors to male patients.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

W. J. CORNET, Chief Clerk.

The Resident Medical Superintendent,
——— District Lunatic Asylum.

APPENDIX G.

BY THE LORD LIEUTENANT AND COUNCIL OF IRELAND.

WODEHOUSE.

WHEREAS by an order of this Board made the 16th day of January, 1862, certain general rules were made, framed, and established, for the good conduct of the several District Lunatic Asylums in Ireland.

And whereas it is expedient that certain further rules should be added thereunto.

Now we, the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council of Ireland, by virtue of the powers given unto us by the statutes in that case made and provided, do hereby order and direct that the following further rules shall be added to and form a part of the said rules and regulations made, framed, and established, as aforesaid.

RULES.

1. That a system of education be authorized in those asylums where the Governors are disposed to adopt it, but subject to the following regulations:—

2. That the Resident Medical Superintendent alone shall select such patients as may be deemed likely to benefit by tuition, and shall regulate the hours at which such tuition may be given.

3. The elementary books to be used shall be those of the National Board of Education.

4. No religious instruction shall be given in the schools.

5. The Board of Governors may employ a male teacher and a female teacher in each asylum. The salary of the former not to exceed forty pounds a-year, and of the latter thirty pounds.

6. When a larger salary is proposed to be paid, or when, from the size of the asylum, more than one teacher of either sex is required, the Board shall apply to the Lord Lieutenant for an authority to appoint such salary or teacher.

Given at the Council Chamber in Dublin, the 11th day of February, 1865.

MAZIERE BRADY, *C.*
F. BLACKBURNE.
FREN. SHAW.
T. B. CUSACK SMITH.
J. D. FITZGERALD.
R. DEASY.
JAMES A. LAWSON.

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